

Utilities electric · stormwater · wastewater · water 700 Wood Street PO Box 580 Fort Collins, CO 80522

970.221.6700 970.221.6619 – fax 970.224.6003 – TDD *utilities* @fcgov.com fcgov.com/utilities

R-TRAC Meeting # 1 Topic: TRAC Process and NGBS Overview Wednesday April 28, 2010, 3 – 5:30 pm

PARTICIPANTS Utilities Green Building Team

Amanda Sutton – Green Building Program Coordinator Doug Swartz - Green Building Program Manager Felix Lee – Green Building Code Manager Gary Schroeder – Energy Engineer – Commercial GB Code Review John Phelan – Energy Services Manager

Facilitator

Susanne Durkin-Schindler

Consultant

The Brendle Group John Butler Julie Sieving

R-TRAC Members

Company	Representative
Armstead Construction	Jeff Schneider
Aspen Construction	Gil Paben
Aspen Homes of Colorado	Rob Sabin
Energy Logic	Peter Oberhammer
Fort Collins Board of Realtors	Michelle Jacobs
Habitat for Humanity	Bob Hand
Highcraft Builders	Gordon Winner
Institute for the Built Environment	Laura Barrett
J&J Construction of Northern	
Colorado	Larry Buckendorf
Larkspur Homes, LLC	Michael Bello
National Center for Craftsmanship	Nick Benson

Sovick Design Builders	Dennis Sovick
The Green Team Real Estate	Lara Williams
The Group Real Estate	James Mitchell
Vaught-Frye-Ripley Design	Linda Ripley
Vignette Studio	Terence Hoaglund
Jurisdiction	Demus contesting
Julisalction	Representative
City of Boulder	Jim Gery
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City of Boulder	Jim Gery
City of Boulder Larimer County	Jim Gery Tom Garton

Key Points:

Presentations located in Appendix A

Goals, Process and Roles – Doug Swartz

The green building code is part of a larger process. We will be accepting input from the team to put this code together. We will also be brining in additional City staff, facilitator, and consultants to provide additional assistance. Community outreach is also a component.

TRACS – Focus on the code but will also help provide input on the other elements of the GBP. Not here to represent an organization but bring your technical expertise to the process.

Process: Staff will be working with TRACs to develop an initial draft of the GB code by fall 2010. Will get public comment and then come back to put together a final draft that will go to council in early 2011.

Susanne Durkin-Schindler will be the facilitator for this process.

Meeting Ground Rules:

TRAC participation expectations

- 1. Arrive on time
- 2. Minimize interruptions by turning off your cell phones, pagers, etc.
- 3. Raise your hand before speaking
- 4. Respect groups time and meeting time table
- 5. Listen as allies
- 6. Treat all participants with respect ideas may be challenged-not the speaker
- 7. Notify a staff person if you are going to be absent do your homework and let us know if you have any comments.

NGBS Overview & Chapters 1-3 – Felix Lee

NGBS (*National Green Building Standard*[™]) is a green building code that builds on existing basic health and safety and energy codes.

The NGBS is strictly residential – covers new construction, site, subdivisions and renovation. The standard was intentionally designed to be adaptable, adoptable, and verifiable.

We have not decided how the code will be verified – there are several options for inspection and verification that we will explore throughout the TRAC process. The NGBS states that the City, ". . .shall provide a verification process to ensure compliance with the" NGBS.

The financial impacts of adopting the new code are going to be considered carefully. That is one of the things that we are going to have to bring to council as part of their decision process. There is a concern that the cost of verification and implementation may be too substantial if you have to pay a third party to do the testing. So far, it is the intention of Staff that the City would do the verification in-house. The City of Longmont adopted the NGBS and they have been able to do all of the inspection and verification in house. Currently, Longmont has 6 people in-house working on inspection and enforcement.

The Brendle Group is going to be providing the Cost and Benefits analysis to this process as a whole. So we can bring that information to council and the community.

The NGBS also has a Renovation and Addition path. If a building was built prior to 1980 it gets special treatment. The code considers only water and electric conservation in that case. If the home was built in 1980 or later it (any new renovation work from adoption date of NGBS) must be completely up to code (NGBS). If the renovation is less than 75% of the conditioned floor area it is allowed to go the renovation or addition path. If the renovation is at or over 75%, will count as new construction for the entire building.

In order to reduce confusion, the City needs to be specific about the year that builders will reference for code compliance.

- Is the year of the home built according to the assessor's office the year that we would reference the code?
- Where do builders go to find the true age of the home for compliance purposes?

As of now, the builder and City would look in the City Records for when the building permit was issued (must on or before Dec. 31, 1979 per NGBS Sec. 305.5.2 to use the "Green Remodel Path—Sec. 305.5".

Some of the specifics of the enforcement are arbitrary right now – need to make it very clear as to what is required for each path to take. Need to make a clear definition and explanation for the date chosen.

City of Longmont - Adopted NGBS Standard

Longmont decided to adopt the NGBS but excluded the Site Chapter. The Chapter 4 points are awarded to every project. Their threshold for enforcement is the Bronze level. It is mandatory for all new construction to meet the Bronze level. If you are using the scoring tool, you can't do too many amendments to it because the scoring tool becomes useless.

Inspection of the buildings takes slightly longer than it did before they adopted the code. After additional training, education, and experience the time decreases. Longmont developed a checklist for inspectors to help them stay on track.

In order to ensure compliance and enforcement the adopting entity needs to take the guess work out of the process and make it as easy as possible to follow. Clear expectations make it easier for the builder and customer to meet code.

It is important to note that the City may not use the scoring tool option for this code. The TRAC is going to help us decide what format is the most logical for the code for the Fort Collins community.

Code Review and Development Process - Doug Swartz

Currently the NGBS is a template for the Fort Collins code development process, it is not going to be as simple as just adopting the NGBS as is. We need to go through a process to make sure that the template turns into something that is a good fit for the Fort Collins community.

What is a good code?

- Requirements support intent
- Unambiguous language (applicants, enforcers)
- Supporting materials clearly convey intent, what meets code and what doesn't
- Effective verification mechanisms
- No unintended consequences

- No conflicts with other regulations
- Straightforward to navigate: paper and field

This code would also be consistently enforced.

We may not be able to achieve the "ideal" code – but it is something to shoot for.

If you look at points vs. making a level it will be more difficult to determine a baseline which may make things more difficult for plan reviewers and inspectors.

For Longmont, the bronze level will help raise the bar in areas like IEQ, owner education and resources and materials. However, it may not raise the bar as far as energy is concerned. Depends on the type of code you adopt.

NGBS in Perspective – Julie Sieving

The Brendle group was hired to assist the green building team with providing a comparison of existing green building standards to the NGBS and IgCC. They will also be providing green building cost and benefit data to the team and providing data on a benchmark pilot project. The Benchmark project will help City staff and the TRAC teams to better understand where a real life project in Fort Collins would rank in the proposed standard (challenges, costs, performance, etc.). This process will help us determine potential barriers to green building code in Fort Collins. They will be completing a benchmark for both the residential and commercial sectors.

The standards comparison will help City staff and Council answer some key questions about the green building code including:

- How does the proposed GB code compare with other, more familiar standards?
 - Does it cover more or less ground?
 - How far does it push in each GB category?
 - Where is the balance between mandatory and optional measures?
- What good ideas can we borrow from other standards?
 - Is the code template missing any key pieces?
 - Do other standards have better ways of addressing particular items?
- Comparing with other standards may suggest logical breakpoints between code and voluntary / incentive-based approaches.

The Brendle Group has developed a tool to help them perform a comparison of green building standards. They need feedback from the committee in order to help them focus their efforts.

Task 1 – Standards Comparison Feedback

This is an evolving process – The Brendle Group wants your feedback on the <u>structure of the tool</u> in general.

- 1. Does the comparison structure make sense?
- 2. Have we included the key points of comparison?

Task 2: Benchmark Project Pilot.

The Brendle Group is asking committee members to brainstorm ideas for a building to benchmark.

Ideal Criteria for a Project:

- Built home
- Detached single family home
- Built using today's mainstream construction practices
- NEED DATA!!!
- Drawings, specs, materials, costs (line items and upgrades), community and infrastructure information (development density), access to the utility data (average or specific),

The Brendle Group requested input from the TRAC members on potential projects that would meet all of these criteria for the benchmarking. Feedback accepted no later than May 7th.

Homework:

Review Chapters 4 and 5 in the NGBS.

NEXT MEETING

- May 12th R-TRAC Meeting #2: 3-5:30 p.m. City of Fort Collins Streets Facility
- May 17th Cost and Benefits Meeting with The Brendle Group: 3-5:00 p.m. City of Fort Collins Utilities – Training Room 700 Wood St.

Questions for Staff Follow up:

- 1. Council meeting did council say that they wanted to add another section???
- 2. How many new houses can be built in Fort Collins GMA??? Will this code then be more focused on infill renovation?
- 3. Can the Developer impact the points/level that the builder can reach?

Appendix A Staff Presentations





Green Building Program Goal

The goal of an ongoing Green Building Program is to increasingly align Fort Collins' built environment with community goals of reduced carbon emissions, reduced energy use and reduced water use.



Other Green Building Benefits

• Buildings that

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- Work better
- Cost less to operate and maintain
- Have higher future value
- Less vulnerability to energy supply disruptions
- Increased use of local materials
- Fort Collins' reputation as hub for energy efficiency + clean energy



Fort Collins





















































Chaps 5 - 10							
NGBS Categories	Performance Level Points						
	Bronze	Silver	Gold	Emerald			
Lot Design, Prep, Develop	39	66	93	119			
Resource Efficiency	45	79	113	146			
Energy Efficiency	30	60	100	120			
Water Efficiency	14	26	41	60			
IEQ	36	65	100	140			
O+M, Owner Education	8	10	11	12			
Additional Pts - any category	50	100	100	100			
Total Points:	222	406	558	697			























Options for Adaptation

- Which GB Categories are included?
- How far in each category? (How high is the bar?)

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