Car Smarts

LEVEL: <u>K-1-2-3</u>-4-5-6

SUBJECT AREA(S): Health, Language Arts, Arts

OBJECTIVE: (1) Students will learn smart (safe) behavior in a car. (2) Students will be able to identify smart and risky (safe and unsafe) behavior in a vehicle. (3) Students will understand the importance of wearing an automobile seatbelt and using a child safety seat.

For Your Information

★ This lesson provides an appropriate review of car safety in preparation for car trips.

TIME: 40 minutes

MATERIALS

φ Figure 4-1: Automobile Safety Checklist

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

1. In cooperative learning groups, have students discuss what it means to be smart (safe) in a car. Have them develop a list of smart and risky (safe and unsafe) behaviors and to explain them.

For Your Information

★ Seatbelts: Everyone in a car should be **buckled up**. Wearing a seatbelt could save a life in an accident. It is against the law to ride without one, and the ticket for not wearing a seatbelt is \$50.

- ★ **Doors:** All doors should be **locked**. This ensures that no one falls out and it keeps out people who don't belong inside the car.
- ★ Child Safety Seats: Babies should be strapped into child safety seats. Children under four years of age or under 40 pounds are too small to be held securely by a regular car seatbelt. Endangering a child passenger by not placing them in a child safety seat carries a fine.
- ★ Smart (Safe) Behavior: Riders should not distract the driver. Loud talking or noise might take the driver's attention from the road and traffic.
- Discuss what an *occupant* is.
 (a person who takes up space inside an area; can be a house occupant, a room occupant, a car occupant)

Discuss how many students wear **seatbelts** while riding in a car (being a car "occupant") and why or why not.

For Your Information

★ The most important reason for wearing a seatbelt is to safe your life if you are in an accident. Of secondary importance is that wearing car seatbelts is the law in Colorado, a law that was passed to save lives. To enforce the law, police officers may give out traffic tickets for each person in a vehicle not wearing a seatbelt, with a fine set at \$50.

Discuss if students know how to wear a seatbelt properly.

For Your Information

- ★ Driver and passenger must wear both the lap belt and shoulder belt if the car contains both.
- \star A seatbelt should be snug, but not too tight or too lose.
- \star The lap belt should be low across the hips and across the upper thigh.
- \star The shoulder belt should not cross the face or neck.
- ★ Passengers may find that a seatbelt is too large for a child or that it crosses the neck in an uncomfortable or dangerous way. In such cases, a kind of buckle may be purchased and used to shorten the seatbelt for a proper fit.

Discuss what behaviors promote safety in a car, bus, or other motor vehicle. (talking quietly, refraining from making loud noises or wrestling, staying seated, keeping arms and heads inside the motor vehicle, keeping door locked)

ASSESSMENT

- 1. Have students draw and color a picture to illustrate each aspect of car safety.
- 2. Have students draw a picture, write a story, or both to illustrate how they will be a smart (safe) motor-vehicle occupant, and how they will help others to be smart (safe) occupants, too. Have students share their work with the class.

EXTENSIONS

- 1. Have each student be an "occupant safety patrol" in the family car, making certain all seatbelts are buckled, doors are locked, small children are strapped in child safety seats, etc.
- 2. Give second- and third-graders copies of Figure 4-1: Automobile Safety Inspector Checklist to take home and use to check their own family's car-safety habits.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

Please refer to the following topics in the *Additional Resources* section in Appendix Three: **Car Safety / Child Safety/Injury Prevention**.

| AUTOMOBILE SAFETY CHECKLIST Name | | |
|--|-----|----|
| SMART (SAFE) BEHAVIORS | Yes | No |
| Everybody is buckled into a seatbelt . | | |
| All the doors are locked . | | |
| Children under four years of age or under 40 pounds are strapped into child safety seats . | | |
| The driver is undistracted . | | |
| Student name: | | |

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Figure 4-1