Conceptual Review Agenda

Meetings hosted via Zoom Web Conferencing

Please use the URL and Meeting ID # listed below to join the Review Meeting

Review Date

8/7/2025 9:15 AM

Project Name

ADU at 716 Maple Street

CDR250047

<u>Applicant</u>

Jim Loftis

970-430-0657

jimcloftis@gmail.com

Description

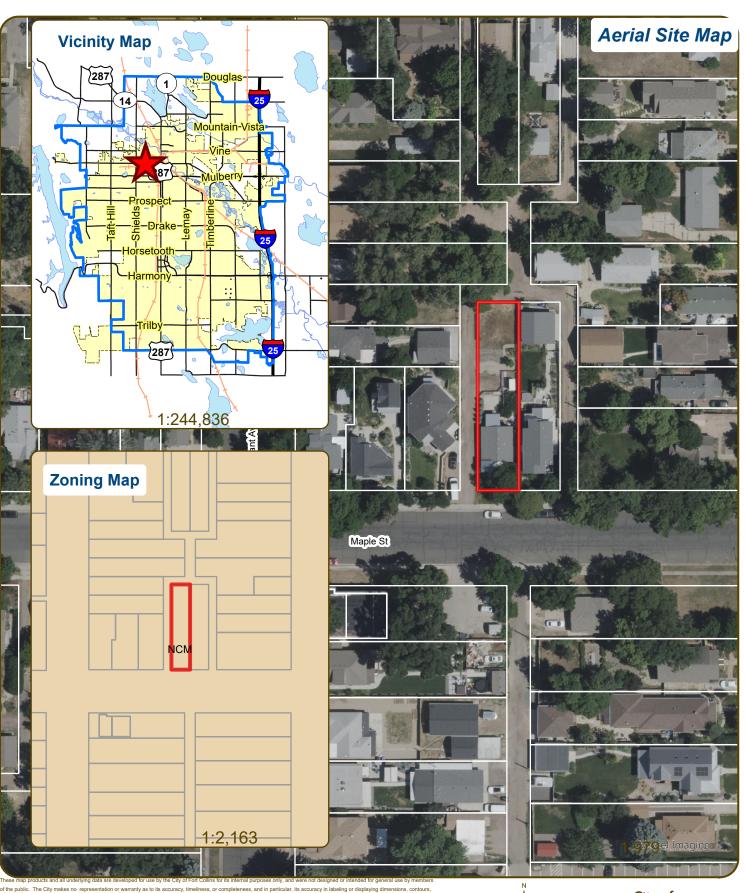
This is a request to develop an Accessory Dwelling Unity (ADU) at 716 Maple St (parcel # 9711228027). The applicant is proposing an ADU in the rear of the property. Access can be taken from Maple St to the south. The property is approximately 0.25 mi north of W Mountain Ave and 0.36 mi east of N Shields St. The site is located in the Old Town, Medium (OT-B) Zone District and the project is subject to a Basic Development Review.

Planner: Arlo Schumann

Engineer: Tim Dinger

DRC: Todd Sullivan

ADU at 716 Maple Street - Accessory Dwelling Unit



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Development Review Guide - STEP 2 of 8

CONCEPTUAL REVIEW: APPLICATION

General Information

change?

All proposed development projects begin with Conceptual Review. Anyone with a development idea can schedule a Conceptual Review meeting to get feedback on prospective development ideas. At this stage, the development idea does not need to be finalized or professionally presented. However, a sketch plan and this application must be submitted to City Staff prior to the Conceptual Review meeting. The more information you are able to provide, the better feedback you are likely to get from the meeting. Please be aware that any information submitted may be considered a public record, available for review by anyone who requests it, including the media. The applicant acknowledges that they are acting with the owner's consent.

Conceptual Reviews are scheduled on three Thursday mornings per month on a "first come, first served" basis and are a free service. One 45 meeting is allocated per applicant and only three conceptual reviews are done each Thursday morning. A completed application must be submitted to reserve a Conceptual Review time slot. Complete applications and sketch plans must be submitted to City Staff on Thursday, no later than end of day, two weeks prior to the meeting date. Application materials must be e-mailed to preappmeeting@fcgov.com. If you do not have access to e-mail, other accommodations can be made upon request.

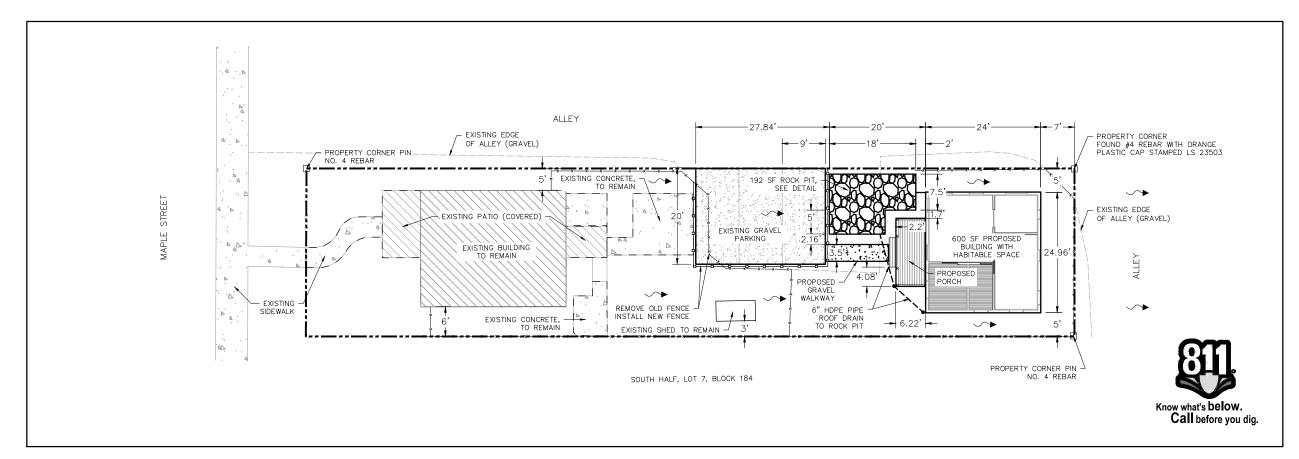
At Conceptual Review, you will meet with Staff from a number of City departments, such as Community Development and Neighborhood Services (Zoning, Current Planning, and Development Review Engineering), Light and Power, Stormwater, Water/Waste Water, Advance Planning (Long Range Planning and Transportation Planning) and Poudre Fire Authority. Comments are offered by staff to assist you in preparing the detailed components of the project application. There is no approval or denial of development proposals associated with Conceptual Review. At the meeting you will be presented with a letter from staff, summarizing comments on your proposal. *BOLDED ITEMS ARE REQUIRED* *The more info provided, the more detailed your comments from staff will be.* Contact Name(s) and Role(s) (Please identify whether Consultant or Owner, etc.) LOFTIS OWNER BRIAN MAJESKE. Are you a small business? □ Yes 🗷 No Business Name (if applicable) Your Mailing Address Phone Number 970-430 -CXp5 7 Email Address JIMChOFTIS @ GM Site Address or Description (parcel # if no address) 7/6 MAPLE ST FORT 9711228027 Description of Proposal (attach additional sheets if necessary) table space 600sf a separate dwelling unit (wover of nobult-in cooktop) Rental Existing Use Residential S.F. Number of Stories_ Total Building Square Footage Age of any Existing Structures existing cluplex Info available on Larimer County's Website: http://www.co.larimer.co.us/assessor/query/search.cfm If any structures are 50+ years old, good quality, color photos of all sides of the structure are required for conceptual. Is your property in a Flood Plain? □ Yes 🕍 No If yes, then at what risk is it?_ Info available on FC Maps: http://gisweb.fcgov.com/redirect/default.aspx?layerTheme=Floodplains. Increase in Impervious Area S.F. (Approximate amount of additional building, pavement, or etc. that will cover existing bare ground to be added to the site) Suggested items for the Sketch Plan: Property location and boundaries, surrounding land uses, proposed use(s), existing and proposed improvements (buildings, landscaping, parking/drive areas, water treatment/detention, drainage), existing natural features (water bodies,

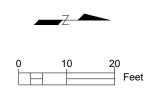
Community Development & Neighborhood Services – 281 N College Ave – Fort Collins, CO 80522-0580 REV. October 13, 2023

wetlands, large trees, wildlife, canals, irrigation ditches), utility line locations (if known), photographs (helpful but not required). Things to consider when making a proposal: How does the site drain now? Will it change? If so, what will









1. PROPOSED SLOPES SHALL BE NO STEEPER THAN 4:1, MINIMUM 5% SLOPES AWAY FROM PROPOSED BUILDING
2. NO UTILITIES HAVE BEEN LOCATED ON THIS SITE. THERE MAY BE BURIED UTILITIES ON OR ADJACENT TO THIS
PROPERTY. NO STATEMENT IS MADE CONCERNING SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS OR THE EXISTENCE OF OVERHEAD OR
UNDERGROUND CONTAINERS OR FACILITIES WHICH MAY AFFECT THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS SITE.

GRADING PLAN FOR 716 MAPLE ST BUILDING PERMIT #XXXXXXX CONTACT INFORMATION NAME: SHAWN FEITZER ADDRESS: 308 JEWEL CT, FORT COLLINS PHONE NO. 970-702-4884 EMAIL ADDRESS: SFETZER@FETZERENGINEERING.COM

EXISTING IMPERVIOUS AREA: EXISTING HOUSE ROOFTOP — 902 SF EXISTING CONCRETE — 380 SF TOTAL = 1282 SF

PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS AREA PROPOSED HOUSE - 600 SF PROPOSED COVERED PORCH - 87 SF TOTAL = 687 SF

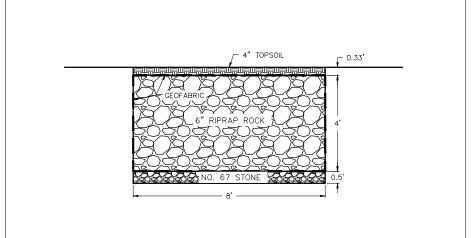
TOTAL NET IMPERVIOUSNESS = 1969 SF IMPERVIOUSNESS PERCENTAGE = 38.52 %

<u>LEGEND</u>

PROPERTY PIN ____ LOT LINE EXISTING CONCRETE

> EXISTING GRAVEL PROPOSED GRAVEL

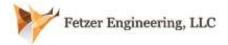




ROCK PIT DETAIL



SKF 9/30/24 File No. 716MAPLE



September 30, 2024

Mr. Jim Loftis Fort Collins, CO 80521

RE: Drainage Memo

for 716 Maple St, Fort Collins, CO

Dear Jim Loftis;

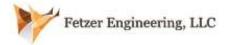
The purpose of this letter is to describe the proposed site improvements and potential drainage impacts at 716 Maple Street (Exhibit A). The 0.13-acre project site is a developed single-family residential lot (parcel no. 9711228027) on the north side of Maple Street between Grant Ave and Loomis Ave in Fort Collins, Colorado. The site is located within the Old Town drainage basin. Current conditions at the site include a single-story house with covered patios, concrete patio, shed, sidewalk, gravel parking, and established trees.

The lot is bound by existing single-family residential properties on the east lot line, and an existing alley on the west and north side. Per the NRCS Soil Survey of Larimer County (Exhibit B), the site entirely consists of Fort Collins loam and is classified as being within hydrologic soil group C. These soils are anticipated to have a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet and a slow rate of water transmission.

Per the flood insurance rate map, the lot is located within Zone X. Zone X is defined as an area of minimal flood hazard and does not have a base flood elevation associated with it. Also, the site is outside of all City of Fort Collins mapped floodplains. (Exhibit C)

Historically, site stormwater for the site has drained to the south towards Maple Street and to the north towards the alley with gentle slopes with the southern portion of the lot draining to the south and the northern half draining towards the alley. Based on field inspections (Exhibit F), the location where the proposed structure will be built will drain to the north towards the alley. No changes are proposed to the existing drainage pattern of the site. The proposed site improvements in the drainage basin include a single-story residential structure with a wood porch and new gravel walkway from the existing parking area.

Attached is a drainage plan (Exhibit D) showing the location of your proposed residential structure and the grading around this new site improvement. Drainage calcs for the additional storm flows that this rooftop and site improvements will generate are also attached. All grading around the house (10' min) shall be a minimum of 5% directed away from the structure and be routed using the existing drainage patterns. All planned downspouts of the new building will be located and directed towards a proposed rock pit that will be used for storage of additional flows that will be generated from the proposed added



imperviousness to prevent negative impacts to the properties downstream from these improvements. Due to these developed conditions, it is my professional opinion that improvements stated in this memo and shown on the grading plan will not negatively impact downstream private properties adjacent to the alley. Please refer any questions to me at the contact information provided below. Thank you

Shawn Fetzer, P.E.



Disclaimer:

This document, together with the concepts and recommendations presented herein, as an instrument of service, is intended only for the specific purpose and client for which it was prepared. Reuse of and improper reliance on this document without written authorization from Fetzer Engineering LLC shall be without liability to Fetzer Engineering LLC

Exhibit Enclosures:

- A. Location Map
- B. FEMA Map
- C. NRCS Soils Report
- D. Drainage Plan
- E. Drainage Calcs
- F. Site Pictures



drainage sources of small size. The community map repository should be

To obtain more detailed information in areas where Base Flood Elevations (FFEs) and/or floodways have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data and/or Summary of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood insurance Study (FIS) report that accompanish its FIRM. Users should be aware that BFEs shown on the FIRM represent rounded whole-floot elevations. These BFEs are intended for flood insurance rating purposes only and should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Coastal Base Flood Elevations shown on this map apply only landward of 0.0' North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88). Users of this FIRM should be aware that coastal flood elevations are also provided in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations table in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction. Elevations shown in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations shown in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations shown in the Summary of Stillwater Elevations when they are higher than the elevations shown on this FIRM.

Boundaries of the **floodways** were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program. Floodway widths and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this jurisdiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by **flood control structures.** Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The **projection** used in the preparation of this map was Colorado State Plane north zone (FIPSZONE 0501). The **horizontal datum** was NAB83, GRS1980 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or State Plane zones used in the production of FIRMs for adjacent jurisdictions may result in slight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of the FIRMs

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1938, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/ or contact the National Geodetic Survey website at http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/

NGS Information Services NOAA, N/NGS12 National Geodetic Survey SSMC-3, #9202 1315 East-West Highway Silver Spring, MD 20910-3282

To obtain current elevation, description, and/or location information for **bench marks** shown on this map, please contact the Information Services Branch of the National Geodetic Survey at (301) 713–3242, or visit its website at http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/.

Base map information on this FIRM was provided by the Larimer County GIS and Mapping Department. Additional input was provided by the City of Fort Collins Geographic Information Services Division. These data are current as of 2010.

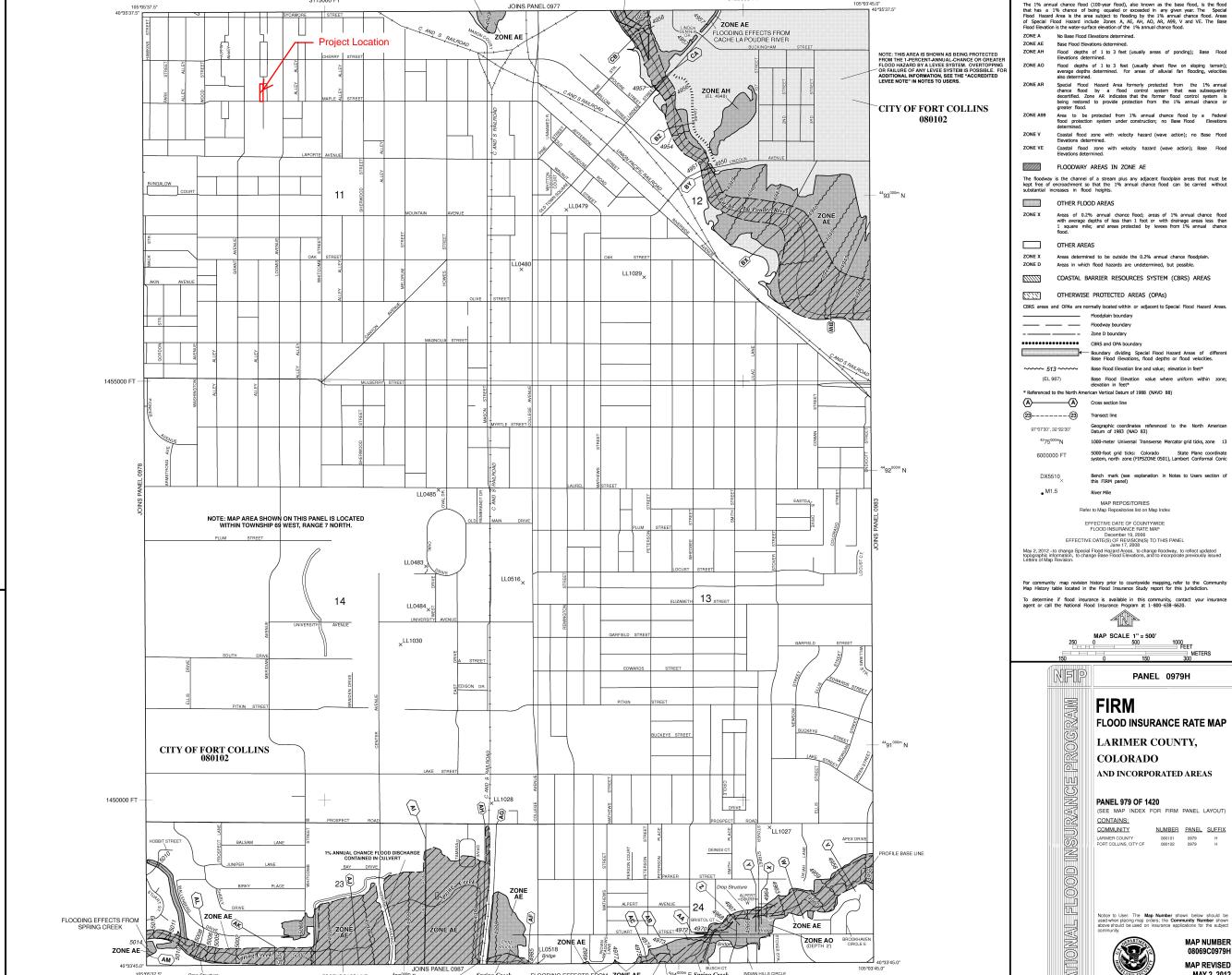
This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date **stream channel configurations** than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. The floodplains and floodways that were transferred from the previous FIRM may have been adjusted to conform to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data tables in the Flood insurance Study report (which contains authoritative hydraulic data) may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map.

Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

Please refer to the separately printed **Map Index** for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels; community map repository addresses; and a Listing of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located.

For information and questions about this map, available products associated with this IFIM including historic versions of this FIRM, how to order products or the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call the FEMA Map Information eXchange at 1-877-FEMA-MAP (1-677-363-2627) or visit the FEMA Map Service Center vestion at http://msc.lena.gov. Available products may include previously issued Letters ofMap Change, a Flood insurance Study Report, and/or digital versions of this map. Many Change, a Flood insurance Study Report, and/or digital versions of this map. Many determine the current map date for each FIRM panel by visiting the FEMA Map Service Center website or by calling the FEMA Map Information eXchange.

Accredited Levee Notes to Users: Check with your local community to obtain more information, such as the estimated level of protection provided (which may exceed the 1-percent-annual-chance level) and Emergency Action Plan, on the levee system(s) shown as providing protection for areas on this panel. To mitigate flood risk in residual risk areas, property owners and residents are encouraged to consider flood insurance and floodproofing or other protective measures. For more information on flood insurance, interested parties should wist the FEMA Website at http://www.fema.gov/business/infip/index.shtm.





Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Larimer County Area, Colorado

716 Maple St



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2 053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons

-

Soil Map Unit Lines

Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

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Blowout

 \boxtimes

Borrow Pit

Ж

Clay Spot

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Closed Depression

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'

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Gravelly Spot

0

Landfill

Gravel Pit

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Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

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Mine or Quarry

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Miscellaneous Water

0

Perennial Water

20

Rock Outcrop

+

Saline Spot Sandy Spot

...

Severely Eroded Spot

_

Sinkhole

8

Slide or Slip

Ø

Sodic Spot

LGLIND



Stony Spot

Spoil Area



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other



Special Line Features

Water Features

_

Streams and Canals

Transportation

ransp

Rails

~

Interstate Highways

~

US Routes

~

Major Roads

~

Local Roads

Background

Marie Control

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Larimer County Area, Colorado Survey Area Data: Version 18, Aug 24, 2023

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jul 2, 2021—Aug 25, 2021

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
35	Fort Collins loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	0.2	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		0.2	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Custom Soil Resource Report

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Larimer County Area, Colorado

35—Fort Collins loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2tlnc Elevation: 4,020 to 6,730 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 135 to 160 days

Farmland classification: Prime farmland if irrigated

Map Unit Composition

Fort collins and similar soils: 85 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Fort Collins

Setting

Landform: Interfluves, stream terraces

Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve, tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Pleistocene or older alluvium and/or eolian deposits

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 4 inches: loam

Bt1 - 4 to 9 inches: clay loam

Bt2 - 9 to 16 inches: clay loam

Bk1 - 16 to 29 inches: loam

Bk2 - 29 to 80 inches: loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.20 to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 12 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.1 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: High (about 9.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: R067BY002CO - Loamy Plains

Hydric soil rating: No

Custom Soil Resource Report

Minor Components

Nunn

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Landform: Stream terraces

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R067BY002CO - Loamy Plains

Hydric soil rating: No

Vona

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Interfluves

Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve, side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R067BY024CO - Sandy Plains

Hydric soil rating: No

References

American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO). 2004. Standard specifications for transportation materials and methods of sampling and testing. 24th edition.

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Cowardin, L.M., V. Carter, F.C. Golet, and E.T. LaRoe. 1979. Classification of wetlands and deep-water habitats of the United States. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service FWS/OBS-79/31.

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Federal Register. September 18, 2002. Hydric soils of the United States.

Hurt, G.W., and L.M. Vasilas, editors. Version 6.0, 2006. Field indicators of hydric soils in the United States.

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Custom Soil Resource Report

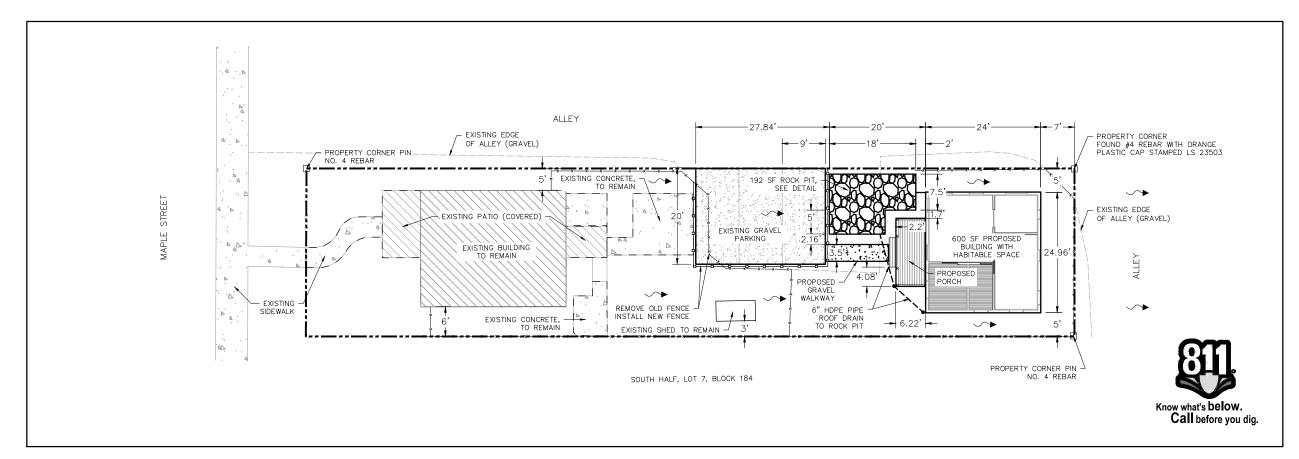
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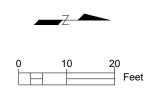
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1. PROPOSED SLOPES SHALL BE NO STEEPER THAN 4:1, MINIMUM 5% SLOPES AWAY FROM PROPOSED BUILDING
2. NO UTILITIES HAVE BEEN LOCATED ON THIS SITE. THERE MAY BE BURIED UTILITIES ON OR ADJACENT TO THIS
PROPERTY. NO STATEMENT IS MADE CONCERNING SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS OR THE EXISTENCE OF OVERHEAD OR
UNDERGROUND CONTAINERS OR FACILITIES WHICH MAY AFFECT THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS SITE.

GRADING PLAN FOR 716 MAPLE ST BUILDING PERMIT #XXXXXXX CONTACT INFORMATION NAME: SHAWN FEITZER ADDRESS: 308 JEWEL CT, FORT COLLINS PHONE NO. 970-702-4884 EMAIL ADDRESS: SFETZER@FETZERENGINEERING.COM

EXISTING IMPERVIOUS AREA: EXISTING HOUSE ROOFTOP — 902 SF EXISTING CONCRETE — 380 SF TOTAL = 1282 SF

PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS AREA PROPOSED HOUSE - 600 SF PROPOSED COVERED PORCH - 87 SF TOTAL = 687 SF

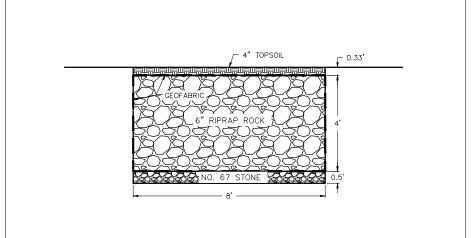
TOTAL NET IMPERVIOUSNESS = 1969 SF IMPERVIOUSNESS PERCENTAGE = 38.52 %

<u>LEGEND</u>

PROPERTY PIN ____ LOT LINE EXISTING CONCRETE

> EXISTING GRAVEL PROPOSED GRAVEL





ROCK PIT DETAIL



SKF 9/30/24 File No. 716MAPLE

			ım	pervious Area	C-coemicient -	EXISTING DASHI/L	OL .			
asin -Existing Lot										
rea of Analyzed Lot (acr	e) =	0.13								
	Soil Type									Weighted %
	(A,B,C/D)	Area (SF)	Area (AC)	% of Site	Lot Equivalent	% Imperviousness	C-Factor	Weighted C2	Weighted C100	Impervious
Buildings	C/D	902	0.02	16.12%	0.02	0.9	0.95	0.15	0.15	14.51%
Asphalt/Concrete	C/D	380	0.01	6.79%	0.01	1	0.95	0.06	0.06	6.79%
Gravel	C/D	671	0.02	11.99%	0.02	0.4	0.50	0.06	0.06	4.80%
Grassland	C/D	3642	0.08	65.09%	0.08	0.02	0.20	0.13	0.13	1.30%
Total	=	5595	0.13	100.00%	0.13			0.41	0.41	27.40%
Frequency Adjustment ($2yr = 1.0, 100 yr = 1.25$)					.0. 100 vr = 1.25) =	1.00	1.25			
							Final C-Factor =	0.41	0.51	
								0.41	0.51	
			Imp	ervious Area /			Final C-Factor =	0.41	0.51	
asin - Proposed (P1)			Imp	ervious Area /			Final C-Factor =	0.41	0.51	
asin - Proposed (P1) rea of Analyzed Lot (acr	e) =	0.13	Imp	ervious Area /			Final C-Factor =	0.41	0.51	
	e) = Soil Type	0.13	Imp	ervious Area /			Final C-Factor =	0.41	0.51	Weighted %
		0.13 Area (SF)	Imp	ervious Area /			Final C-Factor =	0.41 Weighted C2	0.51 Weighted C100	Weighted %
rea of Analyzed Lot (acr	Soil Type				C-coefficient - I	Proposed Basin/	Final C-Factor = Lot			-
	Soil Type (A,B,C/D)	Area (SF)	Area (AC)	% of Site	C-coefficient - I	Proposed Basin/ % Imperviousness	Final C-Factor = Lot C-Factor	Weighted C2	Weighted C100	Impervious
rea of Analyzed Lot (acr Buildings	Soil Type (A,B,C/D) C/D	Area (SF) 1589	Area (AC) 0.04	% of Site 28.40%	C-coefficient - I	Proposed Basin/ % Imperviousness	Lot C-Factor 0.95	Weighted C2 0.27	Weighted C100	Impervious 25.56%
rea of Analyzed Lot (acr Buildings Asphalt/Concrete	Soil Type (A,B,C/D) C/D C/D	Area (SF) 1589 380	Area (AC) 0.04 0.01	% of Site 28.40% 6.79%	Lot Equivalent 0.04 0.01	% Imperviousness 0.9 1	C-Factor	Weighted C2 0.27 0.06	Weighted C100 0.27 0.06	25.56% 6.79%
Buildings Asphalt/Concrete Gravel	Soil Type (A,B,C/D) C/D C/D C/D C/D C/D C/D	Area (SF) 1589 380 717	Area (AC) 0.04 0.01 0.02	% of Site 28.40% 6.79% 12.82%	C-coefficient - I Lot Equivalent 0.04 0.01 0.02	% Imperviousness 0.9 1 0.4	C-Factor 0.95 0.95 0.50	Weighted C2 0.27 0.06 0.06	Weighted C100 0.27 0.06 0.06	25.56% 6.79% 5.13%
Buildings Asphalt/Concrete Gravel Grassland	Soil Type (A,B,C/D) C/D C/D C/D C/D C/D C/D	Area (SF) 1589 380 717 2909	Area (AC) 0.04 0.01 0.02 0.07	% of Site 28.40% 6.79% 12.82% 51.99%	C-coefficient - I Lot Equivalent 0.04 0.01 0.02 0.07 0.13	% Imperviousness 0.9 1 0.4	C-Factor 0.95 0.95 0.50 0.20	Weighted C2 0.27 0.06 0.06 0.10	Weighted C100 0.27 0.06 0.06 0.10	1.04%

Land Use or Surface Characteristics	Percentage Imperviousness (%)
Business:	
Downtown Areas	95
Suburban Areas	75
Residential lots (lot area only):	
Single-family	
2.5 acres or larger	12
0.75 - 2.5 acres	20
0.25 - 0.75 acres	30
0.25 acres or less	45
Apartments	75
Industrial:	8
Light areas	80
Heavy areas	90
Parks, cemeteries	10
Playgrounds	25
Schools	55
Railroad yard areas	50
Undeveloped Areas:	10/
Historic flow analysis	2
Greenbelts, agricultural	2
Off-site flow analysis (when land use not defined)	45
Streets:	
Paved	100
Gravel (packed)	40
Drive and walks	90
Roofs	90
Lawns, sandy soil	2
Lawns, clayey soil	2

Table 3.2-2. Surface Type - Runoff Coefficients

Surface Type	Runoff Coefficients
Hardscape or Hard Surface	
Asphalt, Concrete	0.95
Rooftop	0.95
Recycled Asphalt	0.80
Gravel	0.50
Pavers	0.50
Landscape or Pervious Surface	
Lawns, Sandy Soil, Flat Slope < 2%	0.10
Lawns, Sandy Soil, Avg Slope 2-7%	0.15
Lawns, Sandy Soil, Steep Slope >7%	0.20
Lawns, Clayey Soil, Flat Slope < 2%	0.20
Lawns, Clayey Soil, Avg Slope 2-7%	0.25
Lawns, Clayey Soil, Steep Slope >7%	0.35

716 Maple St, Fort Collins Detention Calcs										
Modified FAA Procedure - Assuming Storing Additional Post 100 yr Flows from 600 SF Habitable Space and 87 SF Porch										
	Proposed							Existing		
Time			100 Year			100 Year				
Duration	C _{proposed**}	I*	А	Q	V	$C_{existing**}$	l*	А	Q	V
5	0.63	9.95	0.1300	0.815	244.47	0.51	9.95	0.1300	0.660	197.91
10	0.63	7.72	0.1300	0.632	379.36	0.51	7.72	0.1300	0.512	307.10
15	0.63	6.52	0.1300	0.534	480.59	0.51	6.52	0.1300	0.432	389.05
20	0.63	5.60	0.1300	0.459	550.37	0.51	5.60	0.1300	0.371	445.54
25	0.63	4.98	0.1300	0.408	611.79	0.51	4.98	0.1300	0.330	495.26
30	0.63	4.52	0.1300	0.370	666.34	0.51	4.52	0.1300	0.300	539.42
35	0.63	4.08	0.1300	0.334	701.72	0.51	4.08	0.1300	0.271	568.06
40	0.63	3.74	0.1300	0.306	735.13	0.51	3.74	0.1300	0.248	595.11
45	0.63	3.46	0.1300	0.283	765.11	0.51	3.46	0.1300	0.229	619.37
50	0.63	3.23	0.1300	0.265	793.61	0.51	3.23	0.1300	0.214	642.45
55	0.63	3.03	0.1300	0.248	818.92	0.51	3.03	0.1300	0.201	662.93
60	0.63	2.86	0.1300	0.234	843.24	0.51	2.86	0.1300	0.190	682.62
65	0.63	2.71	0.1300	0.222	865.60	0.51	2.71	0.1300	0.180	700.72
70	0.63	2.59	0.1300	0.212	890.91	0.51	2.59	0.1300	0.172	721.21
75	0.63	2.48	0.1300	0.203	914.00	0.51	2.48	0.1300	0.164	739.91
80	0.63	2.38	0.1300	0.195	935.63	0.51	2.38	0.1300	0.158	757.41
85	0.63	2.29	0.1300	0.188	956.51	0.51	2.29	0.1300	0.152	774.32
90	0.63	2.21	0.1300	0.181	977.39	0.51	2.21	0.1300	0.147	791.22
95	0.63	2.13	0.1300	0.174	994.35	0.51	2.13	0.1300	0.141	804.95
100	0.63	2.06	0.1300	0.169	1012.28	0.51	2.06	0.1300	0.137	819.47
105	0.63	2.00	0.1300	0.164	1031.94	0.51	2.00	0.1300	0.133	835.38
110	0.63	1.94	0.1300	0.159	1048.65	0.51	1.94	0.1300	0.129	848.91
115	0.63	1.88	0.1300	0.154	1062.41	0.51	1.88	0.1300	0.125	860.04
120	0.63	1.84	0.1300	0.151	1085.01	0.51	1.84	0.1300	0.122	878.34

^{*} Rainfall Intensity per Table 3.4.1 of Fort Collins Drainage Manual

Total Detention Required = 206.669 CF 7.65 CY 0.029 cfs

	230.4	CF				
Void %	30%					
Depth	4	FΤ				
Surface Area	192	FT FT				
Detainage Rock Pit						

^{**} C-values are based values calculated for the site

Site Pictures

Alley on West Side – Looking North



Alley on North Side – Looking South



Looking North at New Building site Location



Alley on North Side looking West



GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. All work must comply with state and local codes, based on the 2021 International Residential Code (IRC) and International Energy Code (IECC) where applicable. The Contractor shall comply with all laws, ordinances, rules and regulations of any public authority bearing on the performance of the work, including OSHA.
- 2. Location of the utilites (electrical, telephone, cable TV, gas, water, and sewer) shall be verified and located in the field before construction begins.
- 3. All on-site construction safety and construction means and methods are the responsibility of the Contractor. There is no implication of the construction safety requirements or building methods contained in these documents.
- 4. Do not scale the drawings. Contact U|R Design in the event additional dimensional information is needed.
- 5. All interior and exterior dimensions are to face of stud, face of masonry, or face of concrete, U.O.N.
- 6. Actual site conditions may vary. The scope of sitework may require different methods of processes compared to what is shown in the drawings. Prior to construction, the Contractor shall verify all dimensions and existing conditions. Verify changes with UIR Design or the Engineer.
- 7. If any discrepancies arise in these documents, the Contractor
- must notify UIR Design and/or the Engineer immediately. 8. Any variation which requires a physical change from these plans must be brought to the attention of U|R Design and the
- Engineer in order to maintain the design intent of the project. 9. All work connected with this project by any trade involved shall be of the highest quality attainable in accordance with the
- professional practice of the trade. 10. Open sides of stairways, landings, ramps, balconies, and porches, which are more than 30" above grade shall be
- protected by a 36" high guardrail above finished floor with no more than a 4" diameter sphere to pass through any portion of the railing. 11. All drawings including but not excluding all sketches,
- schematic drawings, permit submission drawings, contract documents, and this set included are the property of urban|rural design, inc. No reproduction, scanning, copying, selling, and/or use of construction, for other than the project location listed, for this document is allowed without the consent of urban|rural design, inc.



VIEW FROM ALLEY

NOTEABLE PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS:

- 1. HVAC System: Mini-split with electric baseboard backup
- 2. Tankless water heater
- 3. Stormwater Design: see Civil drawings
- 4. Continuous R-15 rigid insulation at exterior of foundation walls. R-10 rigid insulation below interior concrete slab.
- 5. Wall and Roof Assembly Insulation:
- Combination of closed cell foam and blown-in batt insulation, no roof venting required.
- 6. Class A Asphalt Composite Shingle Roofing on
- Continuous Ice & Watershield. 7. Siding: Combination of Board & Batten siding and
- composite lap siding.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

A 600 SF, SINGLE-STORY "ACCESSORY BUILDING WITH HABITABLE SPACE" AS AN EXTENSION OF THE CURRENT RENTAL PROPERTY. EXISTING GRAVEL PARKING TO BE UTILIZED WITH NO ADDITIONAL DRIVEWAY BEING ADDED. ALL NEW IMPERVIOUS AREAS ARE ACCOUNTED FOR IN THE CIVIL DRAWINGS WHERE A STORMWATER RAIN GARDEN HAS BEEN INCORPORATED.

	Window Schedule								
Туре	Cou	Rough (Opening						
Mark	nt	Width	Height	Material	Comments				
1	1	2'-11	5'-11	Alum or FG Clad	See Elevations for Operation				
ı		1/4"	1/2"						
2	1	3'-9"	2'-9"	Alum or FG Clad	See Elevations for Operation				
3	1	3'-0"	1'-8"	Alum or FG Clad	See Elevations for Operation				
5	2	3'-0"	2'-0"	Alum or FG Clad	See Elevations for Operation				
6	1	2'-5"	4'-0"	Alum or FG Clad	See Elevations for Operation				
7	1	2'-0"	4'-0"	Alum or FG Clad	See Elevations for Operation				
10	2	3'-0"	3'-0"	Alum or FG Clad	See Elevations for Operation				
11	3	4'-6"	2'-0"	Alum or FG Clad	See Elevations for Operation				

Door Schedule						
Door Number	Door Type	Door Size	Description	Door	Finish Comments	
D1	37	30" x 84"				
D2	59	30" x 84"				
D3	63	36" x 80"				
D4	61	20" x 84"				
D5	62	24" x 48"				

SITE	AND	BUIL	JING	AREA	٠.
<u> </u>	AIND	DUILL	<u>JING</u>	ANL	<u>13.</u>

ZONING DISTRICT:	ОТ-В
SITE AREA:	4500 SF
EXISTING DWELLING AREA (2 FLOORS):	1470 SF
EXISTING ACCESSORY BUILDING: PORCH:	600 SF 87 SF
EXISTING PORCH & DECK EXISTING PAVEMENT: TOTAL EXISTING IMPERVIOUS:	167 SF 323 SF 1960 SF
TOTAL GRAVEL PARKING:	675 SF

(A2.0) 5

DRAWING LIST:

ARCHITECTURALS:

PROJECT INFORMATION & FLOOR PLANS **ELEVATIONS, SECTIONS, & DETAILS**

DRAINAGE MEMO

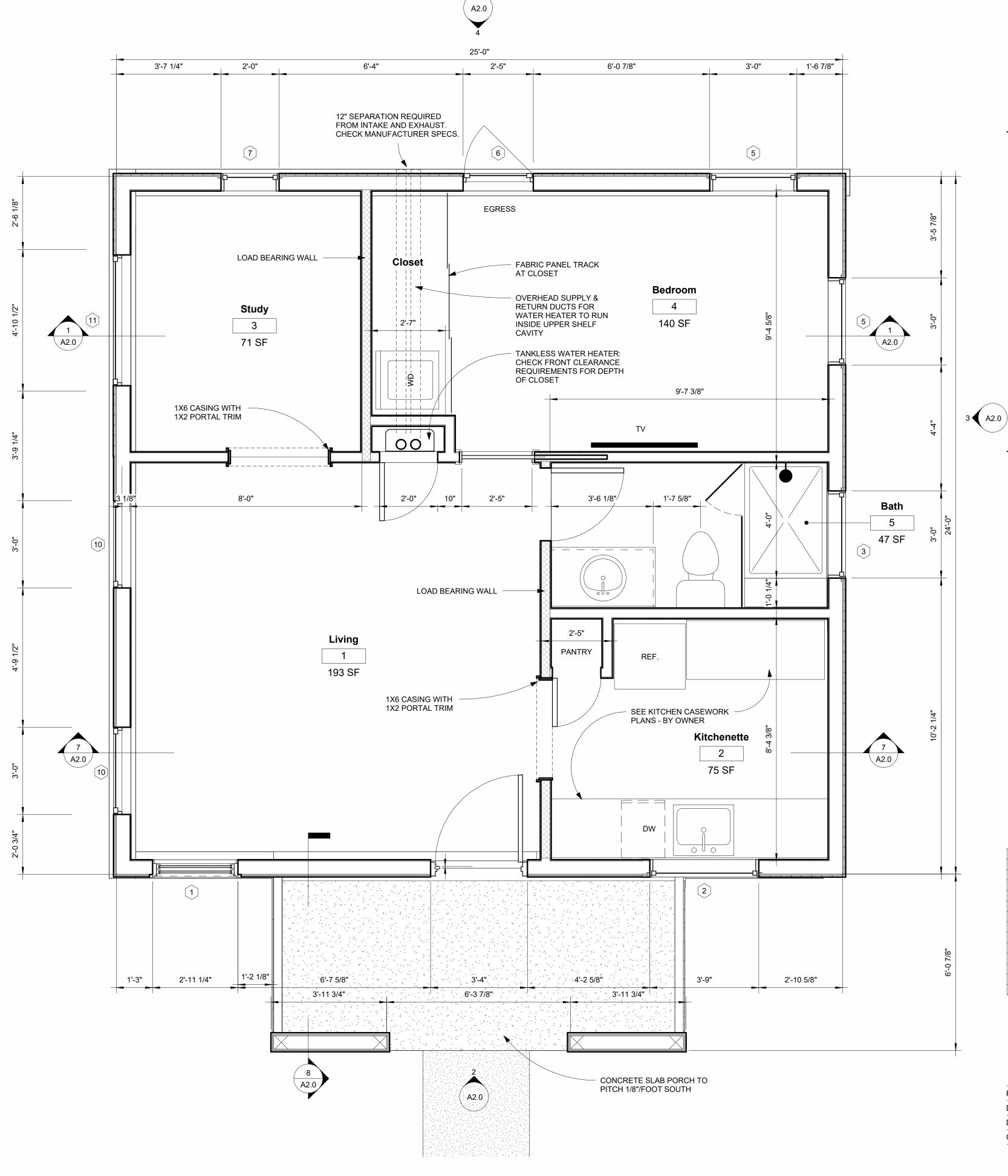
SITE AND DRAINAGE PLAN

STRUCTURALS:

FOUNDATION PLAN (& ROOF FRAMING) **FOUNDATION DETAILS & NOTES**

VICINITY MAP

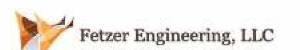




URBAN RURAL DESIGN

Urban|Rural Design, Inc. 316 Willow Street Fort Collins, Colorado 970.889.4004 www.urbanruralarch.com

CONSULTANTS:



CTL | THOMPSON

Loftis

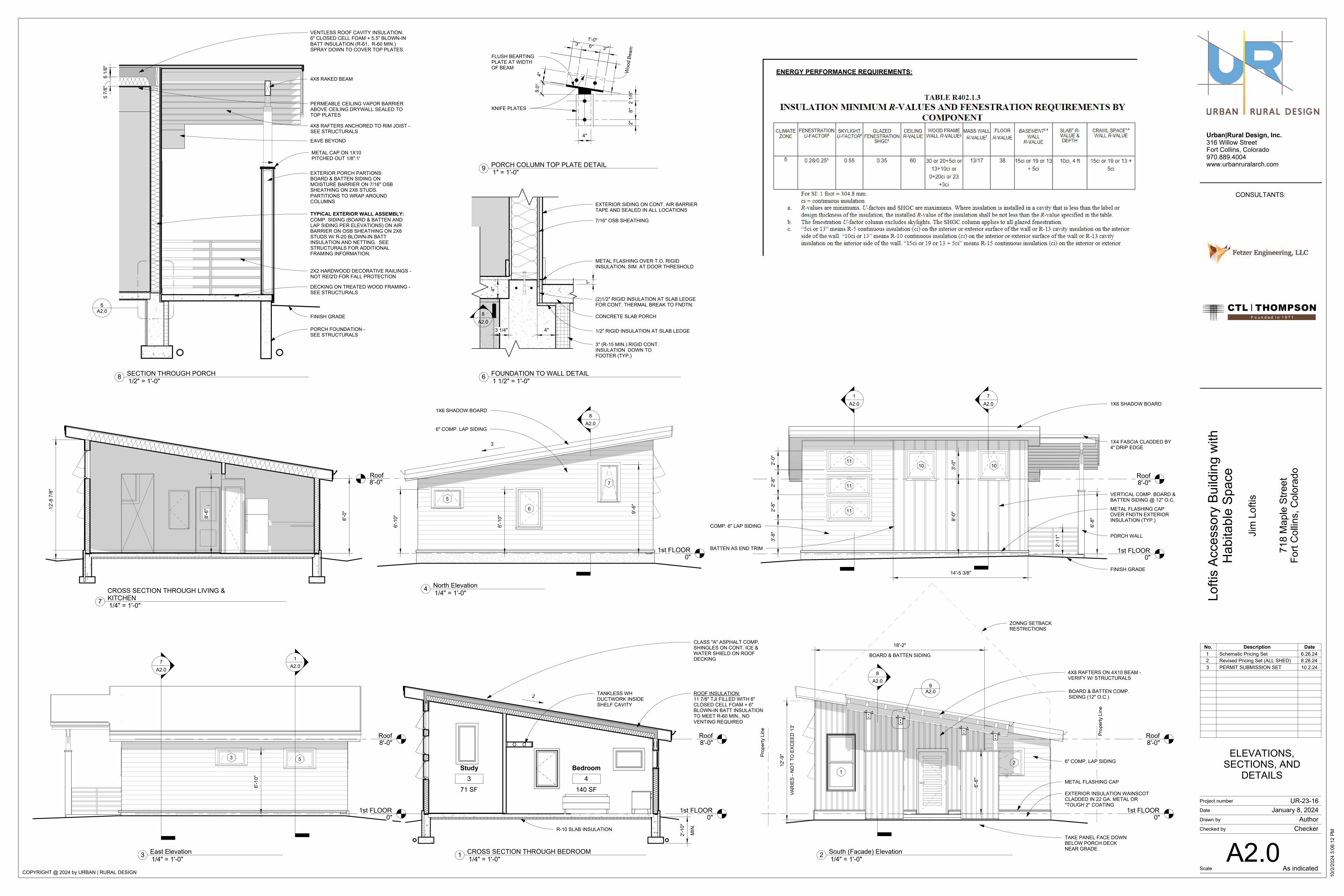
Buildin Space 718 Maple Street Fort Collins, Colorado

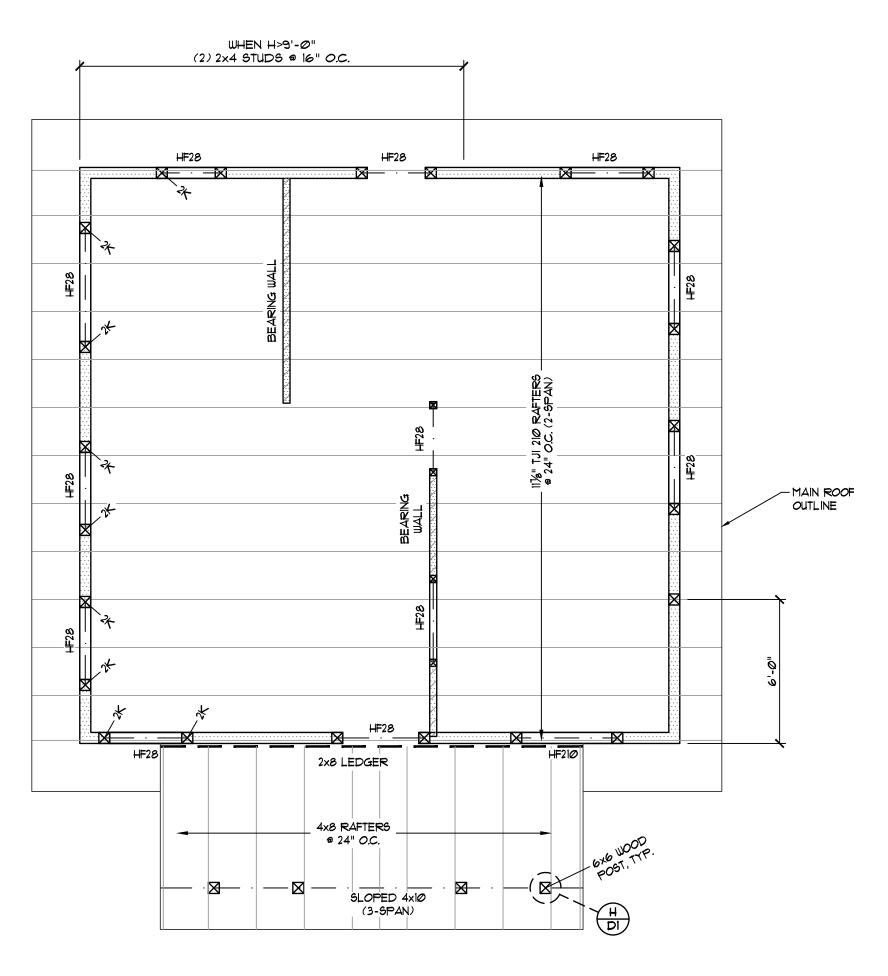
Revised Pricing Set (ALL SHED) PERMIT SUBMISSION SET

SITE PLAN, FLOOR PLAN, AND ROOF PLAN

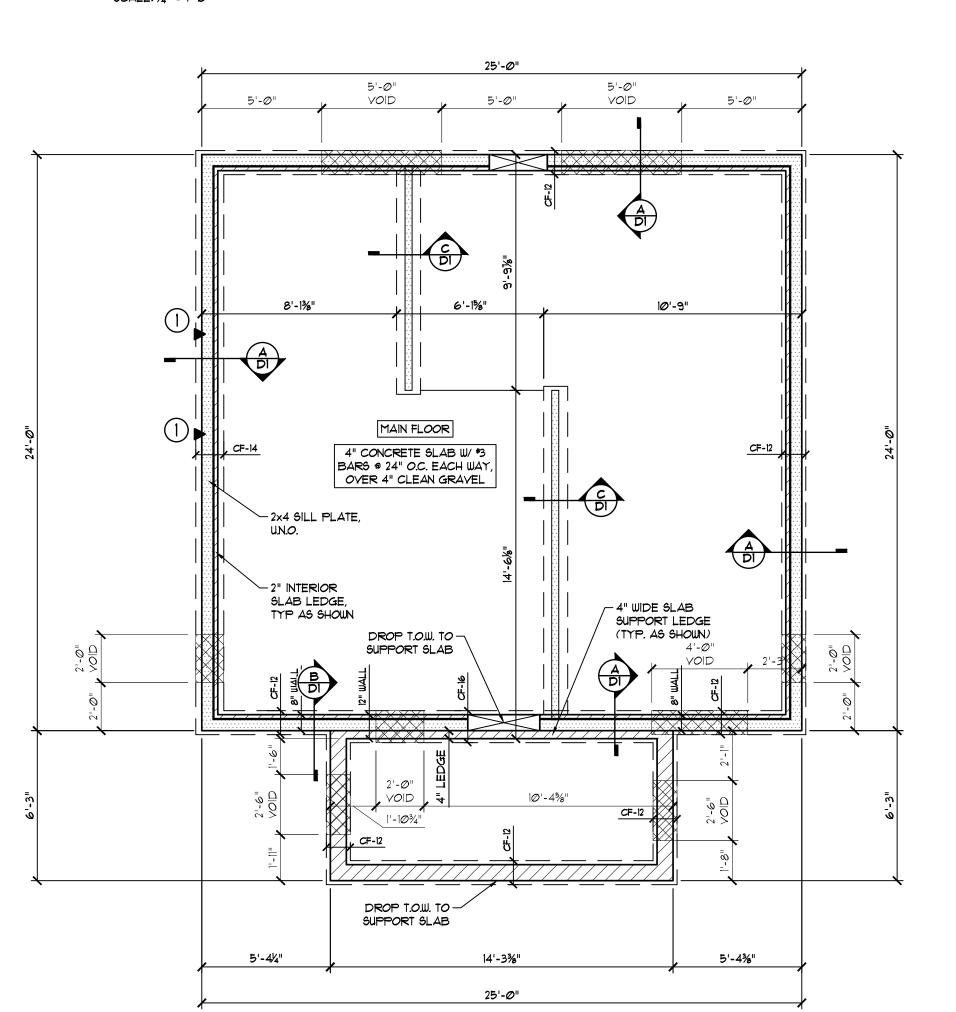
UR-23-16 Project number January 8, 2024 Checker

1/2" = 1'-0"





ROOF FRAMING PLAN SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"



FOUNDATION PLAN SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

FRAMING SCHEDULES

BRACED WALL PANEL SCHEDULE - STUDS @ 16"									
WALL DESIGNATION	RATED STRUC. SHEATHING TYPE	SHEATHING THICKNESS MINIMUM	HORIZONTAL EDGES BLOCKED	CONNECTOR TYPE (OR EQUAL)	EDGE SPACING	FIELD SPACING			
ALL EXTERIOR UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE	ZIP-R9 SYSTEM	PER MANUFACTURER	YES (NOTE 2)	Ø.131" × 3½" NAIL MIN. SHANK NAIL	3"	12"			

▲ INDICATES SIMPSON HOLD-DOWN STRAP. ATTACH PER DETAILS.

1. ALL EXTERIOR SHEATHING VERTICAL EDGES SHALL FALL UPON STUDS PER STRUCTURAL NOTES SPACED 16" O.C. TYP. (SEE 2. HORIZONTAL JOINTS SHALL OCCUR OVER BLOCKING EQUAL IN SIZE TO THE STUDDING EXCEPT WHERE WAIVED BY THE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SPECIFIC SHEATHING MATERIAL SHOWN ABOVE.
3. EXTERIOR WALL PANEL SOLE PLATES SHALL BE NAILED TO THE FLOOR FRAMING. AND TOP PLATES SHALL BE CONNECTED TO THE FRAMING ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH IRC TABLE 602.3 (1). 4. WHERE JOISTS ARE PERPENDICULAR TO INTERIOR BRACED WALL LINES ABOVE, BLOCKING SHALL BE PROVIDED UNDER

AND IN-LINE WITH THE BRACED WALL PANELS. 5. WHERE JOISTS ARE PARALLEL TO THE INTERIOR BRACED WALL LINES ABOVE DOUBLE JOISTS SHALL BE INSTALLED UNDER AND IN-LINE WITH THE BRACED WALL LINE ABOVE. **6.** ATTACH BOTTOM PLATE OF INTERIOR WIND SHEAR WALLS TO BLOCKING/BEAMS WITH (3) \emptyset .162" x $3\frac{1}{2}$ " NAILS AT 16" (in.) O.C. (OR (1) 0.162" x 31/2" NAIL AT 5" (in.) O.C.).

1. WIND SHEAR WALLS DESIGNED USING CODE PRESCRIPTIVE CONTINUOUS SHEATHING (CS), WOOD STRUCTURAL PANEL (WSP), GYPSUM BOARD (GB) METHODS, AND/OR ACCEPTED ENGINEERING PRACTICE.

HEADER SCHEDULE			
HEADER	SIZE	MATERIAL	* OF TRIMMER STUDS PER SIDE UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ON PLANS
HF28	2-2×8	HF * 2	(1) 2x
HF21Ø	2-2×10	HE #2	(1) 2x
	*	STU = NUM	BER OF TRIMMER DS EACH SIDE IBER OF KING DS EACH SIDE

	KING STUD SCHEDULE		
KING STUD HEIGHT		# OF KING STUDS PER SIDE	
FROM	TO.	UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ON PLANS	
2'-Ø"	4'-Ø"	(1) 2x	
4'-6"	10'-6"	(2) 2x	
"ד-'שו	13'-Ø"	(3) 2x	

HANGER SCHEDULI	E
CONNECTION LOCATION	CONNECTOR
I-JOIST TO FLUSH WOOD BEAM	IUS-SERIES
(2) I-JOIST TO FLUSH WOOD BEAM	IUS-SERIES
SAWN JOIST TO FLUSH WOOD BEAM	LUS-SERIES
(1)-LVL TO FLUSH WOOD BEAM	HU-SERIES
(2)-LVL TO FLUSH WOOD BEAM	HHUS-SERIES
(3)-LVL TO FLUSH WOOD BEAM	HHUS-SERIES
I-JOIST RAFTER TO RIDGE BEAM	LSSR OR HU*-SERIES
SAWN RAFTER TO RIDGE BEAM	LSSR OR HU*-SERIES
WOOD POST TO FOUNDATION	ABU-SERIES
WOOD POST TO BEAM ABOVE	BC-SERIES
I-JOIST TO FLUSH STEEL BEAM	ITS-SERIES
(2) I-JOIST TO FLUSH STEEL BEAM	BA-SERIES
(1)-LVL TO FLUSH STEEL BEAM	ITS-SERIES
(2)-LVL TO FLUSH STEEL BEAM	BA-SERIES
(3)-LVL TO FLUSH STEEL BEAM	HB-SERIES
DECK PSL TO WOOD COLUMN	HUCQ-SERIES
LATERAL DECK CONNECTION	DTTIZ-KT-SERIES

* - THIS HANGER MAY BE SPECIAL ORDER FOR THE APPLICATION LISTED ABOVE.

NOTE: FOR EXTERIOR APPLICATIONS WHERE ACQ TREATED LUMBER WILL BE USED, ALL HANGERS MUST HAVE ZMAX CORROSION PROTECTION.

DESIGN LOADING AND CODE JURISDICTION:

THOMPSON ounded in 1971

 \triangleleft

PROJECT*
FC11238.000

10/01/2024

PER PLAN

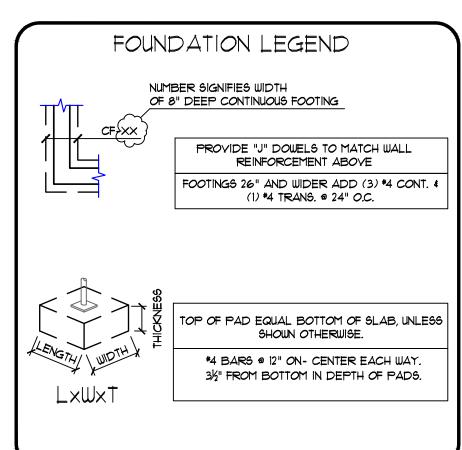
DESIGN CRITE	RIA	
REFERENCED 2018 IRC, ASCE DESIGN CODES:	T-16, ACI 332,	2018 NDS
RISK	CATEGORY	II
ROOF LOADS: ROOF DEAD LOAD ROOF LIVE LOAD GROUND SNOW LOAD FLAT ROOF SNOW LOAD SNOW EXPOSURE FACTOR SNOW IMPORTANCE FACTOR SNOW THERMAL FACTOR	15 20 30 30 1 1	pef pef pef pef
FLOOR LOADS: FLOOR DEAD LOAD FLOOR LIVE LOAD (UNIFORM) FLOOR LIVE LOAD (CONC.) DECK DEAD LOAD DECK LIVE LOAD (UNIFORM)	15 40 N/A 12 40	pef pef lbe pef pef
WIND LOADS: DESIGN WIND SPEED WIND SPEED TYPE WIND EXPOSURE INTERNAL PRESSURE COEFFICIENT	115 Vult. C Ø.18	mph (Enclosed)
SEISMIC LOADS: ACCELLERATION PERAMETERS SHORT PERIOD (g) (S6 & S08) ONE SECOND (g) (S1 & S01) SEISMIC IMPORTANCE FACTOR SOIL SITE CLASS SEISMIC DESIGN CATEGORY BASIC RESISTANCE SYSTEM DESIGN BASE SHEAR RESPONSE COEFFICIENTS RESPONSE MOD. COEFF. ANALYSIS PROCEDURE	@@! WOO! T.:	2, Ø213 51, ØØ91 I D B D FRAME 339 K ØØ39 5.5 ENT LATERAL

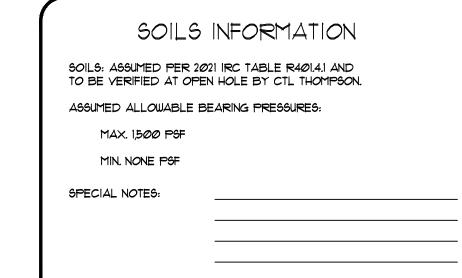
RECOMMENDED QUALITY ASSURANCE OBSERVATIONS			
RECOMMENDED OBSERVATIONS:	OBSERVATIONS PERORMED BY:	NOTE: OTHER OBSERVATIONS MAY	
OPEN-HOLE / SOIL VERIFICATION	CTL	BE REQUIRED BY THE LOCAL JURISDICTION OR	
FOOTING FORMWORK & SUBGRADE	CTL	OTHER ENGINEERS WORKING	
FOUNDATION REINFORCEMENT	CTL	ON THIS PROJECT.	
PERIMETER DRAIN	CTL		
DAMP PROOFING	C TL		

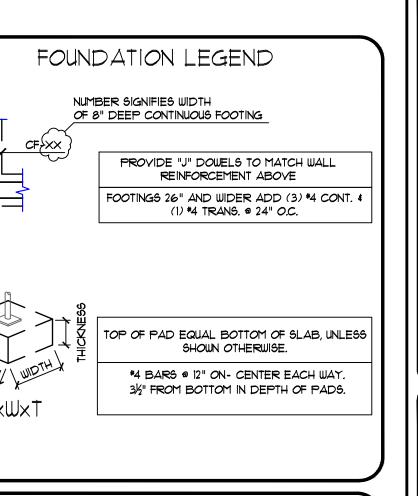
HOLDDOWN (HD) SCHEDULE			
# D	SYMBOL	MANUF. / MODEL	NOTES*
\bigcirc	•	SIMPSON STHD14RJ OR STHD14	SEE DETAIL

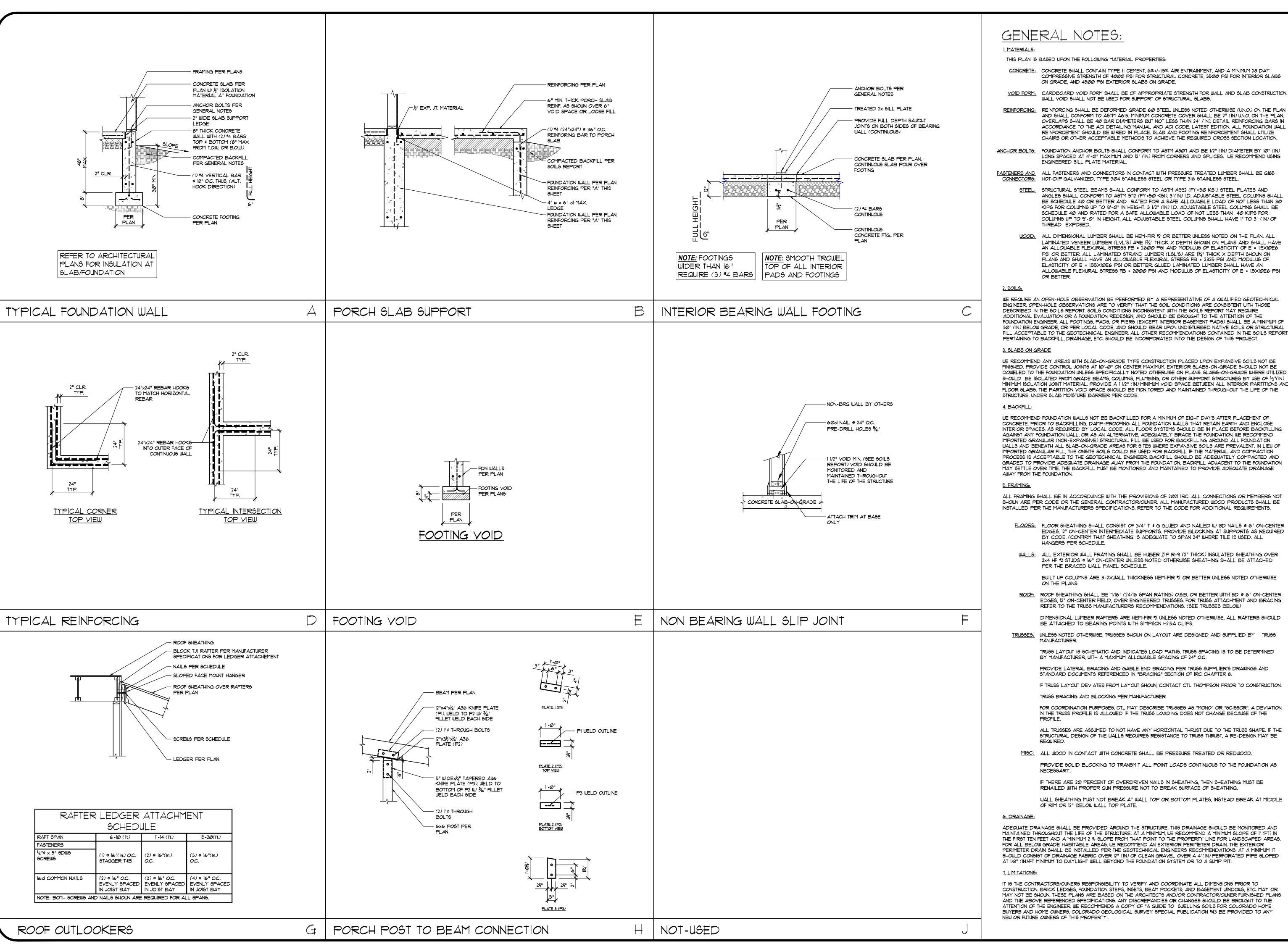
HD'S AS SHOWN ARE IN APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS. FIELD LOCATE HD'S AT CORNERS, EDGE OF OPENINGS ABOVE, OR ENDS OF REQUIRED SHEAR WALLS (SEE ARCH PLANS FOR

MIN. WOOD MEMBER SIZE PER MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS.









CONCRETE: CONCRETE SHALL CONTAIN TYPE II CEMENT, 6%+/-1.5% AIR ENTRAINMENT, AND A MINIMUM 28 DAY COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 4000 PSI FOR STRUCTURAL CONCRETE, 3500 PSI FOR INTERIOR SLABS

<u>YOID FORM:</u> CARDBOARD YOID FORM SHALL BE OF APPROPRIATE STRENGTH FOR WALL AND SLAB CONSTRUCTION.

AND SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A615. MINIMUM CONCRETE COVER SHALL BE 2" (IN) UN.O. ON THE PLAN. OVERLAPS SHALL BE 40 BAR DIAMETERS BUT NOT LESS THAN 24" (IN). DETAIL REINFORCING BARS IN ACCORDANCE TO THE ACI DETAILING MANUAL AND ACI CODE, LATEST EDITION. ALL FOUNDATION WALL REINFORCEMENT SHOULD BE WIRED IN PLACE. SLAB AND FOOTING REINFORCEMENT SHALL UTILIZE

ANCHOR BOLTS: FOUNDATION ANCHOR BOLTS SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A301 AND BE 1/2" (IN) DIAMETER BY 10" (IN) LONG SPACED AT 4'-0" MAXIMUM AND 12" (IN) FROM CORNERS AND SPLICES. WE RECOMMEND USING

FASTENERS AND ALL FASTENERS AND CONNECTORS IN CONTACT WITH PRESSURE TREATED LUMBER SHALL BE GISS

ANGLES SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM 572 (FY=50 KSI). 3"(IN) I.D. ADJUSTABLE STEEL COLUMNS SHALL BE SCHEDULE 40 OR BETTER AND RATED FOR A SAFE ALLOWABLE LOAD OF NOT LESS THAN 30 KIPS FOR COLUMNS UP TO 9'-0" IN HEIGHT. 3 1/2" (IN) I.D. ADJUSTABLE STEEL COLUMNS SHALL BE SCHEDULE 40 AND RATED FOR A SAFE ALLOWABLE LOAD OF NOT LESS THAN 40 KIPS FOR COLUMNS UP TO 9'-0" IN HEIGHT. ALL ADJUSTABLE STEEL COLUMNS SHALL HAVE I" TO 3" (IN) OF

WOOD: ALL DIMENSIONAL LUMBER SHALL BE HEM-FIR *2 OR BETTER UNLESS NOTED ON THE PLAN. ALL LAMINATED VENEER LUMBER (LVL'S) ARE 13/4" THICK X DEPTH SHOWN ON PLANS AND SHALL HAVE AN ALLOWABLE FLEXURAL STRESS FB = 2600 PSI AND MODULUS OF ELASTICITY OF E = 1.9XI0E6 PSI OR BETTER ALL LAMINATED STRAND LUMBER (LSL'S) ARE 13/4" THICK X DEPTH SHOWN ON PLANS AND SHALL HAVE AN ALLOWABLE FLEXURAL STRESS FB = 2325 PSI AND MODULUS OF ELASTICITY OF E = 1,55×10/E6 PSI OR BETTER, GLUED LAMINATED LUMBER SHALL HAVE AN ALLOWABLE FLEXURAL STRESS FB = 2000 PSI AND MODULUS OF ELASTICITY OF E = 1.5X10E6 PSI

ENGINEER, OPEN-HOLE OBSERVATIONS ARE TO VERIFY THAT THE SOIL CONDITIONS ARE CONSISTENT WITH THOSE DESCRIBED IN THE SOILS REPORT. SOILS CONDITIONS INCONSISTENT WITH THE SOILS REPORT MAY REQUIRE ADDITIONAL EVALUATION OR A FOUNDATION REDESIGN, AND SHOULD BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE FOUNDATION ENGINEER, ALL FOOTINGS, PADS, OR PIERS (EXCEPT INTERIOR BASEMENT PADS) SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 30" (IN) BELOW GRADE, OR PER LOCAL CODE, AND SHOULD BEAR UPON UNDISTURBED NATIVE SOILS OR STRUCTURAL FILL ACCEPTABLE TO THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER ALL OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS CONTAINED IN THE SOILS REPORT PERTAINING TO BACKFILL, DRAINAGE, ETC. SHOULD BE INCORPORATED INTO THE DESIGN OF THIS PROJECT.

WE RECOMMEND ANY AREAS WITH SLAB-ON-GRADE TYPE CONSTRUCTION PLACED UPON EXPANSIVE SOILS NOT BE FINISHED. PROVIDE CONTROL JOINTS AT 10'-0" ON CENTER MAXIMUM. EXTERIOR SLABS-ON-GRADE SHOULD NOT BE DOWELED TO THE FOUNDATION UNLESS SPECIFICALLY NOTED OTHERWISE ON PLANS, SLABS-ON-GRADE WHERE UTILIZED SHOULD BE ISOLATED FROM GRADE BEAMS, COLUMNS, PLUMBING, OR OTHER SUPPORT STRUCTURES BY USE OF 1/2"(IN) MINIMUM ISOLATION JOINT MATERIAL. PROVIDE A 1 1/2" (IN) MINIMUM VOID SPACE BETWEEN ALL INTERIOR PARTITIONS AND FLOOR SLABS. THE PARTITION VOID SPACE SHOULD BE MONITORED AND MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE LIFE OF THE

CONCRETE. PRIOR TO BACKFILLING, DAMP-PROOFING ALL FOUNDATION WALLS THAT RETAIN EARTH AND ENCLOSE INTERIOR SPACES, AS REQUIRED BY LOCAL CODE. ALL FLOOR SYSTEMS SHOULD BE IN PLACE BEFORE BACKFILLING AGAINST ANY FOUNDATION WALL, OR AS AN ALTERNATIVE, ADEQUATELY BRACE THE FOUNDATION. WE RECOMMEND IMPORTED GRANULAR (NON-EXPANSIVE) STRUCTURAL FILL BE USED FOR BACKFILLING AROUND ALL FOUNDATION WALLS AND BENEATH ALL SLAB-ON-GRADE AREAS FOR SITES WHERE EXPANSIVE SOILS ARE PREVALENT. IN LIEU OF IMPORTED GRANULAR FILL, THE ONSITE SOILS COULD BE USED FOR BACKFILL IF THE MATERIAL AND COMPACTION PROCESS IS ACCEPTABLE TO THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER BACKFILL SHOULD BE ADEQUATELY COMPACTED AND GRADED TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE DRAINAGE AWAY FROM THE FOUNDATION. BACKFILL ADJACENT TO THE FOUNDATION MAY SETTLE OVER TIME. THE BACKFILL MUST BE MONITORED AND MAINTAINED TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE DRAINAGE

ALL FRAMING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF 2021 IRC. ALL CONNECTIONS OR MEMBERS NOT SHOWN ARE PER CODE OR THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR/OWNER. ALL MANUFACTURED WOOD PRODUCTS SHALL BE

FLOORS: FLOOR SHEATHING SHALL CONSIST OF 3/4" T & G GLUED AND NAILED W/ 8D NAILS @ 6" ON-CENTER EDGES, 12" ON-CENTER INTERMEDIATE SUPPORTS. PROVIDE BLOCKING AT SUPPORTS AS REQUIRED BY CODE. (CONFIRM THAT SHEATHING IS ADEQUATE TO SPAN 24" WHERE TILE IS USED. ALL

<u>WALLS:</u> ALL EXTERIOR WALL FRAMING SHALL BE HUBER ZIP R-9 (2" THICK) INSULATED SHEATHING OVER 2x4 HF #2 STUDS @ 16" ON-CENTER UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE SHEATHING SHALL BE ATTACHED

BUILT UP COLUMNS ARE 3-2XWALL THICKNESS HEM-FIR *2 OR BETTER UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE

ROOF: ROOF SHEATHING SHALL BE 1/16" (24/16 SPAN RATING) O.S.B. OR BETTER WITH 8D @ 6" ON-CENTER EDGES, 12" ON-CENTER FIELD, OVER ENGINEERED TRUSSES. FOR TRUSS ATTACHMENT AND BRACING REFER TO THE TRUSS MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS. (SEE TRUSSES BELOW)

PROVIDE LATERAL BRACING AND GABLE END BRACING PER TRUSS SUPPLIER'S DRAWINGS AND

FOR COORDINATION PURPOSES, CTL MAY DESCRIBE TRUSSES AS "MONO" OR "SCISSOR". A DEVIATION

PROVIDE SOLID BLOCKING TO TRANSMIT ALL POINT LOADS CONTINUOUS TO THE FOUNDATION AS

IF THERE ARE 20 PERCENT OF OVERDRIVEN NAILS IN SHEATHING, THEN SHEATHING MUST BE

ADEQUATE DRAINAGE SHALL BE PROVIDED AROUND THE STRUCTURE. THIS DRAINAGE SHOULD BE MONITORED AND MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE LIFE OF THE STRUCTURE. AT A MINIMUM, WE RECOMMEND A MINIMUM SLOPE OF I' (FT) IN THE FIRST TEN FEET AND A MINIMUM 2 % SLOPE FROM THAT POINT TO THE PROPERTY LINE FOR LANDSCAPED AREAS. FOR ALL BELOW GRADE HABITABLE AREAS, WE RECOMMEND AN EXTERIOR PERIMETER DRAIN. THE EXTERIOR PERIMETER DRAIN SHALL BE INSTALLED PER THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERS RECOMMENDATIONS. AT A MINIMUM IT SHOULD CONSIST OF DRAINAGE FABRIC OVER 12" (IN) OF CLEAN GRAVEL OVER A 4"(IN) PERFORATED PIPE SLOPED

IT IS THE CONTRACTORS/OWNERS RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY AND COORDINATE ALL DIMENSIONS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. BRICK LEDGES, FOUNDATION STEPS, INSETS, BEAM POCKETS, AND BASEMENT WINDOWS, ETC. MAY OR MAY NOT BE SHOWN. THESE PLANS ARE BASED ON THE ARCHITECTS AND/OR CONTRACTOR/OWNER FURNISHED PLANS AND THE ABOVE REFERENCED SPECIFICATIONS, ANY DISCREPANCIES OR CHANGES SHOULD BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ENGINEER WE RECOMMENDS A COPY OF "A GUIDE TO SWELLING SOILS FOR COLORADO HOME BUYERS AND HOME OWNERS, COLORADO GEOLOGICAL SURVEY SPECIAL PUBLICATION *43 BE PROVIDED TO ANY

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