

CONTINGENCY PLAN QUESTIONS - PART I (Weather - continued):

Who has the authority to make these decisions, and at what point do they exercise that authority?

How will notification be made of a cancellation or postponement to event attendees and City staff?

CONTINGENCY PLAN QUESTIONS - PART II (Emergency Responders):

(please respond and describe)

In order to permit responders to precisely identify the location of an emergency quickly, please address the following questions:

Will a site map be available, which is common to all emergency services, including access roads, pathways, major landmarks, spectator, performer and vendor areas?

Will vendor locations or booths be numbered and be included on the site map?

Is access to, and the road network within the site, adequate to prevent emergency responders from having to walk significant distances to the principal spectator areas(s)?

Once on the site, is there sufficient room (that is, for staging, maneuvering) to permit repositioning or redeployment of emergency vehicles as dictated by the incident?

Due to the nature of road access, would early arriving vehicles, such as ambulances, be prevented from leaving by gridlock produced by subsequently arriving equipment?

Does an access road or street that could be closed to the public and used only for expeditious emergency and service vehicle ingress and egress serve the site?

Have you advised ambulance services and local hospitals of the nature of the event, provided an expected spectator profile, and estimated potential medical problems?

Are additional security personnel, including police, on standby or on-call should an immediate increase in these services be required?

Have you notified fire and rescue services of the nature of the event and identified the services that might be required?

Does the site have adequate access and staging area for large numbers of emergency vehicles in the event of a major incident?

CONTINGENCY PLAN QUESTIONS - PART III (Transportation & Crowd Control):

(please respond and describe)

What impact will weather conditions have on transportation?

What type of road leads to the event? Paved? Gravel? Dirt?

Is the surrounding road network able to handle the anticipated spectator vehicular traffic?

If spectator-parking areas are filled, will the road network allow continued vehicle flow, thus preventing gridlock?

Are communications systems inside and outside the venue capable of providing public announcements, marshaling instructions, and evacuation orders?

Is a system in place to monitor crowd flow (as through the use of spotters or aviator resources)?

Have arrangements been made for access and egress routes for people with disabilities?

Have arrangements been made for pedestrian access, including considerations of distance, terrain, surface, and lighting?

If buses are in use, are there designated pick-up and set-down points?

Where there may be health and safety implications, efficient management of crowd movement includes:

- Awareness of public transport congestion at road and railways.
- Use of buses to reduce private vehicle traffic and any potential problems which large vehicles may present, for example: access difficulties, parking requirements, potential road blockages.
- Alterations to normal traffic and road use.
- Traffic control.
- Adequacy of the surrounding road network to handle the anticipated spectator vehicular traffic before, during, and after the event.
- Accommodation for safe pedestrian and bicycle traffic around event.
- Communication between traffic management groups and other services, including the local media.

If you would like more information on pre-event planning for potential risks and hazards, please visit the FEMA website at: <http://www.fema.gov/plan/index.shtm>