

# 2020 Annual Report City of Fort Collins Mosquito Control Program



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### City of Fort Collins Mosquito Management Operations

## Annual Report For 2020

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### **Program Objectives**

Vector Disease Control International, LLC (VDCI) completed its 17<sup>th</sup> year of cost-effective Integrated Mosquito Management (IMM) for the City of Fort Collins in 2020. The primary objective of Fort Collins' IMM Program is to monitor and reduce mosquito populations through the use of specific, environmentally sound, control techniques in order to protect its residents from the threat of mosquito-borne diseases. VDCI prioritizes the detection and elimination of larval mosquitoes in aquatic habitats, in conjunction with the monitoring of adult mosquito populations through routine surveillance, in order to assess West Nile virus vector species abundance in the area.

Open communication is maintained by VDCI between the HOA Residents, Property Management Companies, the Weld and Larimer County Departments of Health & Environment and surrounding municipalities to ensure that the highest level of mosquito control and epizootic response is achieved. This diligent and cooperative communication is important to the Fort Collins mosquito management program and provides significant benefit to public health throughout the entire area.

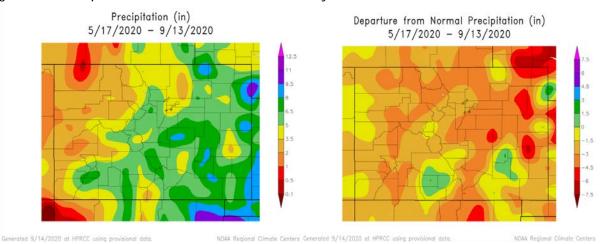
### VDCI's Commitment

Vector Disease Control International is a company built on the foundations of public health, ethics, professionalism, and technical expertise. VDCI is committed to providing our customers with scientifically based, environmentally sensitive and technologically advanced Integrated Mosquito Management (IMM) programs of the highest quality. All of our employees are committed to excellence in vector control and public health and strive to improve the quality of human life in communities through public education and the control of mosquitoes and the diseases they can transmit. VDCI currently has programs across the state of Colorado, providing services for towns, cities, counties, homeowners associations, and encephalitis surveillance monitoring programs for county health departments.

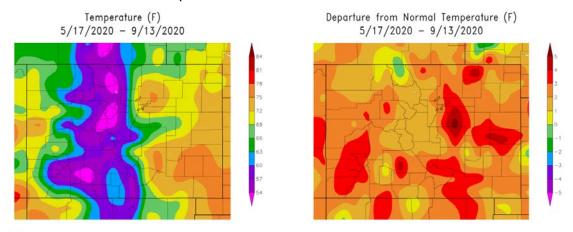
Vector Disease Control International, as the contractor for Fort Collins, will continue to use proven scientific Integrated Mosquito Management techniques to survey and control local mosquito populations using biorational larval controls and limited low-toxicity insecticide applications. All of the methods and materials used have been reviewed and registered by the US Environmental Protection Agency, the Centers for Disease Control, the Colorado Department of Agriculture and the American Mosquito Control Association.

### 2020 Season Perspective

At VDCI we have come to expect each Colorado summer to present a unique set of temperature, precipitation, irrigation, and human interactions that combine to create new and different challenges in both mosquito control and mosquito-borne disease proliferation. Precipitation in Northern Colorado was below average with some areas seeing -3 to -4.5 inches less than usual. Due to the dry season, and less aquatic habitats for mosquitoes to lay their eqgs, adult mosquito abundance remained relatively low in 2020.



Temperatures throughout Northern Colorado seem to increase every summer and 2020 was no different. The 2020 season was hot and dry, with Larimer and Weld counties each tallying over 60 days of 90+ degree highs. However, as September approached, the nightly lows began to dip into the 50s and even 40s, which greatly reduces both the mosquito life cycle and adult mosquito activity. On September 8<sup>th</sup> the first snow of the season came much earlier than usual in Northern Colorado. Along with the snow, sub-freezing temperatures do kill off adult mosquito populations. However, some overwintering species, such as those in the genera Culex can and do move indoors in anticipation for the winter.



Generated 9/14/2020 at HPRCC using provisional data.

NOAA Regional Climate Centers Generated 9/14/2020 at HPRCC using provisional data.

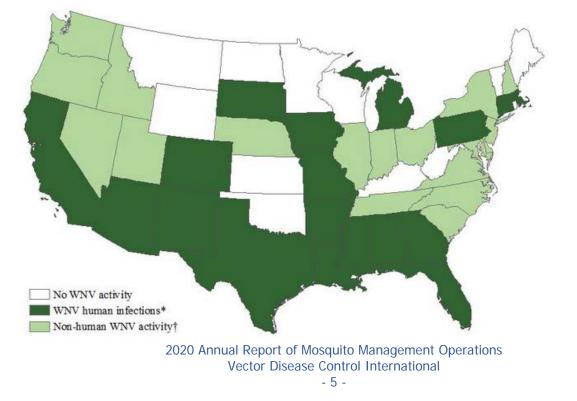
NDAA Regional Climate Centers

### West Nile Virus Season

Since the introduction of West Nile virus to the United States in 1999, the virus has made a complete westward expansion to the West Coast. Starting in the Northeastern parts of the United States, the virus steadily spread through the South, the Midwest, the Rocky Mountain region, and to the Western States. This extensive distribution is due to the ability of WNv to establish and persist in the wide variety of ecosystems present across the country. WNv has been detected in 65 different mosquito species in the U.S., though it appears that only a few Culex species drive epizootic and epidemic transmission (WNv Guidelines, CDC 2013). Although West Nile virus has been endemic to the United States since 1999, researchers continue to seek an understanding for some of the factors which contribute to region specific spikes in vector abundance and human risk. We still do not understand why some humans develop West Nile fever while other infections develop into more serious West Nile encephalitis or West Nile meningitis cases. Additionally, physicians and researchers continue to seek answers to the variable recovery times and occurrence of deaths that result with some infections. WNv has expanded to the point that it can now be found in all 48 contiguous states and since its introduction has produced two additional, large nationwide epidemics in 2003 and 2012 (WNv Guidelines, CDC 2013).

As of September 9<sup>th</sup>, 2020, a total of 36 states and the District of Columbia have reported West Nile virus infections in people, birds, or mosquitoes. Overall, 81 cases of West Nile virus disease in people have been reported to CDC. Of these, 62 (77%) were classified as neuroinvasive disease (such as meningitis or encephalitis) and 19 (23%) were classified as non-neuroinvasive disease.

# West Nile Virus Activity by State – United States, 2020 (as of September 9, 2020)



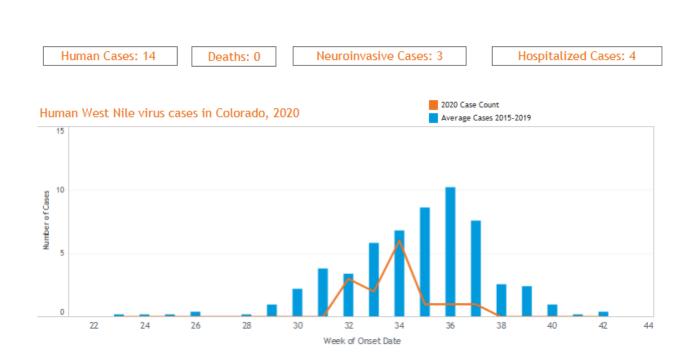
# West Nile Virus Neuroinvasive Disease Incidence by State – United States, 2020 (as of September 9, 2020)

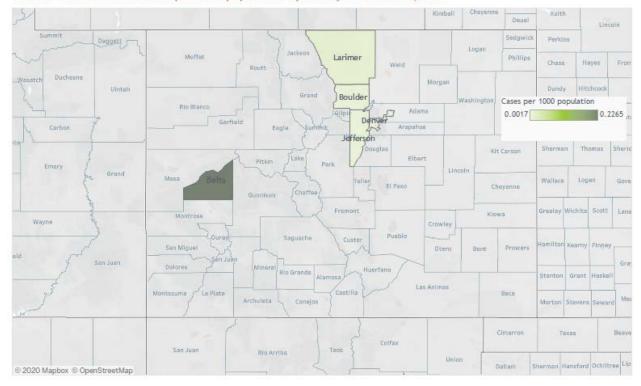


### Colorado 2020

As of September 15<sup>th</sup>, 2020 The Colorado Department of Health and Environment reports a total of 14 human cases of West Nile virus infection from the state of Colorado. In Northern Colorado, 3 human cases are reported from Larimer County, and 1 from Boulder County. While we have passed the historical peak of WNv risk these numbers are expected to rise as there is often a delay in onset of symptoms, diagnosis and reporting. Please note that the additional cases reported by CDPHE will also be reported to the Centers for Disease Control.

Five Counties across the state of Colorado have reported human West Nile virus infection. These include Boulder, Delta, Denver, Jefferson, and Larimer.





Human West Nile virus cases per 1000 population by county of residence, 2020

Please note that this map represents case count by population and not raw cases per county.

### Larval Mosquito Control

Larval mosquito control is the foundation of the City of Fort Collins' Mosquito Control program and can be an extremely effective way to manage mosquitoes, thereby reducing the number of potential disease vectors and annoyances associated with biting adults. Years of research and practical experience have shown that the most effective way to control mosquito populations is through an aggressive Integrated Mosquito Management (IMM) approach. This approach aims at using a variety of concepts, tools, and products to reduce a pest population to a tolerable level.

Pre-season larval control work involved ground truthing GIS maps and remapping areas where new development or flooding had altered the landscape. VDCI began larval site inspections in many areas mid-April. Hiring of seasonal field technicians began in March and continued into May. VDCI's Annual Field Technician Classroom Training Day took place on May 18<sup>th</sup> with special online courses this year due to Covid-19. Field training by VDCI management and veteran employees lasted through May and full-time field activities were in force by mid-June.

In 2020, Vector Disease Control field technicians performed 6,363 larval site inspections, of which 4,473 (70.3%) were wet upon inspection, 1,976 (44.2% of wet sites) were producing mosquito larvae. To prevent these larvae from emerging as adult mosquitoes, VDCI applied 7,499.5 lbs. of VectoBac (Bti) and 9.19 gal of BVA 2 mineral oil to 1,171.2 acres of land.

During 2020, VDCI technicians performed treatments at approximately 2,390 storm drains as part of the City of Fort Collins' Urban larviciding program to control larval mosquito populations in storm drains and catch basins. Drains that were we or had the potential to hold water were treated with long term larvicide products including Altosid pellets, briquettes, and VectoLex WSP (Bsph).



Larval mosquito control can be achieved in several ways including biological, biochemical, chemical, and mechanical means. No single larvicide product will work effectively in every habitat where mosquito larvae are found, so a variety of products and methods should be employed. Additionally, although there are a variety of methods for reducing larval populations, some may have negative consequences that outweigh their benefits. Mechanical or physical habitat modification is a technique which VDCI uses on relatively small scale projects, as the area to be modified must be carefully reviewed.

VDCI's favored method of larval mosquito control is through the use of bacterial bio-rational products. The main product used by VDCI is a variety of bacteria (*Bacillus thuringiensis var. israeliensis*). *Bti*, as it is known, has become the cornerstone of mosquito control programs throughout the world. The benefits include its efficacy and lack of environmental impacts.

When used in accordance with its label, successful control of mosquito larvae can be achieved without impact to non-target species such as other aquatic invertebrates, birds, mammals, fish, amphibians, reptiles, or humans. A broad label allows for the use of the product in the majority of the habitats throughout the service area. Another bacterial product closely related to *Bti* is *Bacillus sphaericus (Bs)*. *BS* provides similar benefits to *Bti* while also providing residual control of certain species of mosquitoes. It is used specifically in difficult to treat areas where *Culex* are the predominant species due to its limitations and high cost.

Other larval control products include the insect growth regulator methoprene (Altosid), and light mineral oils (BVA 2 larvicide oil). Methoprene is a synthetic version of a juvenile growth hormone in larval mosquitoes. The hormone prevents the normal development of larval mosquitoes into pupae and adults, eventually causing death. VDCI limits the use of chemical larvicides to areas with little biodiversity, such as road side ditches, or areas that chronically produce high mosquito populations. They are only used after a thorough assessment has been made of any habitat where their use is being considered. Mineral oil is the only product effective in controlling mosquito pupae and therefore is an essential tool when pupae are present.

### VDCI Surveillance Laboratory

Information about mosquito abundance and species diversity is essential to integrated program. Vector Disease Control International utilizes two kinds of traps to monitor mosquito



populations. The most commonly used is the CDC light trap which uses carbon-dioxide from dry ice as bait to attract female mosquitoes seeking a blood meal from a breathing animal. Once attracted by the  $CO_2$ , the mosquitoes are lured by a small light to a fan that pulls them into a net for collection. The second type of trap VDCI uses is called a gravid trap. Gravid traps use a tub of highly-organic water as bait to attract female mosquitoes that are looking for a place to lay their eggs. A fan placed close to the water surface forces mosquitoes that come to the water into a collection net. Once back in the laboratory, the contents of the trap nets are counted and speciated by trained technicians.

In 2020, Vector Disease Control International monitored a statewide network of hundreds of weekly trap sites, collecting adult mosquitoes that were counted and identified to species by the VDCI Surveillance Laboratories. While individual traps provide only limited information, trap data is interpreted in the context of historical records for the same trap site, going back in time more than a decade. Individual traps are also compared to other traps from around the region that were set on the same night and therefore exposed to similar weather 2020 Annual Report of Mosquito Management Operations

conditions. Technicians working in the Surveillance Laboratories at Vector Disease Control International are trained to provide accurate species-level identification of both larval and adult mosquitoes.

Additionally, the VDCI Surveillance Laboratory conducts an intensive larval identification program with larval mosquito samples collected by I&L technicians prior to larviciding being identified to species. This information is now invaluable in targeting mosquito control efforts as we gain a greater understanding of the habitat types preferred by Colorado mosquito species and the seasonality of these habitats as sites for mosquito development.

Specimens and data collected from these traps and larval identification are used in:

- Determining the effect of larval control efforts. Each mosquito species prefers specific kinds of habitats for larval development. If a trap includes large numbers, it could indicate the presence of an unknown larval habitat and, based on the species identification and known habitat preference for that species, direct field technicians as to possible sources of the mosquitoes collected.
- Determining larval and adult mosquito species. This helps to illustrate the threat of mosquito-borne disease amplification and transmission because different mosquito species can vector different diseases to people and animals.
- Determining where adult control efforts were necessary. While mosquito eradication is impossible, significant population reduction is achievable. In places where larval control is insufficient, such as neighborhoods where adult mosquitoes have migrated in from outside of the control area, it may be necessary to use adulticide methods, such as ULV truck fogging or barrier sprays of harborage areas. Trap counts that exceed an acceptable threshold for an area may trigger adult control measures.
- Surveillance for Mosquito-borne Disease. Historically, VDCI efforts were targeted primarily at controlling mosquito nuisance problems with limited disease surveillance. However, since the arrival of the West Nile virus in Colorado in August of 2002, the paradigm has shifted toward disease prevention and control. Accurate species identification of the mosquitoes in the traps is important when monitoring species population trends. It also is necessary for evaluating whether a population spike represents an actual increase in disease transmission potential or only an increased nuisance level.

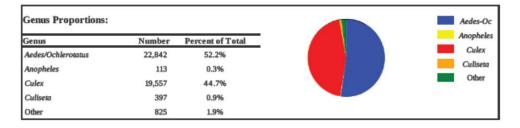
#### SURVEILLANCE LIGHT TRAP DATA

In 2020, there were 760 CDC light surveillance traps set within Fort Collins, which collected a total of 43,734 mosquitoes. This year there was an average of 57.5 mosquitoes caught per trap per night and an average 25.7 *Culex* mosquitoes per trap per night. The composition of mosquitoes collected was 44.7% (19,557) *Culex spp.*, 52.2% (22,842) *Aedes/Ochlerotatus spp.*, 0.3% (113) *Anopheles spp.*, and 0.9% (397) *Culiseta spp.* 

### 2020 Fort Collins Trap Composite Data

Average Gulex spp.per Trap

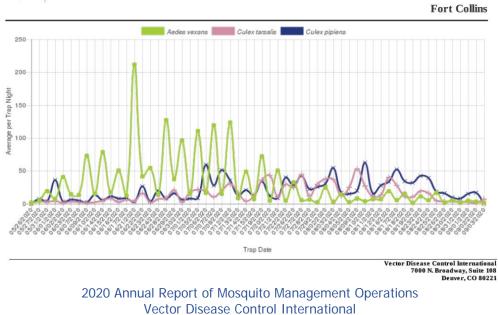
fotal number of trap/nights set:		760		
fotal number of mosquitoes collected:		43,734.0		
werage mosquitoes per trap/night:		57.5		ige Mosquitoe
werage Culex per trap/night:		25.7	5,000	
pecies collected and abundance:			4,000	~
Aedes cinereus	153.0	0.3%	3,000	
Aedes dorsalis	942.0	2.2%	2,000	
Aedes fitchil	1.0	0.0%	1,000	
Aedes hendersoni	1.0	0.0%	14189 22 25	20 20 35020
edes increpitus	3,571.0	8.2%	type	22, 32, 1
edes melanimon	545.0	1.2%		
Aedes nigromaculis	7.0	0.0%		
edes spp.	125.0	0.3%		
edes trivittatus	30.0	0.1%		
Aedes vexans	17,467.0	39.9%		
Anopheles freeborni	113.0	0.3%		
Coquillettidia perturbans	825.0	1.9%		
ulex pipiens	10,901.0	24.9%		
Culex tarsalis	8,656.0	19.8%		
Culiseta incidens	5.0	0.0%		
Culiseta inornata	392.0	0.9%		





#### Adult Mosquito Surveillance Summary

Start Date: 05/01/2020 End Date: 09/09/2020



#### CSU WEST NILE VIRUS MOSQUITO SAMPLE TESTING RESULTS - LARIMER COUNTY

Many local health departments have moved towards mosquito-based surveillance indicators to assess the weekly risk of West Nile transmission and guide response decisions for adult mosquito control applications. The vector index and infection rate is derived by testing the mosquitoes VDCI collects for the presence of West Nile virus. This value is closely monitored by the CDPHE and local health departments to evaluate the risk posed by the vector mosquito population.

As defined in the CDC guidelines for West Nile virus surveillance, prevention and control, the vector index (VI) is an estimate of the number of West Nile virus infected mosquitoes in an area. This number can serve as a human health risk value. An operational value of 0.5, which was derived from the comparison of historical data for human infections, as well as relative abundance and infection in mosquitoes, serves as an indicator of high risk for West Nile virus transmission to humans in the corresponding area. As the value of the vector index increases there is a corresponding risk of human disease and this value can be used to offset epidemics.

As stated on the CDPHE website, the seasonal variation of West Nile virus risk can change throughout a summer and it is best to assume you have some risk for WNV if you have mosquitoes.

As of Sept 14<sup>th</sup>, 2020 Colorado State University's Department of Microbiology, Immunology and Pathology, has tested a total of 1,219 mosquito pools from Larimer County. A total of 37 mosquito pool samples have tested positive for WNv with 1 of those being collected from Berthoud, 3 from Loveland and 33 from the Fort Collins. One additional positive was collected in Berthoud, however the sample was collected in Weld county rather than Larimer. Testing of these mosquitoes for West Nile virus is paid for by the City of Fort Collins, Berthoud, and Loveland. It's important to note that the large number of WNv positive sample pools reported from Fort Collins is highly correlated with the fact they test all mosquitoes with the potential for transmitting disease versus just a subset of the population.

### ADULT MOSQUITO CONTROL

The goal of Vector Disease Control International is to provide our customers with the best options for safe, effective, modern mosquito management. The primary emphasis of the Fort Collins Mosquito Management Program is to control mosquitoes in the larval stage, using safe biological control products. VDCI uses EPA and CDC approved adulticides to reduce mosquito populations. There were no adult mosquito control operations performed by the City of Fort Collins during 2020.

VDCI has been privately contracted to perform adult mosquito control for Greenstone HOA, Lindenwood HOA, Ridgewood Hills HOA, and Willow Springs HOA, during the 2020 season. A total of 76.1 road miles within these neighborhoods were sprayed via ground based vehicles with Ultra Low Volume (ULV) AquaKontrol mosquito adulticides to reduce adult mosquito populations on the dates listed below.

#### Please see Appendix 3 for Ground Adulticide Application Data

VDCI uses state of the art technology, calibrated application timing, and least-toxic products to minimize non-target impacts. All adult mosquito control is accomplished using Ultra Low Volume (ULV) fogging equipment and performed after dusk when the majority of mosquito species are most active. This type of equipment produces droplets averaging 12 microns in diameter and allows for a minimal amount of product to be put into the environment. These treatments take place in the evening when mosquitoes are flying in greater numbers and non-target insect activity (for example, day-flying pollinators like bees) is greatly reduced. Using this application technique, the overall goal of minimal environmental impact and effective adult control is achieved in the targeted area.

### Public Relations and Education

VDCI is dedicated to providing strong Public Outreach and Education Programs to residents in all of our communities. Citizen complaints, inquiry, information and satisfaction surveys can aid in evaluating the effectiveness of a program. VDCI constantly looks for ways to better serve the communities we work with and encourages both the citizen and local media involvement in order to increase the effectiveness of our programs. We have clearly demonstrated that commitment and belief by proactively serving Fort Collins (and all of our contracted communities) with numerous innovative programs, activities and services.

Customer service is always a high priority for VDCI. We take pride in training each and every technician so that they have the knowledge to provide residents with the correct answers to their questions. Each field technician spends part of their day responding to resident concerns in their work area. This in-field customer service personalizes the mosquito control program, provides VDCI with local information on mosquito activity and presents a valuable opportunity to educate our residents about mosquito biology and control.

#### MosquitoLine™

VDCI maintains a toll-free telephone line (877-276-4306) and local line to the Northern Colorado Office (970-278-9977) at no cost to the customer. This service can be utilized to accept calls from the public concerning:

- \* Information about mosquito biology and source reduction of mosquito habitats
- information on program components, operations and monitoring
- ✗ Seasonal West Nile virus activity
- \* Personal protection options for mosquito annoyances and West Nile virus risk

- \* Reports about mosquitoes and possible larval mosquito habitats
- Requests to perform larvicide applications and/or opt-out of any adulticide spraying via a shut-off list
- \* Request notification when adulticide spraying is planned in their neighborhood
- Request health and safety information about mosquito control operations and pesticide products used

VDCI has provided Mosquito Hotlines to the residents in communities which we are contracted to also reduce workload by municipal personnel. This enables direct communication and response by mosquito control employees to resident's concerns about West Nile virus and larval site activity and treatment. VDCI maintains a log of calls received and will summarize call activity in monthly and annual reports.

VDCI received 21 phone calls or emails from Fort Collins residents in 2020. VDCI received 8 calls from residents reporting new larval mosquito sites in their area. VDCI inspected all of the reported sites and added new areas if found producing mosquito larvae. VDCI received 9 mosquito annoyance calls from residents of the City of Fort Collins. VDCI received 3 calls from residents requesting information about the City of Fort Collins mosquito control program and how decisions are made about adulticiding. VDCI provided the relevant information and directed them to our website for further information about the products used. There was 1 resident requesting to be added to the call notification program and they were directed to the City of Fort Collins websites (www.fcgov.com/westnile).

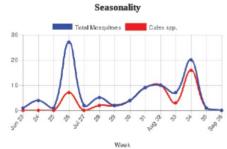
#### CALL NOTIFICATION & SHUTOFF SYSTEM

VDCI continues to maintain a comprehensive Call Notification & Shutoff database and will notify residents on the list when conducting ULV adulticide spray applications within the City of Fort Collins.

**DAILY POSTING OF ULV SPRAY ZONES** are maintained and updated online daily at <a href="http://www.vdci.net/colorado">http://www.vdci.net/colorado</a>

# Appendix 1: Individual Light Trap Summaries FC-001

	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Magic Carpet		
GPS:	40.49087011315602, -105.	0825699046	2542
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		93.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		6.6
Average Cule	ex per trap/night:		3.9
Species co	llected and abundance	::	
•		20.0	21.5%
Aedes dorsal	lis		
Aedes dorsal Aedes melan	lis	20.0	2.2%
Aedes dorsal Aedes melan Aedes spp.	lis imon	20.0 2.0	2.2%
Aedes dorsal Aedes melan Aedes spp.	lis imon s	20.0 2.0 1.0	2.2% 1.1% 10.8%
Aedes dorsal Aedes melan Aedes spp. Aedes vexan:	lis imon s s	20.0 2.0 1.0 10.0	21.5% 2.2% 1.1% 10.8% 26.9% 31.2%

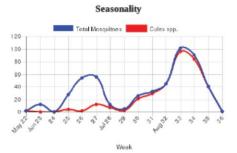


#### Genus Proportions: Aedes-Oc Anopheles Genus Number Percent of Total Culex Aedes/Ochlerotatus 33.0 35.5% Culiseta 0.0 0.0% Anopheles Other Culex 54.0 58.1% Culiseta 6.5% 6.0 Other 0.0 0.0%



Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020			
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap			
Location:	Big Horn			
GPS:	40.53498867239214, -105.0	37518851459	03	
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		15.0	
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		503.0	
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		33.5	
Average Culex per trap/night:			23.1	
Species co	llected and abundance:			
Aedes dorsa	lis	13.0	2.6%	
Aedes increp	vitus	12.0	2.4%	
Aedes melan	imon	3.0	0.6%	
Aedes vexan	s	116.0	23.1%	
Anopheles fr	eeborni	1.0	0.2%	
Coquillettidi	a perturbans	5.0	1.0%	
Culex pipien	5	133.0	26.4%	
Culex tarsali	-	213.0	42.3%	

Culiseta inornata



#### Genus Proportions: Aedes-Oc Anopheles Percent of Total Genus Number Culex Aedes/Ochlerotatus 144.0 28.6% Culiseta Anopheles 1.0 0.2% Other Culex 346.0 68.8% Culiseta 7.0 1.4% Other 5.0 1.0%

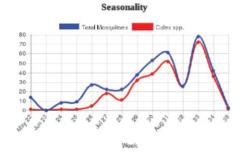
1.4%

7.0

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Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	N. Linden		
GPS:	40.592327859908366, -105.	06629493087	529
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		403.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		28.8
Average Culex per trap/night:		21.1	
Species co	llected and abundance:		
Aedes cinere	eus	4.0	1.0%
Aedes dorsa	lis	9.0	2.2%
Aedes increp	vitus	1.0	0.2%
Aedes melan	imon	2.0	0.5%
Aedes vexan	s	79.0	19.6%
Anopheles fr	reeborni	2.0	0.5%
Coquillettidi	a perturbans	2.0	0.5%
Culex pipien	s	154.0	38.2%
Culex tarsali	is	141.0	35.0%



Genus Proportions:			
Genus	Number	Percent of Total	- /
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	95.0	23.6%	- (
Anopheles	2.0	0.5%	
Culex	295.0	73.2%	
Culiseta	9.0	2.2%	
Other	2.0	0.5%	
		FC	2-011

2.2%

9.0



Location:	Golden Current
GPS:	40.56947993409379, -105.13603001832962

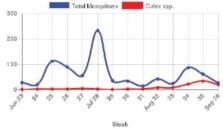
Total number of trap/nights set:	14.0
Total number of mosquitoes collected:	849.0
Average mosquitoes per trap/night:	60.6
Average Culex per trap/night:	7.7
contrage contex per conjenight.	1.1

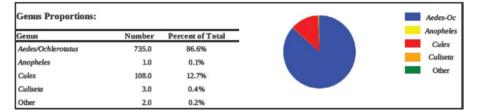
#### Species collected and abundance:

Culiseta inornata

Aedes cinereus	15.0	1.8%
Aedes dorsalis	8.0	0.9%
Aedes increpitus	38.0	4.5%
Aedes melanimon	3.0	0.4%
Aedes spp.	53.0	6.2%
Aedes vexans	618.0	72,8%
Anopheles freeborni	1.0	0.1%
Coquillettidia perturbans	2.0	0.2%
Culex pipiens	80.0	9.4%
Culex tarsalis	28.0	3.3%
Culiseta inornata	3.0	0.4%



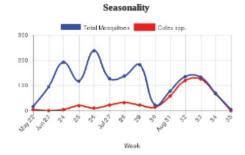




Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020	
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap	
Location:	FC Visitors Center	
GPS:	40.56359015990421, -105.0065	6180083752
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:	14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:	1,549.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:	110.6
Average Cule	ex per trap/night:	36.0

#### Species collected and abundance:

Aedes dorsalis	48.0	3.1%
Aedes increpitus	253.0	16.3%
Aedes melanimon	83.0	5.4%
Aedes spp.	1.0	0.1%
Aedes vexans	631.0	40.7%
Anopheles freeborni	1.0	0.1%
Coquillettidia perturbans	3.0	0.2%
Culex pipiens	161.0	10.4%
Culex tarsalis	343.0	22.1%
Culiseta inornata	25.0	1.6%



Genus Proportions: Aedes-Oc Anopheles Percent of Total Genus Number Culex Aedes/Ochlerotatus 1,016.0 65.6% Culiseta Anopheles 1.0 0.1% Other Culex 504.0 32.5% Culiseta 25.0 1.6% Other 3.0 0.2%

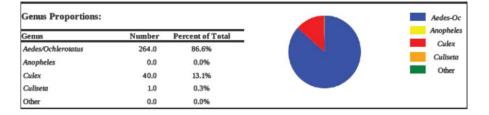


Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Stuart and Dorset		
GPS:	40.5600827919436, -105.	12403752654	791
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		305.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		21.8
Average Cule	x per trap/night:		2.9
Species co	llected and abundance	2:	
Aedes dorsal	lis	4.0	1.3%
Aedes increp	itus	4.0	1.3%
Aedes melan	imon	9.0	3.0%
Aedes vexan:	5	247.0	81.0%
Culex pipien	\$	30.0	9.8%

Culex tarsalis Culiseta inornata 10.0

1.0





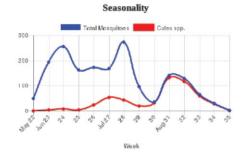
3.3%

0.3%

Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020	
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap	
Location:	Edora Park	
GPS:	40.56558599182539, -105.0520	3027278186
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:	14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:	1,778.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:	127.0
Average Cule	ex per trap/night:	38.0

#### Species collected and abundance:

Aedes dorsalis	17.0	1.0%
Aedes increpitus	587.0	33.0%
Aedes melanimon	5.0	0.3%
Aedes vexans	614.0	34.5%
Anopheles freeborni	2.0	0.1%
Coquillettidia perturbans	7.0	0.4%
Culex pipiens	134.0	7.5%
Culex tarsalis	398.0	22.4%
Culiseta inornata	14.0	0.8%



Genus Proportions:				
Genus	Number	Percent of Total	_ /	
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	1,223.0	68.8%		
Anopheles	2.0	0.1%		
Culex	532.0	29.9%		
Culiseta	14.0	0.8%		
Other	7.0	0.4%		
		F	C-023	

Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Boltz		
GPS:	40.54436640664932, -105.0	6441771984	099
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		15.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		221.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		14.7
Average Cule	x per trap/night:		7.7
Species co	llected and abundance:		
Aedes dorsa	lis	12.0	5.4%
Aedes increp	litus	8.0	3.6%
Aedes melan	imon	3.0	1.4%
Aedes vexan	s	66.0	29.9%
Anopheles fr	eeborni	1.0	0.5%

8.0

49.0

67.0

7.0

3.6%

22.2%

30.3%

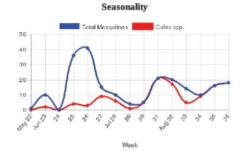
3.2%

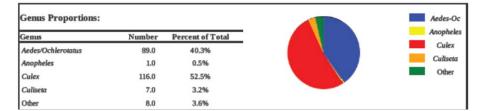
Coquillettidia perturbans

Culex pipiens

Culex tarsalis

Culiseta inornata





Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	3001 San Luis		
GPS:	40.546510068398455, -105	.03359008580	445
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:	1	5.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:	1	,295.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:	8	6.3
Average Cule	ex per trap/night:	5	6.2
Species co	llected and abundance:	:	
Aedes dorsa	lis	14.0	1.1%
Aedes increp	vitus	158.0	12.2%
Aedes melan	imon	14.0	1.1%
Aedes vexan	s	245.0	18.9%
Anopheles fr	reeborni	1.0	0.1%
Coquillettidi	a perturbans	7.0	0.5%

271.0

572.0

13.0

20.9%

44.2%

1.0%

Culex pipiens

Culex tarsalis

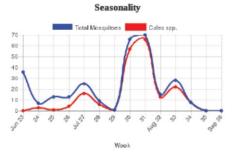
Culiseta inornata

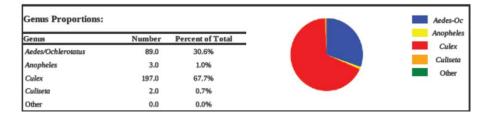


Genus Proportions:			Aedes-O
Genus	Number	Percent of Total	Anophele
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	431.0	33.3%	Culex
Anopheles	1.0	0.1%	Cullseta
Culex	843.0	65.1%	Other
Culiseta	13.0	1.0%	
Other	7.0	0.5%	



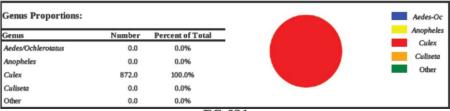
Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Ben's Park		
GPS:	40.51136844640155, -105.	07185079157	7352
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		291.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		20.8
Average Cule	x per trap/night:		14.1
Species co	llected and abundance	:	
Aedes dorsal	lis	14.0	4.8%
Aedes increp	itus	3.0	1.0%
Aedes vexan	5	72.0	24.7%
Anopheles fr	eeborni	3.0	1.0%
Culex pipien	5	38.0	13.1%
Culex tarsali	5	159.0	54.6%
Culiseta inor	mata	2.0	0.7%





#### FC-029gr

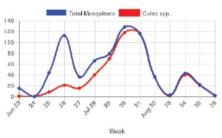
Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020			Seasonality
Trap Type:	Gravid Trap			Seasonancy
Location:	Ben's Park Gravid			Total Mosquitoes Culex spp.
GPS:	40.51136309344342, -10	5.0711550936	1029	400
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0	300
Total number	r of mosquitoes collected:		872.0	200
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		62.3	100
Average Cule	x per trap/night:		62.3	
Species co	llected and abundanc	e:		25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2
Culex pipien:	s	872.0	100.0%	Week

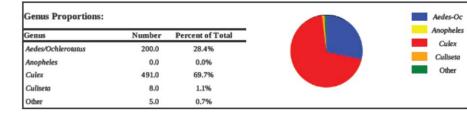




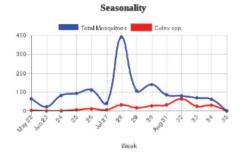
Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Willow Springs		
GPS:	40.50608996726513, -105.0	394 19867098	33
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		704.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		50.3
Average Cule	x per trap/night:		35.1
species co	llected and abundance:		
Aedes dorsal	lis	12.0	1.7%
Aedes dorsal Aedes increp		12.0 3.0	
	itus		0.4%
Aedes increp	itus imon	3.0	0.4% 0.7%
Aedes increp Aedes melan	itus imon s	3.0 5.0	0.4% 0.7% 25.6%
Aedes increp Aedes melan Aedes vexan:	ittus limon s a perturbans	3.0 5.0 180.0	0.4% 0.7% 25.6% 0.7%
Aedes increp Aedes melan Aedes vexan Coquillettidio	itus imon s a perturbans s	3.0 5.0 180.0 5.0	1.7% 0.4% 0.7% 25.6% 0.7% 2.7%







Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020			
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap			
Location:	Country Club			
GPS:	40.62669924225406, -105.	052186846733	31	
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:	1	5.0	
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:	1	,338.0	
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:	8	9.2	
Average Culo	ex per trap/night:	1	16.9	
Aedes dorsa	llected and abundance:	33.0	2.59	
Aedes increp	litus	133.0	9,99	
Aedes melan	imon	40.0	3.09	
Aedes trivitta	itus	2.0	0.19	
Aedes vexan			0.17	
	\$	865.0		
Anopheles fr		865.0 6.0	64.6% 0.4%	
Anopheles fr Coquillettidi	eeborni	00010	64.69 0.49	
Anopheles fr Coquillettidi Culex tarsali	eeborní a perturbans	6.0	64.6%	



Genus Proportions:				Aedes-O
Genus	Number	Percent of Total		Anophele
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	1,073.0	80.2%	Contraction of the second seco	Culex
Anopheles	6.0	0.4%		Culiseta
Culex	253.0	18.9%		Other
Culiseta	5.0	0.4%		
Other	1.0	0.1%		



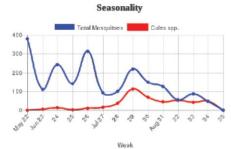
Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Hemlock		
GPS:	40.60076561609448, -105	.0798367336	3923
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		15.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		2,072.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		138.1
Average Culo	ex per trap/night:		30.6
Species co Aedes dorsa	llected and abundance	26.0	1.3%
Aedes increp	vitus	539.0	26.0%
Aedes melan	imon	21.0	1.0%
Aedes spp.		1.0	0.0%
Aedes vexan	s	1,003.0	48.4%
Anopheles fr	eeborni	6.0	0.3%
Culex pipien	s	110.0	5.3%

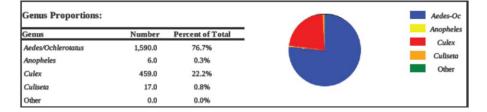
349.0

17.0

Culex tarsalis

Culiseta inornata





16.8%

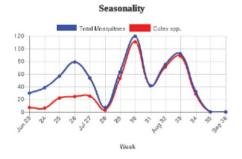
0.8%

Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:	14.0	
GPS:	40.51667989969775, -105.0980	8011353017	
Location:	Chelsea Ridge		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		

Total number of mosquitoes collected:	687.0
Average mosquitoes per trap/night:	49.1
Average Culex per trap/night:	34.2

#### Species collected and abundance:

Aedes dorsalis	1.0	0.1%
Aedes increpitus	49.0	7.1%
Aedes melanimon	1.0	0.1%
Aedes spp.	2.0	0.3%
Aedes trivittatus	1.0	0.1%
Aedes vexans	148.0	21.5%
Anopheles freeborni	3.0	0.4%
Culex pipiens	68.0	9.9%
Culex tarsalis	411.0	59.8%
Culiseta inornata	3.0	0.4%



Genus Proportions:			Aed
Genus	Number	Percent of Total	Anop
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	202.0	29.4%	Cu
Anopheles	3.0	0.4%	Culi
Culex	479.0	69.7%	Ot
Culiseta	3.0	0.4%	
Other	0.0	0.0%	



Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Lochside Lane		
GPS:	40.59907046206435, -105.00655643641949		
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:	15.0	
Total number of mosquitoes collected: 3			
Average mosquitoes per trap/night:			
Average Culex per trap/night: 1			

#### Species collected and abundance:

•		
Aedes dorsalis	16.0	4.6%
Aedes increpitus	6.0	1.7%
Aedes melanimon	8.0	2.3%
Aedes vexans	118.0	33.7%
Culex pipiens	6.0	1.7%
Culex tarsalis	181.0	51.7%
Culiseta inornata	15.0	4.3%



#### Genus Proportions: Aedes-Oc Anopheles Genus Number Percent of Total Culex Aedes/Ochlerotatus 148.0 42.3% Culiseta 0.0% Anopheles 0.0 Other Culex 187.0 53.4% Culiseta 15.0 4.3% Other 0.0 0.0%

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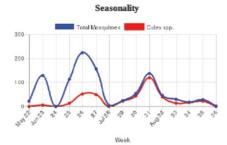
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Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap
Location:	Fossil Creek South
GPS:	40.4808101171896, -105.03934007138014

Total number of trap/nights set:	15.0
Total number of mosquitoes collected:	993.0
Average mosquitoes per trap/night:	66.2
Average Culex per trap/night:	26.9

#### Species collected and abundance:

Aedes dorsalis	313.0	31.5%
Aedes increpitus	11.0	1.1%
Aedes melanimon	32.0	3.2%
Aedes nigromaculis	1.0	0.1%
Aedes spp.	6.0	0.6%
Aedes vexans	147.0	14.8%
Anopheles freeborni	5.0	0.5%
Coquillettidia perturbans	10.0	1.0%
Culex pipiens	11.0	1.1%
Culex tarsalis	392.0	39.5%
Culiseta inornata	65.0	6.5%



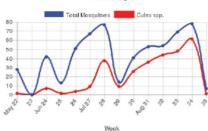
Genus Proportions:			
Genus	Number	Percent of Total	
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	510.0	51.4%	
Anopheles	5.0	0.5%	
Culex	403.0	40.6%	
Culiseta	65.0	6.5%	
Other	10.0	1.0%	



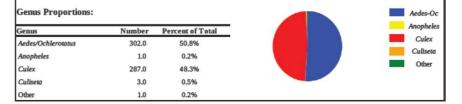
Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020			
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap			
	• •			
Location:	Redwood			80
GPS:	40.60307751389784, -105.0	6707444787	025	70
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		15.0	60 50
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		594.0	40
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		39.6	30
Average Cul	ex per trap/night:		19.1	10
Species co	llected and abundance:			a had
Aedes dorsa	lis	41.0	6.9%	61.
Aedes increp	vitus	15.0	2.5%	
Aedes melan	imon	14.0	2.4%	
Aedes spp.		2.0	0.3%	
Aedes trivitto	ntus	1.0	0.2%	
Aedes vexan	s	229.0	38.6%	
Anopheles fr	eeborni	1.0	0.2%	
Coquillettidi	a perturbans	1.0	0.2%	
Culex pipien	s	66.0	11.1%	
Culex tarsal	is	221.0	37.2%	

3.0

Culiseta inornata



Seasonality



0.5%

### FC-040gr

Season:				Seasonality		
Trap Type:						
Location:	Redwood Gravid			Total Mosquitoes Culex spp.		
GPS:	40.60309558721682, -105.06	65078312	1586			
Total number	r of trap/nights set:		14.0	100		
Total number	r of mosquitoes collected:		618.0			
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		44.1	40		
Average Cule	x per trap/night:		44.1	20		
Species co	llected and abundance:			way not as as as as as as as as		
Aedes vexans		1.0	0.2%	Week		
Culex pipien:	s 6	17.0	99.8%			

Genus Proportions:		
Genus	Number	Percent of Total
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	1.0	0.2%
Anopheles	0.0	0.0%
Culex	617.0	99.8%
Culiseta	0.0	0.0%
Other	0.0	0.0%



Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Fishback		
GPS:	40.58794002990494, -105.	1048600673	6755
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		559.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		39.9
Average Cul	ex per trap/night:		19.3
Species co	llected and abundance:		
Aedes increp	oltus	9.0	1.6%
Aedes melan	imon	6.0	1.1%
Aedes spp.		5.0	0.9%
Aedes trivitte	atus	2.0	0.4%

264.0

101.0

169.0

3.0

Aedes vexans

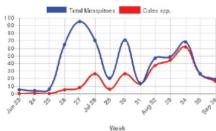
Culex pipiens

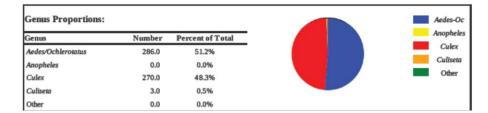
Culex tarsalis

Culiseta inornata



Aedes-Oc Anopheles Culex Culiseta Other





47.2%

18.1%

30.2%

0.5%

Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Westshore Ct		
GPS:	40.52954284354251, -105	.0651342049	9241
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		15.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		400.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		26.7
Average Cule	x per trap/night:		21.5
Species co	llected and abundance	::	
Aedes dorsa	lis	2.0	0.5%

2.0

73.0

149.0

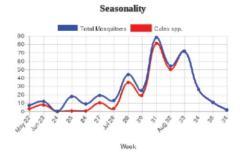
174.0

Aedes increpitus

Aedes vexans

Culex pipiens

Culex tarsalis



#### **Genus Proportions:** Aedes-Oc Anopheles Genus Number Percent of Total Culex Aedes/Ochlerotatus 77.0 19.3% Cullseta Anopheles 0.0 0.0% Other Culex 323.0 80.8% Culiseta 0.0 0.0% Other 0.0% 0.0

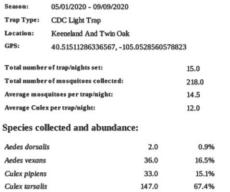
0.5%

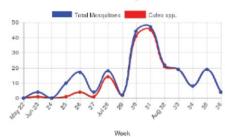
18.3%

37.3%

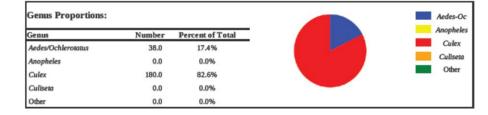
43.5%







Seasonality



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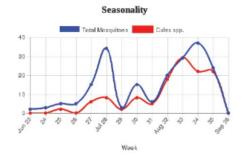
Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Casa Grande and Downing		
GPS:	40.573239949533054, -10	5.139490067	795883
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		198.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		14.1
Average Culo	ex per trap/night:		8.7
Species co	llected and abundance	::	
Aedes dorsa	lis	3.0	1.5%
Aedes increp	vitus	3.0	1.5%
Aedes melan	imon	1.0	0.5%
Aedes vexan	s	68.0	34.3%
Culex pipien	s	69.0	34.8%

53.0

1.0

Culex tarsalis

Culiseta inornata



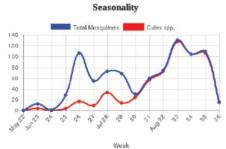
enus Proportions:		
Genus	Number	Percent of Total
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	75.0	37.9%
Anopheles	0.0	0.0%
Culex	122.0	61.6%
Culiseta	1.0	0.5%
Other	0.0	0.0%

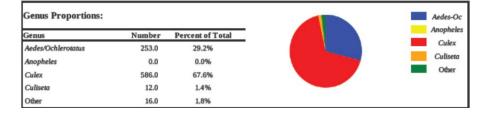
26.8%

0.5%









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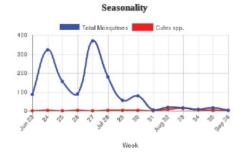
- 26 -

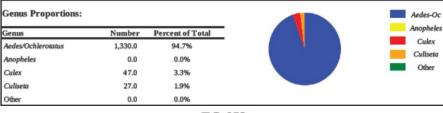
Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap
Location:	603 Gilgalad Way
GPS:	40.5616299281039, -105.08703008294106

Total number of trap/nights set:	14.0
Total number of mosquitoes collected:	1,404.0
Average mosquitoes per trap/night:	100.3
Average Culex per trap/night:	3.4

#### Species collected and abundance:

121.0	0.004
121.0	8.6%
1.0	0.1%
1.0	0.1%
13.0	0.9%
14.0	1.0%
30.0	2.1%
1,150.0	81.9%
16.0	1.1%
31.0	2.2%
5.0	0.4%
22.0	1.6%
	1.0 13.0 14.0 30.0 1,150.0 16.0 31.0 5.0

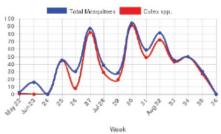


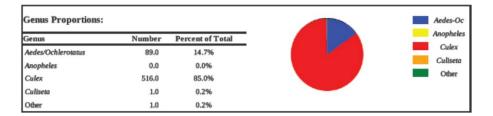


FC-053

Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Egret and Rookery		
GPS:	40.4994200898768, -105.0	11829994618	88
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		15.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		607.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		40.5
Average Cule	x per trap/night:		34.4
0			
Species co	llected and abundance:		
Aedes dorsal		9.0	1.5%
	is		
Aedes dorsal	is itus	9.0	0.5%
Aedes dorsal Aedes increp	is itus imon	9.0 3.0	1.5% 0.5% 0.5% 12.2%
Aedes dorsal Aedes increp Aedes melani	lis itus imon s	9,0 3.0 3.0	0.5%
Aedes dorsal Aedes increp Aedes melani Aedes vexans	lis itus imon s a perturbans	9.0 3.0 3.0 74.0	0.5% 0.5% 12.2%
Aedes dorsal Aedes increp Aedes melani Aedes vexans Coquillettidio	lis itus imon s s perturbans s	9.0 3.0 3.0 74.0 1.0	0.5% 0.5% 12.2% 0.2%







Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020	
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap	
Location:	737 Parliament	
GPS:	40.49997995372379, -105.06319	999694824
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:	14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:	429.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:	30.6
Average Culo	ex per trap/night:	19.9

#### Species collected and abundance:

Aedes dorsalis	14.0	3.3%
Aedes increpitus	2.0	0.5%
Aedes melanimon	2.0	0.5%
Aedes spp.	1.0	0.2%
Aedes vexans	116.0	27.0%
Anopheles freeborni	5.0	1.2%
Culex pipiens	40.0	9.3%
Culex tarsalis	239.0	55.7%
Culiseta inornata	10.0	2.3%

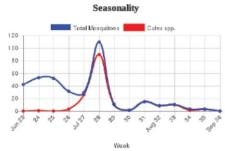


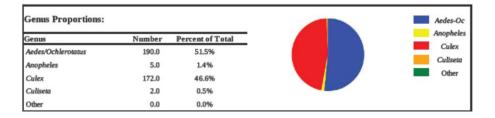
Genus Proportions:			
Genus	Number	Percent of Total	- 1
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	135.0	31.5%	_ (
Anopheles	5.0	1.2%	
Culex	279.0	65.0%	
Culiseta	10.0	2.3%	
Other	0.0	0.0%	
		F	C-057

Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020			
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap			
Location:	Registry Ridge			120
GPS:	40.48438997678501, -105	.10523993521	929	
				100
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0	80
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		369.0	80-
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		26.4	40
Average Cule	x per trap/night:		12.3	20
Species co	llected and abundance	:		Jun
Aedes dorsa	lis	167.0	45.3%	
Aedes melan	imon	3.0	0.8%	
Aedes spp.		1.0	0.3%	
Aedes vexan	\$	19.0	5.1%	
Anopheles fr	eeborni	5.0	1.4%	
Culex tarsali	s	172.0	46.6%	

2.0

Culiseta inornata





0.5%

Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Spring Creek Trail Micher	er Dr	
GPS:	40.54883989155028, -105	.1253300160	1697
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		349.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		24.9
Average Cule	x per trap/night:		2.4
Species co	llected and abundance	:	
Aedes dorsal	lis	3.0	0.9%
Aedes increp	itus	37.0	10.6%
Aedes melan	imon	1.0	0.3%

Aedes vexans

Culex pipiens

Culex tarsalis

Season:

Culex pipiens

Other

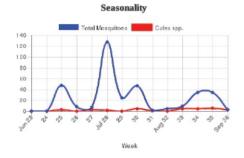
Culiseta inornata

263.0

11.0

22.0

12.0



Genus Proportions:		
Genus	Number	Percent of Total
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	304.0	87.1%
Anopheles	0.0	0.0%
Culex	33.0	9.5%
Culiseta	12.0	3.4%
Other	0.0	0.0%

75.4%

3.2%

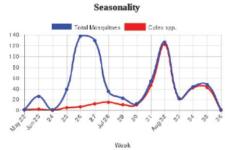
6.3%

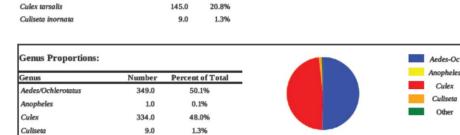
3.4%



Trap Type: CDC Light Trap Location: Spring wood and Lochwood GPS: 40.5426000124595, -105.0460398942232 Total number of trap/nights set: 15.0 Total number of mosquitoes collected: 696.0 Average mosquitoes per trap/night: 46.4 Average Culex per trap/night: 22.3 Species collected and abundance: Aedes dorsalis 4.0 0.6% Aedes increpitus 54.0 7.8% Aedes melanimon 3.0 0.4% Aedes spp. 1.0 0.1% Aedes trivittatus 1.0 0.1% Aedes vexans 286.0 41.1% Anopheles freeborni 1.0 0.1% Coquillettidia perturbans 3.0 0.4%

05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020





0.4%

27.2%

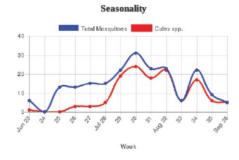
189.0

3.0

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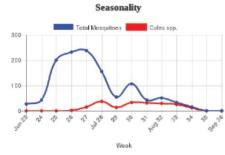
Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	808 Ponderosa		
GPS:	40.548700028018544, -10	5.120189897	71605
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		203.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		14.5
Average Cul	9.2		
Species co	llected and abundance	::	
Aedes dorsa	lis	2.0	1.0%
Aedes increp	vitus	4.0	2.0%
Aedes melan	imon	1.0	0.5%
Aedes spp.		1.0	0.5%
Aedes vexan	S	64.0	31.5%
Culex pipien	5	97.0	47.8%
Culex tarsal	is	32.0	15.8%
Culiseta inor	rnata	2.0	1.0%



Genus Proportions:			
Genus	Number	Percent of Total	_
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	72.0	35.5%	
Anopheles	0.0	0.0%	_
Culex	129.0	63.5%	
Culiseta	2.0	1.0%	
Other	0.0	0.0%	



Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Holley Plant Research Center	er	
GPS:	40.56879993041706, -105	.091649852	69308
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		1,201.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		85.8
Average Culo	ex per trap/night:		14.5
Species co	llected and abundance	2:	
Aedes cinere	us	4.0	0.3%
Aedes dorsa	lis	10.0	0.8%
Aedes increp	vitus	8.0	0.7%
Aedes melan	imon	8.0	0.7%
neues metan			
		18.0	1.5%
Aedes spp.	ş	18.0 943.0	1.5% 78.5%
Aedes spp. Aedes vexan	5		78.5%
Aedes metan Aedes spp. Aedes vexan Culex pipien Culex tarsali	s	943.0	



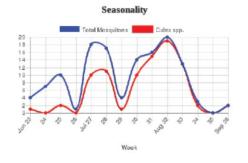
Aedes cinereus		

enus Proportions:		
Genus	Number	Percent of Total
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	991.0	82.5%
Anopheles	0.0	0.0%
Culex	203.0	16.9%
Culiseta	7.0	0.6%
Other	0.0	0.0%

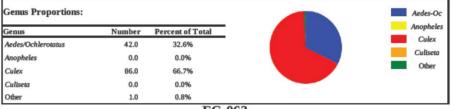
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Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Water's Edge at Blue Mesa		
GPS:	40.542779889722866, -105.0	8740995079	279
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		129.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		9.2
Average Cul	ex per trap/night:		6.1
Species co	ellected and abundance:		
Aedes dorsa	lis	2.0	1.6%



The second second		
Aedes increpitus	1.0	0.8%
Aedes vexans	39.0	30.2%
Coquillettidia perturbans	1.0	0.8%
Culex pipiens	30.0	23.3%
Culex tarsalis	56.0	43.4%



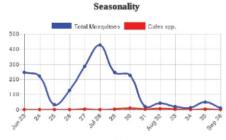






Other

Aedes cinereus	3.0	0.2%
Aedes dorsalis	4.0	0.2%
Aedes hendersoni	1.0	0.1%
Aedes increpitus	26.0	1.3%
Aedes melanimon	5.0	0.3%
Aedes spp.	2.0	0.1%
Aedes trivittatus	2.0	0.1%
Aedes vexans	1,877.0	95.4%
Anopheles freeborni	1.0	0.1%
Culex pipiens	16.0	0.8%
Culex tarsalis	27.0	1.4%
Culiseta inornata	3.0	0.2%

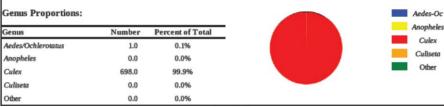




Genus Proportions:		
Genus	Number	Percent of Total
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	1,920.0	97.6%
Anopheles	1.0	0.1%
Culex	43.0	2.2%
Culiseta	3.0	0.2%
Other	0.0	0.0%

#### FC-063gr

Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020			Seasonality
Trap Type:	Gravid Trap			Seasonanty
Location:	Red Fox Meadows Gravid			Total Mosquitoes Culex spp.
GPS:	40.565679974786285, -105.105	50498336	65536	300
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0	200
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		699.0	
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		49.9	100
Average Cul	ex per trap/night:		49.9	
Species co	llected and abundance:			yen to
Aedes melan	imon	1.0	0.1%	Week
Culex pipien	s é	98.0	99.9%	

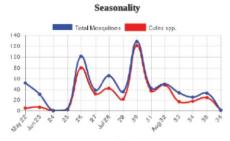




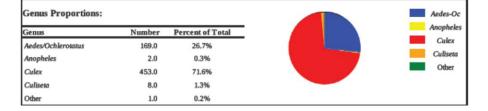
Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020	
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap	
Location:	West Chase	
GPS:	40.49867997125427, -105.02980	001244664
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:	15.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:	633.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:	42.2
Amaria Cula	x per trap/night:	30.2

#### Species collected and abundance:

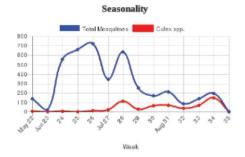
Aedes dorsalis	47.0	7.4%
Aedes increpitus	1.0	0.2%
Aedes melanimon	3.0	0.5%
Aedes vexans	118.0	18.6%
Anopheles freeborni	2.0	0.3%
Coquillettidia perturbans	1.0	0.2%
Culex pipiens	36.0	5.7%
Culex tarsalis	417.0	65.9%
Culiseta inornata	8.0	1.3%







Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Prospect Ponds		
GPS:	40.558729973681025, -105	.023180097341	54
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:	14	4.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:	4	128.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:	25	94.9
Average Cule	x per trap/night:	4	1.0
Species co	llected and abundance	:	
Aedes cinere	us	5.0	0.19
Aedes dorsal	lis	19.0	0.59
Aedes increp	itus	373.0	9.09
Aedes melan	imon	180.0	4.49
Aedes trivitta	itus	1.0	0.09
Aedes vexan	5	2,189.0	53.09
Anopheles fr	eeborni	31.0	0.89
Coquillettidi	a perturbans	715.0	17.39
Culex pipien	s	231.0	5.69
Culex tarsali	s	343.0	8.39
Culiseta inor		41.0	1.09

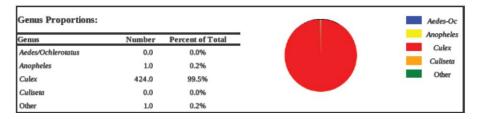


50

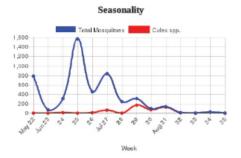
Genus Proportions:		
Genus	Number	Percent of Total
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	2,767.0	67.0%
Anopheles	31.0	0.8%
Culex	574.0	13.9%
Culiseta	41.0	1.0%
Other	715.0	17.3%



Season: Trap Type:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020 Gravid Trap			Seasonality
Location: GPS:	Prospect Ponds Gravid 40.558729973681025, -105.0	2318009734	154	160 Culex spp.
Total numbe Average mos Average Cule	r of trap/nights set: r of mosquitoes collected: quitoes per trap/night: :x per trap/night: llected and abundance:		14.0 426.0 30.4 30.3	120 100 60 40 20 0 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1
Anopheles fr		1.0	0.2%	Week
Coquillettidi Culex pipien		1.0 424.0	0.2% 99.5%	



Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Poudre River Trail		
GPS:	40.57749479750878, -105.	055687800049	78
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:	14	.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:	4,	843.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:	34	15.9
Average Cule	x per trap/night:	37	7.0
Species co	llected and abundance	:	
Aedes dorsal	lis	14.0	0.3%
Aedes increp	itus	994.0	20.5%
Aedes melan	imon	28.0	0.6%
Aedes trivitta	itus	19.0	0.4%
Aedes vexan	\$	3,228.0	66.7%
Anopheles fr	eeborni	1.0	0.0%
Coquillettidia	a perturbans	32.0	0.7%
Culex pipien:	\$	88.0	1.8%
Culex tarsali	s	430.0	8.9%
Culiseta inor	mata	9.0	0.2%



Genus	Number	Percent of Total
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	4,283.0	88.4%
Anopheles	1.0	0.0%
Culex	518.0	10.7%
Culiseta	9.0	0.2%
Other	32.0	0.7%

2.0

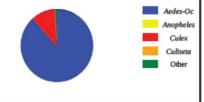
21.0

6.0

26.0

32.0

5.0



Seasonality

Total Mosquitoes

Culex spp



Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020	
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap	
Location:	5029 Crest Dr	
GPS:	40.516000124446485, -105.08547	7004312277
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:	14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:	92.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:	6.6
Average Cul	ex per trap/night:	4.1

Species collected and abundance:

Aedes increpitus

Anopheles freeborni

Aedes vexans

Culex pipiens

Culex tarsalis

Culiseta inornata

7 14.0 32.0 5.6 4.1 2.2% 2.2% Week Week

**Genus Proportions:** Aedes-Oc Anopheles Percent of Total Genus Number Culex Aedes/Ochlerotatus 23.0 25.0% Culiseta Anopheles 6.0 6.5% Other Culex 63.0% 58.0 Culiseta 5.0 5.4% Other 0.0 0.0%

6.5%

28.3%

34.8%

5.4%

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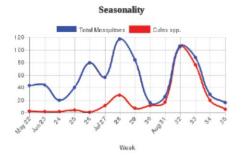
Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Linden Lake Rd		
GPS:	40.61451923788414, -105.	05314875394	4106
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		15.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		764.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		50.9
Average Cult	ex per trap/night:		19.5
Species co	llected and abundance	:	
Aedes dorsa	lis	5.0	0.7%
Aedes increp	litus	150.0	19.6%
Aedes melan	imon	8.0	1.0%
Aedes vexan	8	300.0	39.3%
Anopheles fr	eeborni	1.0	0.1%
Culex pipien	s	19.0	2.5%

273.0

8.0

Culex tarsalis

Culiseta inornata



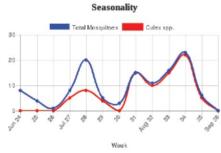
			A
Genus	Number	Percent of Total	A
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	463.0	60.6%	_
Anopheles	1.0	0.1%	
Culex	292.0	38.2%	
Culiseta	8.0	1.0%	
Other	0.0	0.0%	

35.7%

1.0%



Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Silvergate Rd		
GPS:	40.52733008634481, -105	.1082101464	2715
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		13.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		120.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		9.2
Average Cule	ex per trap/night:		6.5
	llected and abundance	1.0	0.8%
Species co	llected and abundance		
Species co Aedes cinere	llected and abundance us lis	1.0	1.7%
Species co Aedes cinere Aedes dorsal	llected and abundance us lis lius	1.0 2.0	1.7%
Species co Aedes cinere Aedes dorsal Aedes increp	llected and abundance us lis itus imon	1.0 2.0 6.0	1.7% 5.0% 0.8%
Species co Aedes cinere Aedes dorsal Aedes increp Aedes melan	llected and abundance us lis itus imon s	1.0 2.0 6.0 1.0	0.8% 1.7% 5.0% 18.3% 35.0%
Species co Aedes cinere Aedes dorsal Aedes increp Aedes melan Aedes vexan	llected and abundance us lis itus imon s s	1.0 2.0 6.0 1.0 22.0	1.7% 5.0% 0.8% 18.3%



Genus Proportions:		
Genus	Number	Percent of Total
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	32.0	26.7%
Anopheles	0.0	0.0%
Culex	84.0	70.0%
Culiseta	4.0	3.3%
Other	0.0	0.0%

Season:	05	/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Typ	pe: CE	C Light Trap		
Location	: 42	2 Lake Dr		
GPS:	40	.569530106375986, -105	.071169845	75985
Total nu	mberof	rap/nights set:		14.0
Total nu	mberof	nosquitoes collected:		363.0
Average	mosquite	es per trap/night:		25.9
Average	Culex pe	r trap/night:		16.9
Species	collec	ted and abundance	:	
Aedes do	orsalis		1.0	0.3%
Aedes in	crepitus		7.0	1.9%
Aedes m	elanimon		3.0	0.8%
Aedes tri	vittatus		1.0	0.3%

104.0

72.0

164.0

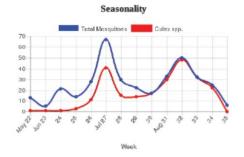
11.0

Aedes vexans

Culex pipiens

Culex tarsalis

Culiseta inornata



Genus Proportions:			Aed
Genus	Number	Percent of Total	Ano
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	116.0	32.0%	<b>a</b>
Anopheles	0.0	0.0%	Cul
Culex	236.0	65.0%	0
Culiseta	11.0	3.0%	
Other	0.0	0.0%	

28.7%

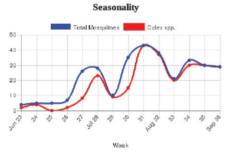
19.8%

45.2%

3.0%



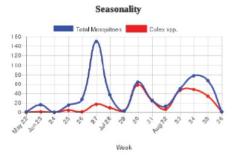
Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	118 S Grant		
GPS:	40.58634003233039, -105	.0889998301	8637
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		314.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		22.4
Average Cule	x per trap/night:		18.0
Species co	llected and abundance	e:	
Aedes dorsa	lis	1.0	0.3%
Aedes increp	itus	2.0	0.6%
Aedes melan	imon	1.0	0.3%
Aedes vexan	5	58.0	18.5%
Culex pipien	S	163.0	51.9%
Culex tarsali	e	89.0	28.3%



Genus Proportions:		
Genus	Number	Percent of Total
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	62.0	19.7%
Anopheles	0.0	0.0%
Culex	252.0	80.3%
Culiseta	0.0	0.0%
Other	0.0	0.0%

Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Rock Creek		
GPS:	40.513749705683445, -105.0	003383383154	488
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		15.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		547.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		36.5
Average Cul	ex per trap/night:		17.0
Species co	llected and abundance:		
Aedes dorsa	lis	18.0	3.3%
Aedes increp	vitus	5.0	0.9%
Aedes melan	imon	19.0	3.5%
Aedes nigroi	naculis	6.0	1.19

Aedes dorsalis	18.0	3.3%
Aedes increpitus	5.0	0.9%
Aedes melanimon	19.0	3.5%
Aedes nigromaculis	6.0	1.1%
Aedes vexans	211.0	38.6%
Anopheles freeborni	23.0	4.2%
Coquillettidia perturbans	4.0	0.7%
Culex pipiens	59.0	10.8%
Culex tarsalis	196.0	35.8%
Culiseta inornata	6.0	1.1%



Genus	Number	Percent of Tota
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	259.0	47.3%
Anopheles	23.0	4.2%
Culex	255.0	46.6%
Culiseta	6.0	1.1%
Other	4.0	0.7%



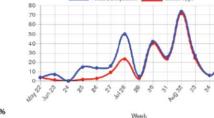
Seasonality

Culex sop



15.0

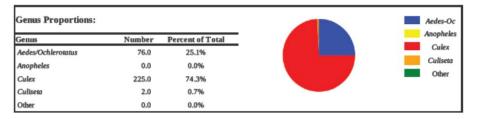
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:	20.2
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:	303.0
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:	15.0
GPS:	40.511379917024655, -105.01986	6991614105
Location:	Sage Creek North	
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap	
Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020	



#### Species collected and abundance:

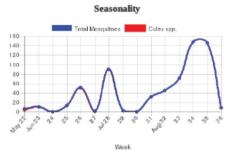
Average Culex per trap/night:

•		
Aedes dorsalis	6.0	2.0%
Aedes increpitus	4.0	1.3%
Aedes melanimon	1.0	0.3%
Aedes vexans	65.0	21.5%
Culex pipiens	74.0	24.4%
Culex tarsalis	151.0	49.8%
Culiseta inornata	2.0	0.7%



#### FC-075gr

Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	Gravid Trap		
Location:	Sage Creek North Gravid		
GPS:	40.511379917024655, -10	5.029369965	19566
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		15.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		626.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		41.7
Average Cul	ex per trap/night:		41.5
Species co	ellected and abundance	e:	
Culex pipien	s	623.0	99.5%
Culiseta inor	rnata	3.0	0.5%



Aedes-Oc Anopheles Culex Culiseta Other

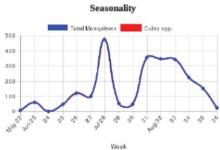
Genus	Number	Percent of Total
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	0.0	0.0%
Anopheles	0.0	0.0%
Culex	623.0	99.5%
Culiseta	3.0	0.5%
Other	0.0	0.0%

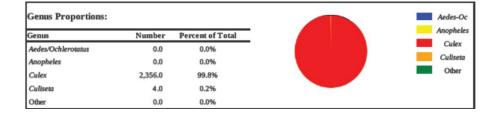
Culiseta inornata



Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020				S
Trap Type:	Gravid Trap				56
Location:	English Ranch Park Gravid				Total Mos
GPS:	40.53330994364783, -105	.030530020	5946	500	
				400	
Total number	r of trap/nights set:		15.0	300	
Total number	r of mosquitoes collected:		2,360.0	200	
Average most	quitoes per trap/night:		157.3	100	
Average Cule	x per trap/night:		157.1	$\wedge$	
Species co	llected and abundance	:		Hat 1002 24	2 2 2 a 3
Culex pipiens	s	2,356.0	99.8%		

4.0

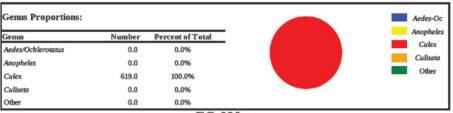




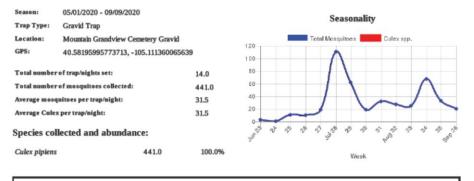
0.2%

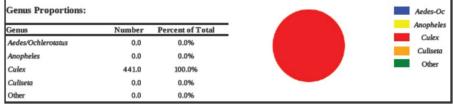
#### FC-089gr

Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020						Seaso	nality				
Trap Type:	Gravid Trap						Seasu	nanty				
Location:	Kunz Ct. and Brook Dr. Gra	vid		1.50		Tota	Mosquitoe	5	Culex sp	p.		
GPS:	40.53631011931944, -105.	10056015104	055	1 60				r				
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0	120				1	1			
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		619.0	80					1	1		
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		44.2	60 40				/		1	1	
Average Cule	ex per trap/night:		44.2	20	-	-				J		
Species co	llected and abundance	:		burn 23	2 2	20 3021	n <sup>o</sup> n <sup>o</sup>	00	ST AST A	5 .5°	39 38 389	
Culex pipien	s (	519.0	100.0%					Veek				



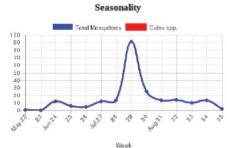


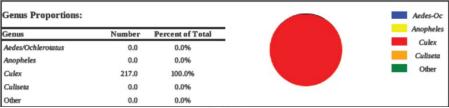




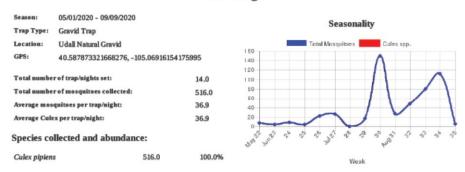
#### FC-091gr

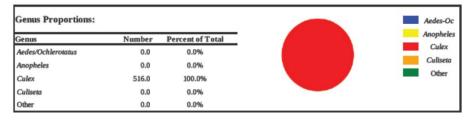
Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020			
Trap Type:	Gravid Trap			
Location:	PVH Gravid			100
GPS:	40.570520046200166, -10	)5.05456998	944281	90 80
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0	70 60
Total numbe	er of mosquitoes collected:		217.0	50
Average mos	squitoes per trap/night:		15.5	30
Average Cul	ex per trap/night:		15.5	10
Species co	ellected and abundance	e:		and
Culex pipier	15	215.0	99.1%	
Culex tarsal	is	2.0	0.9%	



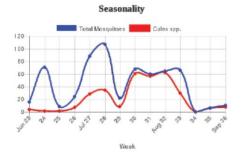








Season:	05/01/2020 - 09/09/2020		
Trap Type:	CDC Light Trap		
Location:	Lopez Elementary		
GPS:	40.53186000594886, -105	.0882501527	667
Total numbe	r of trap/nights set:		14.0
Total numbe	r of mosquitoes collected:		612.0
Average mos	quitoes per trap/night:		43.7
Average Cule	x per trap/night:		22.1
Species co	llected and abundance	:	
Aedes dorsal	is	5.0	0.8%
Aedes increp	itus	11.0	1.8%
Aedes melan	imon	6.0	1.0%
Aedes vexan:	5	273.0	44.6%
Anopheles fr	eeborni	3.0	0.5%
Culex pipien:	5	82.0	13.4%
Culex tarsali	5	228.0	37.3%
Culiseta inor	nata	4.0	0.7%



Genus Proportions:		
Jenus	Number	Percent of Total
Aedes/Ochlerotatus	295.0	48.2%
Anopheles	3.0	0.5%
Culex	310.0	50.7%
Culiseta	4.0	0.7%
Other	0.0	0.0%

### Appendix 2: Larimer County Adult Sample Pool Positive Results and Locations



### **2020 WNV Positive Pools**

Start Date: 05/01/2020 End Date: 09/09/2020

### Berthoud

Trap Location	Total Positive Pools	
Berthoud East	1	
Berthoud North	0	
Berthoud Park	0	
Berthoud Point	0	
Berthoud West	1	

**Total Positive: 2** 



### 2020 WNV Positive Pools

Start Date: 05/01/2020 End Date: 09/09/2020

#### Loveland

Trap Location	Total Positive Pools	
9th and DesMoines	0	
Big Thompson	0	
Boyd Lake	1	
Cattail Pond	2	
Cr 20 and 9	0	
Horseshoe Pennninsula	0	

**Total Positive: 3** 



# 2020 WNV Positive Pools

Start Date: 05/01/2020 End Date: 09/09/2020

### Fort Collins

Trap Location	Total Positive Pools
118 S Grant	0
3001 San Luis	4
422 Lake Dr	0
5029 Crest Dr	0
603 Gilgalad Way	0
737 Parliament	1
808 Ponderosa	0
Ben's Park	0
Ben's Park Gravid	2
Big Horn	2
Boltz	0
Casa Grande and Downing	1
Chelsea Ridge	1
Country Club	0
Edora Park	0
Egret and Rookery	2
English Ranch Park Gravid	6
FC Visitors Center	0
Fishback	0
Fossil Creek South	1
Golden Current	0
Golden Meadows Ditch	0
Hemlock	0
Holley Plant Research Center	0
Keeneland And Twin Oak	0
Kunz Ct. and Brook Dr. Gravid	2
Linden Lake Rd	0

 Trap Location	Total Positive Pools	
Lochside Lane	0	
Lopez Elementary	0	
Magic Carpet	1	
Mountain Grandview Cemetery Gravid	0	
N. Linden	0	
Poudre River Trail	0	
Prospect Ponds	0	
Prospect Ponds Gravid	2	
PVH Gravid	0	
Red Fox Meadows	0	
Red Fox Meadows Gravid	1	
Redwood	0	
Redwood Gravid	1	
Registry Ridge	0	
Rock Creek	0	
Sage Creek North	0	
Sage Creek North Gravid	4	
Silvergate Rd	0	
Spring Creek Trail Michener Dr	0	
Spring wood and Lochwood	1	
Stuart and Dorset	0	
Udall Natural Gravid	0	
Water's Edge at Blue Mesa	0	
West Chase	0	
Westshore Ct	1	
Willow Springs	0	

**Total Positive: 33** 

# Appendix 3: Ground Adult Mosquito Control Application Data



## **Ground Adulticide Applications**

Start Date: 05/01/2020 End Date: 09/09/2020

Larimer County

Month	Date	Municipality	Chemical	Mix Ratio	Trip Miles	Spray Miles	Spray Acres	Gallons Sprayed
HOA Greenston	e HOA Spray Zo	ne Applications						
June 2020	06/02/2020	N/A	Aqua Kontrol 30-30 (73748-11)	1:5	4.1	2.9	106.2	0.8
	06/16/2020	N/A	Aqua Kontrol 30-30 (73748-11)	1:5	4.2	3.0	108.7	0.8
	06/23/2020	N/A	Aqua Kontrol 30-30 (73748-11)	1:5	3.7	2.7	97.1	0.8
	06/30/2020	N/A	Aqua Kontrol 30-30 (73748-11)	1:5	0.0	2.7	97.1	0.8
July 2020	07/28/2020	N/A	Aqua Kontrol 30-30 (73748-11)	1:5	4.4	3.3	118.2	0.9
				To	tal Aqua I	Kontrol 30-3	30 Applied:	4.1
			LHOA Greenstone HOA Spi	ay Zone Totals:	16.5	14.5	527.2	4.1
HOA Ridgewoo	d Hills Spray Zor	e Applications						
July 2020	07/08/2020	N/A	Aqua Kontrol 30-30 (73748-11)	1:5	9.7	6.6	240.3	1.9
August 2020	08/12/2020	N/A	Aqua Kontrol 30-30 (73748-11)	1:5	9.8	6.5	237.1	1.8
				Te	otal Aqua	Kontrol 30-	30 Applied:	3.7
			LHOA Ridgewood Hills Spi	ray Zone Totals:	19.5	13.1	477.4	3.7
IOA Willow Spi	rings Spray Zone	Applications						
June 2020	06/25/2020	N/A	Aqua Kontrol 30-30 (73748-11)	1:5	3.9	2.9	105.4	0.8
July 2020	07/08/2020	N/A	Aqua Kontrol 30-30 (73748-11)	1:5	5.3	3.3	119.3	0.9
	07/22/2020	N/A	Aqua Kontrol 30-30 (73748-11)	1:5	5.9	3.8	137.4	1.1
August 2020	08/05/2020	N/A	Aqua Kontrol 30-30 (73748-11)	1:5	6.1	3.7	135.3	1.0
				Te	otal Aqua	Kontrol 30-	30 Applied:	3.8
		_	LHOA Willow Springs Spi	ray Zone Totals:	21.2	13.7	497.4	3.8
				Grand Totals:	57.2	41.3	1,502.0	11.6

Month	Date	Municipality	Chemical	Mix Ratio	Trip Miles	Spray Miles	Spray Acres	Gallons Sprayed
HOA Lindenwoo	od HOA Spray Z	one Applications						
July 2020	07/15/2020	N/A	Aqua Kontrol 30-30 (73748-11)	1:5	3.1	2.4	86.5	0.7
August 2020	08/12/2020	N/A	Aqua Kontrol 30-30 (73748-11)	1:5	3.1	2.4	86.5	0.7
	08/19/2020	N/A	Aqua Kontrol 30-30 (73748-11)	1:5	3.1	2.5	89.5	0.7
		_		Te	otal Aqua H	Kontrol 30-3	0 Applied:	2.0
		_	LHOA Lindenwood HOA Spra	y Zone Totals:	9.3	7.2	262.5	2.0
				Grand Totals:	9.3	7.2	262.5	2.0