## ARTICLE 3

# BUILDING TYPES

#### DIVISION 3.1 RESIDENTIAL BUILDING TYPES

- 3.1.1 Mixed-Use
- 3.1.2 Apartment Building
- 3.1.3 Cottage Court
- 3.1.4 Rowhouse
- 3.1.5 Duplex
- 3.1.6 Detached House Urban
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- 3.1.8 Detached Accessory Structures
- 3.1.9 Accessory Dwelling Unit
- **3.1.10 Residential Cluster**

## **Mixed-Use**

#### DESCRIPTION

In "mixed-use" buildings, there shall be a combination of retail, office, and/or residential spaces within one or several buildings. Mixeduse buildings are usually in more urban areas and can vary in their size and number of stories. A mixed-use building type can be identified by its approachable and pedestrian friendly look. The buildings may be farther away from the street with wider sidewalk areas, street plantings, or outdoor seating.

#### **ZONE DISTRICTS**

The following Zone Districts allow Mixed-Use building types:

| LMN    | • CG              |
|--------|-------------------|
| • MMN  | • CS              |
| • HMN  | • CL              |
| • OT-C | • HC              |
| • NC   | • E               |
| • CC   | Overlay Districts |
| • CCN  |                   |
| • CCR  |                   |
| • D    |                   |

#### **BUILDING TYPE EXAMPLES**







Myriad Condominiums, Dohn Construction



TMA CHA Architect:

### **Mixed-Use**

#### **BUILDING STANDARDS**



#### **BUILDING HEIGHT**

| Maximum                     | 4-12 stories max.*     | A |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Affordable<br>Housing Bonus | 1-2 additional stories | B |

\*See Zone District standards for specific maximum height.

| <b>BUILD-TO LINES</b>    | G              |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| Smaller than<br>Arterial | 0'min 15' max. |
| <b>On-Street Parking</b> | 0'min 15' max. |
| Arterial or larger       | 10'min 25'max. |

#### **BUILD-TO LINE EXCEPTIONS**

| Plaza, courtyard,<br>patio or garden | Landscaping, low walls, fencing<br>or railings, a tree canopy and/<br>or other similar site<br>improvements are required.  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Easement                             | As required by the City to<br>continue an established<br>drainage channel or access<br>drive, or other easement.   |
| Contextual<br>Build-To               | A contextual build-to line may<br>fall at any point between the<br>required build-to line and the<br>build-to line that exists on a lot<br>that abuts, and is oriented to,<br>the same street as the subject<br>lot. |

### **Mixed-Use**

#### **MASSING & ARTICULATION**



#### **FACADE BASE**

A

B

All facades shall have a recognizable "base" consisting of (but not limited to):

- thicker walls, ledges or sills;
- textured materials such as stone or masonry;
- integrally colored and patterned materials such as smooth-finished stone or tile;
- lighter or darker colored materials;
- mullions or panels; and
- planters.

#### FACADE TOP

### All facades shall have a recognizable "top" consisting of (but not limited to):

- cornice treatments, other than just colored "stripes" or "bands," with integrally textured materials such as stone or other masonry or differently colored materials;
- sloping roof with overhangs and brackets; and
- stepped parapets.

#### MASSING

| Building Bays* -<br>Maximum Width | 30' | С |
|-----------------------------------|-----|---|
|-----------------------------------|-----|---|

Footprints over ten-thousand (10,000) sf shall incorporate recesses/projections with bays no wider than thirty (30) ft.

\*Building bay is defined as at least two (2) of the following:

- change in plane;
- change in height;
- change in texture or masonry pattern, windows, treillage with vines; and/or
- an equivalent element that subdivides the wall into human scale proportions.

#### FOUR-SIDED DESIGN

| Building Materials | Consistent with Front of Building | D |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---|

\*Standard also applies to rear facade..

### **Mixed-Use**

#### SITE ACCESS



#### **ENTRYWAYS**

| Primary Entrance<br>Features    | Sheltering Element<br>Required*                                | A |
|---------------------------------|--|---|
| Primary Entrance<br>Orientation | Opens to a Connecting<br>Walkway With Pedestrian<br>Frontage** | B |
| Awning Width                    | No shorter than<br>Single Storefront                           | С |

\*Includes clearly defined and recessed or framed element such as an awning, arcade, or portico to provide shelter.

\*\*Buildings with vehicle bays and/or service doors for intermittent/infrequent nonpublic access to equipment, storage or similar rooms (e.g., self-serve car washes and self-serve mini-storage warehouses) are exempt from this standard.

#### WALKWAYS

| Primary Function      | Pedestrian<br>Accommodation |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Secondary<br>Function | Vehicular Movement          |

#### **VEHICULAR ACCESS & PARKING**

| Alley Access***    | Setback additional 15'<br>min. from the building<br>wall   |
|--------------------|--|
| Off-Street Parking | Shall not be located any<br>closer to a public street<br>right-of-way than the<br>principal building is set<br>back from the street. |

\*\*\*Any new access must obtain access from an alley when present, unless proposed alley access is deemed hazardous by the City Engineer.

## **Apartment Building**

#### DESCRIPTION

An apartment building is a residential building that has three (3) or more housing units. Apartment buildings are typically medium to large in size because the units are placed sideby-side and/or stacked vertically. Apartment buildings have a variety of architectural styles but are usually at least 2 stories tall and have common entries that face the street.

#### ZONE DISTRICTS

The following Zone Districts allow Apartment building:

| • RL   | • CCR               |
|--------|---------------------|
| • LMN  | • CG                |
| • MMN  | • D                 |
| • HMN  | • HC                |
| • OT-C | • CS                |
| • NC   | • CL                |
| • CC   | • E                 |
| • CCN  | • Overlay Districts |

#### **BUILDING TYPE EXAMPLES**



### **Apartment Building**

#### **BUILDING STANDARDS**



#### **BUILDING HEIGHT**

| Maximum                     | 3 - 12 stories max.*   | A |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Affordable<br>Housing Bonus | 1-2 additional stories | B |

\*See Zone District standards for specific maximum height.

#### **CONTEXTUAL HEIGHT SETBACK**

Upper Story Setback\*

25' min. upper story setback above 2 stories

C

\*Only properties abutting a zone district with a lower maximum building height shall comply.

#### **ROOF DESIGN**

#### Roof lines may be either sloped, flat or curved, but must include at least two (2) of the following:

B

- The primary roof line shall be articulated through a variation or terracing in height, detailing and/or change in massing.
- Secondary roofs shall transition over entrances, porches, garages, dormers, towers or other architectural projections.
- Offsets in roof planes shall be a minimum of two
  (2) feet in the vertical plane.
- Termination at the top of flat roof parapets shall be articulated by design details and/or changes in materials and color.
- Rooftop equipment shall be hidden from view by incorporating equipment screens of compatible design and materials.

### **Apartment Building**

#### **BUILDING STANDARDS**



D

D

#### **FACADES & WALLS**

| Building Facade | Required when |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Articulation*   | 40' or more   |

#### \*Facade articulation can be accomplished by:

- Covered doorways, balconies, covered box or bay windows, and/or other similar features;
- Offsetting the floor plan;
- Recessing or projection of design elements;
- Change in materials; and/or
- Change in contrasting colors.

#### MASSING

- Massing, wall plane, and roof design proportions shall be similar to a detached house, so that larger buildings can be integrated into surrounding lower scale neighborhoods.
- Projections, recesses, covered doorways, balconies, covered box or bay windows and/or other similar features.
- Dividing large facades and walls into human-scaled proportions similar to the adjacent single- or twofamily dwellings shall not have repetitive, monotonous undifferentiated wall planes.
- Horizontal and/or vertical elements that break up blank walls of forty (40) feet or longer.

#### **PRIMARY ENTRANCES**

| Architectural<br>Feature | Primary entrances shall include<br>architectural features such as a<br>porch, landing, portico, similar<br>feature or landscaping. |
|--------------------------|--|
| Location                 | Primary entry(ies) shall be located on the street-facing facade.   |

F

#### VEHICULAR ACCESS & PARKING

| Alley Access**        | Setback additional 15' min.<br>from building wall.   |
|-----------------------|--|
| Off-Street<br>Parking | Shall not be located any<br>closer to a public street<br>right-of-way than the<br>principal building is set back<br>from the street. |

\*\*Any new access must obtain access from an alley when present, unless proposed alley access is deemed hazardous by the City Engineer.

## **Cottage Court**

#### DESCRIPTION

Cottage Court complexes are a grouping of residential units that are organized around a shared courtyard accessible to all residents. Some cottages face the street while others face towards the courtyard. The cottages are usually smaller in scale with friendly architectural styles that provide a neighborhood feel, such as porches or stoops for each residential unit.

#### **ZONE DISTRICTS**

The following Zone Districts allow cottage court building types:

- RL
- LMN
- MMN
- **OT**
- HC
- E
- D
- Overlay Districts

#### **BUILDING TYPE EXAMPLES**



All Photos Courtesy of Ross Chapin Architect:

### **Cottage Court**



#### LOT STANDARDS

| <b>Lot Area - Minimu</b><br>(Prior to Subdivisio     |                         | 9000 ft² min. |
|--|-------------------------|---------------|
| Lot Area / Unit - I                                  | Minimum                 | 1400 ft² min. |
| <b>Lot Width - Minimum</b><br>(Prior to Subdivision) |                         | 100' min.     |
| DWELLING UN  | ITS                     |               |
| # of Dwelling Units                                  |                         | 3 - 12 max.   |
| Distance between units                               |                         | 10' min.      |
| FLOOR AREA (Maximum)                                 |                         |               |
| Cottage  | 1200-1500 sf on average |               |

#### **BUILDING MASS**

| Building Height -     | 1.5 - 2.5 stories / |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Maximum               | 26 - 32' max.*      |
| Eave Height - Maximum | 13' - 18' max.*     |

\*See Zone District standards for specific maximum height.

#### COMMON COURT

| Court Width - Minimum | 16' min.*                | С |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Court Area - Minimum  | 800 ft <sup>2</sup> min. | D |

\*Along frontage line.

### **Cottage Court**

#### SITE ACCESS



#### **ENTRANCES**

| Primary Entrance<br>Orientation* | Toward street or shared court                        |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Architectural Features           | Required   |
| Single-Unit Detached             | 6' deep min. x 8' length<br>min.                     |
| Single-Unit Attached             | 4' x 4' min.<br>covered porch or<br>stoop required** |

\*For new construction on rear area of a lot that consists of frontage on two (2) streets and an alley, frontage shall face street.

\*\*Porch Depth is as measured from the building facade to the posts, railings and spindles.

#### **ACESSS & CIRCULATION**

| Walkways                                   | Shared pathways   | С |
|--|---|---|
| Off-Street Parking -<br>Alley Access       | Behind street fronting dweilling                            |   |
| Off-Street Parking -<br>No-Alley Access    | 12′ max.<br>driveway width,<br>1 driveway / lot             | D |
| Parking Ratio<br>per number of<br>bedrooms | 1 or less br: 1.0<br>2 br: 1.50<br>3 br: 2.00<br>4 br: 2.50 | • |

Off-street parking area shall be prohibited within the court.

## Rowhouse

#### **BUILDING STANDARDS**

A rowhouse consists of 2-8 residential units that are placed side-by-side and share walls. Rowhouses are typically narrow and 2-3.5 stories tall, with each home having its own entrance that usually faces the street. It is common for homes in rowhouses to have porches and some may have an attached or detached garage behind each unit.

#### **ZONE DISTRICTS**

The following Zone Districts allow Rowhouse building types:

| • RL   | • CC  |
|--------|-------|
| • UE   | • CCN |
| • LMN  | • CCR |
| • MMN  | • CG  |
| • HMN  | • CS  |
| • OT-B | • CL  |
| • NC   | • HC  |
| • D    | • E   |
|        |       |

#### **BUILDING TYPE EXAMPLES**



Thrive Home Builders

CG Architect

### Rowhouse

#### **BUILDING STANDARDS**



#### LOT STANDARDS

| Lot Area / Unit        | 1400 ft² min.    |  |
|------------------------|------------------|--|
| Lot Width - Minimum    | 15' min. 🔥       |  |
| Private Outdoor Space* | 12' x 18' / unit |  |

\*Clearly defined space such as a patio, courtyard or deck.

#### **BUILDING MASS**

| Building Height -<br>Maximum | 2-3.5 Stories** B       |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| # of Rowhouse Groupings      | 2 - 8 max.***           |
| Building Orientation         | Front faces street **** |

\*\*See Zone Distrcit standards for max. height.

\*\*\*Maximum is dependent on Zone District standards.

\*\*\*\* Narrower side of unit faces the street.

#### **ROOF DESIGN**

### Roof lines may be either sloped, flat or curved, but must include at least two (2) of the following elements:

- The primary roof line shall be articulated through a variation or terracing in height, detailing and/or change in massing.
- Secondary roofs shall transition over entrances, porches, garages, dormers, towers or other architectural projections.
- Offsets in roof planes shall be a minimum of two (2) feet in the vertical plane.
- Termination at the top of flat roof parapets shall be articulated by design details and/or changes in materials and color.
- Rooftop equipment shall be hidden from view by incorporating equipment screens of compatible design and materials.

### Rowhouse



#### **ACESSS & CIRCULATION**

| Off-Street Parking -<br>Alley Access    | Behind dwelling            |  |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| Off-Street Parking -<br>No-Alley Access | 12' max.<br>driveway width |  |

• Off Street Parking area shall not be visible from the street or shared court the primary entrance faces.

| ENTRANCES                       | в                                |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Primary Entrance<br>Orientation | Toward street or shared court    |
| Architectural Features          | Required                         |
| Porch Dimensions                | 6' deep min. x 8'<br>length min. |

For new construction on rear area of a lot that consists of frontage on two (2) streets and an alley, frontage shall face street.

Architectural features include porch, portico or similar feature.Porch Depth is as measured from the building facade to

 Porch Depth is as measured from the building facade to the posts, railings and spindles

## Duplex

#### DESCRIPTION

A duplex consists of one building with two (2) side-by-side residential units that both face the street or two (2) units that are stacked vertically. A duplex is commonly 1.5 to 2 stories and usually features porches, stoops, and pitched roofs, so it can look like a medium to large detached house and fit in well with singleunit neighborhoods. Other types of duplexes may not face the street, such as over-thegarage duplexes or basement duplexes.

#### **ZONE DISTRICTS**

The following Zone Districts allow Duplex building types:

| • RL        | • CCR |
|-------------|-------|
| • LMN       | • CG  |
| • MMN       | • CS  |
| • <b>OT</b> | • CL  |
| • NC        | • HC  |
| • CC        | • E   |
| • CCN       |       |
|             |       |

#### **BUILDING TYPE EXAMPLES**



### **Duplex**

#### **BUILDING STANDARDS**



#### LOT STANDARDS

| Lot Size - Minimum      | 4500 ft <sup>2*</sup> |  |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Lot Width - Minimum     | 40' min. 🛛 🛕          |  |
| Floor Area - Maximum    | 1500 ft² / unit       |  |
| Private Outdoor Space** | 12' x 18' / unit      |  |

\* Except in RL, the minimum lot area shall be the equivalent of three (3) times the total floor area of the building but not less than six thousand (6,000) square feet.

\*\*Clearly defined space such as a patio, courtyard or deck

#### **BUILDING MASS**

| Building Height - Maximum | 35′***                                | B |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| # of Duplex Groupings     | 3 - 6 max.                            |   |
| Building Orientation      | Front faces street<br>or shared court | t |

- A second floor shall not overhang the lower front or side exterior walls of a new or existing building.
- \*\*\*See Zone District standards for specific maximum height.

| ROOF DESIGN                            |           | C |
|--|-----------|---|
| Roof Pitch - Minimum                   | 2:12      |   |
| Roof Pitch - Maximum                   | 12:12     |   |
| Roof Pitch -<br>Architectural Features | 24:12**** | D |

\*\*\*\*Covered porch may be flat whenever the roof of such a porch is also considered to be the floor of a second-story deck.

### **Duplex**

#### SITE ACCESS



#### **ENTRANCES**

| Private Entrance for<br>Individual Units | Min. of one entry<br>required to orient<br>toward street; may<br>be shared entry for<br>stacked units. |
|--|--|
| Architectural Features                   | Required   |
| Shared Front Porch                       | 6' deep min. x 8' B<br>length min.   |
| Individual Entry Feature                 | 4' x 4' min.<br>covered ground-<br>floor stoop   |

- Entrances must be visible from the street or shared court.
- Architectural features include porch, portico or similar feature. Covered porch may be flat whenevr the roof of such porch is also considered to be the floor of a second-story deck.
- Porch Depth is as measured from the building facade to the posts, railings and spindles.

#### **ACESSS & CIRCULATION**

| Off-Street Parking -<br>Alley Access     | Behind dwelling                            |  |
|--|--|--|
| Street-Facing<br>Garage Setback*         | Recessed 4' behind a porch or front facade |  |
| Off-Street Parking -<br>No-Alley Access* | 12' max.<br>driveway width                 |  |

\* Allowed only when there is no alley access.

## **Detached House, Urban**

#### DESCRIPTION

An urban detached house is a small to mediumsized 1-2 story home on a single lot located in established neighborhoods. Most have one main entrance and often attached or detached garages. Urban detached houses are distinct in that they are usually on smaller lots, and within walking distance to key amenities and services.

#### **ZONE DISTRICTS**

The following Zone Districts allow Detached House, Urban building:

| • <b>OT</b> | • MH  |
|-------------|-------|
| • LMN       | • HC  |
| • MMN       | • CL  |
| • RL        | • CS  |
| • RF        | • CCR |
| • RUL       | • CCN |

#### **BUILDING TYPE EXAMPLES**



### **Detached House, Urban**

#### **BUILDING STANDARDS**



#### LOT STANDARDS\*

| Lot Size - Minimum  | 3000 ft <sup>2</sup> | A |
|---------------------|----------------------|---|
| Lot Width - Minimum | 40' min.             | B |

\*Lot standards may vary from dimensions stated here if part of a larger development and consistent with density requirements.

#### **ROOF DESIGN**

| Roof Pitch - Minimum**                 | 2:12     |
|--|----------|
| Roof Pitch - Maximum                   | 12:12    |
| Roof Pitch -<br>Architectural Features | 24:12*** |

\*\*Only applies in the OT zone district.

\*\*\*Covered porch may be flat whenever the roof of such a porch is also considered to be the floor of a second-story deck.

#### **FRONT YARD FENCES**

| Opacity              | 60% min.         |
|----------------------|------------------|
| Height               | 2.5' min 3' max. |
| Prohibited Materials | Chain Link       |

#### **OFF-STREET PARKING**

| Alley Access    | Behind dwelling            |
|-----------------|----------------------------|
| No-Alley Access | 12' max.<br>driveway width |

#### **BUILDING MASS**

| Building Height - Maximum | 35'**** <b>C</b>   |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Building Orientation      | Front faces street |

A second floor shall not overhang the lower front or side exterior walls of a new or existing building.

\*\*\*\*See Zone District standards for specific maximum height.

### **Detached House, Urban**



#### **ENTRANCES**

| Primary Entrance<br>Orientation | Towards front wall of building*  |  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Architectural<br>Features       | Required A                       |  |
| Porch Dimensions                | 6' deep min. x 8' length<br>min. |  |

\*Unless required for handicap access.

#### **OFF-STREET PARKING**

| Alley Access    | Behind dwelling            |   |
|-----------------|----------------------------|---|
| No-Alley Access | 12' max.<br>driveway width | C |

Except in RL, the maximum driveway width is 18'.

## **Detached House, Suburban**

#### DESCRIPTION

A suburban detached house is a small to medium-sized 1-2 story home on a single lot located in established neighborhoods. Most have one main entrance and often attached or detached garages. Suburban detached houses make up a large portion of Fort Collin's current single-unit residential areas.

#### ZONE DISTRICTS

The following Zone Districts allow Detached House, Suburban building type:

| • <b>OT</b> | • CCN |
|-------------|-------|
| • LMN       | • CCR |
| • MMN       | • CG  |
| • RL        | • CS  |
| • RF        | • CL  |
| • UE        | • HC  |
| • RUL       | • E   |
| • MH        |       |

#### **BUILDING TYPE EXAMPLES**



### **Detached House, Suburban**

#### **BUILDING STANDARDS**



#### LOT STANDARDS

| Lot Area                                   | 3000 ft <sup>2</sup> min.*                      |  |
|--|---|--|
| Lot Width**                                | 60' min. 🗛                                      |  |
| Front Setback**                            | 20' <b>B</b>                                    |  |
| Rear Setback**                             | 15'   |  |
| Rear Setback, Alley-<br>Accessed Garages** | 6'  |  |
| Residential Use -<br>Side Setback**        | Corner Lot - 15' min.<br>Interior Lot - 5' min. |  |

\*Except in RL, the minimum lot area shall be the equivalent of three (3) times the total floor area of the building but not less than six thousand (6,000) square feet.

\*\*Except in OT, the standards in this zone district apply.

#### **BUILDING HEIGHT**

| Maximum   | 28' Max.*** | C |
|---|-------------|---|
| ***See Zone District standards for specific maximum height. |             |   |

D

### ROOF DESIGN

| Roof Pitch - Minimum**** | 2:12  |
|--------------------------|-------|
| Roof Pitch - Maximum     | 12:12 |

\*\*\*\*Only applies in the OT zone district.

#### MASSING

A second floor shall not overhang the lower front or side exterior walls of a new or existing building.

### **Detached House, Suburban**

#### SITE DESIGN



#### **ENTRANCES**

| Primary Entrance          | Towards front            |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Orientation               | wall of building*        |
| Architectural<br>Features | Required by District A   |
| Porch                     | 6' deep min. x 8' length |
| Dimensions**              | min.                     |

\*Unless required for handicap access.

\*\*When required by zone district.

#### **ACESSS & CIRCULATION**

| Off-Street Parking                               | 12' max.<br>driveway width                 |  |
|--|--|--|
| Except in RL, the maximum driveway width is 18'. |  |  |
| GARAGE LOCATION                                  |  |  |
| Street-Facing<br>Garage Setback                  | Recessed 4' behind a porch or front facade |  |

### **Detached Accessory Structure**

#### DESCRIPTION

- Free-standing structure
- Does not include a dwelling unit
- Unattached to proposed or existing primary dwelling
- Does not share a common wall with primary dwelling
- New construction or built from existing detached accessory building
- Max. square footage
- Compliments primary dwelling (architecture, materiality)

#### **BUILDING STANDARDS**

#### ACCESSORY BUILDING FLOOR AREA

| OT zone<br>district         | Any parcel                     | 600 ft <sup>2</sup><br>max.   |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| All other zone<br>districts | Parcels >20,000 sf             | 800 ft²<br>max.               |
|                             | Parcels <20,000 sf<br>> 1 acre | 1,200 ft <sup>2</sup><br>max. |
|                             | Parcels < 1 acre               | 6% ft²<br>max.                |

#### **ZONE DISTRICTS**

All Zone Districts that permit single-unit and two-unit uses.

#### **ACCESSORY BUILDING SETBACKS**

| Setback from<br>Primary Dwelling | 5' min.                     |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Side & Rear<br>Setback           | Per Zone District standards |

#### ACCESSORY BUILDING HEIGHT (Maximum)

| Accessory Building | 24' max.                    |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Bulk Plane         | Per Zone District standards |

### **Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU)**

#### DESCRIPTION

- Full living amenities
- Accessory to a Duplex or Detached House
- New construction or built from existing detached accessory building
- Min & Max. square footage
- Subordinate to and compliments the primary dwelling (architecture, materiality)

#### **BUILDING STANDARDS**

Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU), detached

- Free-standing structure
- Unattached to proposed or existing primary dwelling
- Does not share a common wall or roof with primary dwelling
- Behind front wall of primary dwelling
- May include garage, shed or other accessory space Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU), attached
- Attached to the existing primary dwelling
- Shares at minimum one (1) common wall with primary dwelling
- Main entrance located interior to the primary dwelling.

#### **ZONE DISTRICTS**

Allowed in all zone districts where there is an existing:

- detached house;
- duplex; or
- non-residential use operating in a detached house.

#### **ADU SETBACKS**

| ADU detached,<br>Setback from Primary<br>Dwelling | 5' min.                        |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Side & Rear Setback                               | Per Zone District<br>standards |

#### ADU HEIGHT (Maximum)

| ADU Height | 1.5 stories /<br>28' max.   |  |
|------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Bulk Plane | Per Zone District standards |  |

#### ADU FLOOR AREA

| Detached ADU<br>with or without<br>non-habitable | New construction                              | Primary Building<br><u>&lt; 1</u> ,335 ft <sup>2</sup> | 600 ft <sup>2</sup> max.*  |
|--|---|--|--|
| space (Rear Lot)                                 |   | Primary Building<br>> 1,335 ft <sup>2</sup>            | 1,000 ft <sup>2</sup> max. / or 45% of primary dwelling unit. (whichever is less)* |
|  | Existing accessory<br>structure**             |  | 800 ft <sup>2</sup> max.***  |
| Attached ADU                                     | Located on a floor<br>level at or above grade | 45% of primary dwelling unit                           |  |
|  | located on floor level below grade            | 100% of the floor level                                |  |

\*Max. floor Area includes garage, shed or other accessory space.

\*\*Legal structure upon the adoption of the LDC.

\*\*\*Does not include non-habitable space.

### **Residential Cluster**

#### DESCRIPTION

In a residential cluster lot sizes may be reduced in order to cluster the dwellings together on a portion of the property, with the remainder of the property permanently preserved as privately owned open space. A Residentail Cluster may include the following other building types Detached House, Duplex, Cottage Court, Rowhouse, or ADU.

#### **ZONE DISTRICTS**

The following Zone Districts allow Residential Cluster building type:

• UE • RF

• RUL

#### **DESIGN STANDARDS**

(A) Street Connectivity and Design. The layout and design of any new streets shall emphasize characteristics and views of the openlandscape. To the maximum extent feasible, streets shall be designed to minimize the amount of site disturbance caused by roadway and associated grading required for their construction by utilizing special street design characteristics such as divided lanes, landscape islands and landscape solutions to drainage instead of standard curb and gutter (so that storm water runoff is directed into open swales and ditches). Local and residential access roads shall be designed without curbs and gutters unless deemed necessary for health and safety by the City Engineer.

#### (B) Fossli Creek Reservoir Resource

**Management Area.** In the Fossil Creek Reservoir Resource Management Area clustering shall be required for residential development.

#### (C) Site Design for Residential Cluster

**Development.** In a cluster development, lot sizes and widths may be reduced in order to group the dwellings together. The precentage of the development that includes residential uses and the precentage required to be preserved as privately owned open space can be found in the following table.

| <b>Portion of Development Used</b> | for |
|------------------------------------|-----|
| Residential Cluster                |     |

| Zone District | Cluster<br>Maximum | Open Space<br>(Privately Owned)<br>Minimum |
|---------------|--------------------|--|
| UE            | 50%                | 50%  |
| RUL           | 20%                | 80%  |
| RF            | 50%                | 50%  |

(1) The private open space of the proposed development shall remain under private ownership, as protected by restrictive covenants for the benefit of the City, and/ or by maintaining existing dwellings and any outbuildings, protected by restrictive covenants binding upon either:

- (a) existing residential owners;
- (b) the residential homeowners' association if it owns such propert; or
- (c) a nonprofit organization acceptable to the City, if it owns such property.

(2) The development plan shall include such restrictive provisions protected by restrictive covenants for the benefit of the City, proposed uses, and maintenance provisions as necessary to ensure the continuation of the private open space uses intended. The city may also require that the developer commit in the development agreement to maintain the open space.

### **Residential Cluster**

(3) Setbacks

Setbacks for attached, detached and accessory buildings in a Residential Cluster

| Building              | Front                         | Interior<br>Side | Street<br>Side | Rear   |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------|
| Detached              | 15' min                       | 5' min           | 15' min        | 8' min |
| Attached              | 10' min                       | 0' min           | 15' min        | 8' min |
| Detached<br>Accessory | Behind<br>primary<br>building | 5' min           | 15' min        | 8' min |

(4) Outbuildings relating to agricultural use are allowed to remain and, if included, shall be applied toward the total allowed residential density in the development.

(5) Dwelling Units. The maximum number of dwellings are indicated in the following table.

#### **Units per Acres in a Residential Cluster**

| Zone<br>District | Max.<br>Dweiling Units | Acres |
|------------------|------------------------|-------|
| UE               | 2                      | 1     |
| RUL              | 1                      | 10    |
| RF               | 1                      | 1     |

(D) The design of the cluster development shall be appropriate for the site, as demonstrated by meeting all of the following criteria:

(1) The preservation of significant natural resources, wildlife habitat, natural areas and features such as drainage swales, rock outcroppings and slopes, native vegetation, open lands or agricultural property through maintenance of large, contiguous blocks of land and other techniques. Residual land shall be designed to achieve the maximum amount of contiguous open space possible, while avoiding the creation of small, isolated and unusable areas.

(2) The provision of additional amenities such as trails, common areas or access to public recreational areas and open space. Residual lands shall not include any street rights-of-way or parking areas.

(3) The protection of adjacent residential development through landscaping, screening, fencing, buffering or similar measures.

(4) The layout of lots to conform to terrain and minimize grading and filling, including the preservation of natural features such as drainage swales, rock outcroppings and slopes.

(5) The indication of any areas where Farm Animals will be allowed, including any mitigation features needed to buffer these areas from surrounding uses.