



Acknowledgements

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Fort Collins Economic Health Strategic Plan

What is Economic Health?

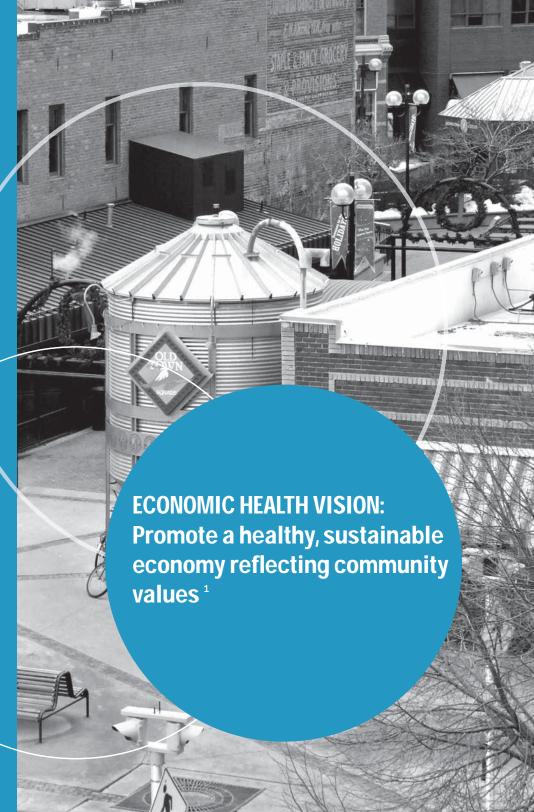
The City of Fort Collins intentionally uses the terms "Economic Health" to describe the community's engagement with the economy. The meaning of health (see definition from dictionary.com below) refers to a "general condition of...soundness" and "vitality." The City uses the word "health" versus "development" when discussing economic activities because the objective is overall soundness and long-term vitality versus short-term or individualized gain. In addition, the triple bottom line focus further reinforces the commitment to a more holistic view of the economy's role in our community.

Health [helth]; noun

From the Old English word hælp meaning "wholeness, a being whole, sound or well"

- 1. The general condition of the body or mind with reference to soundness and vigor.
- 2. Soundness of body or mind; freedom from disease or ailment
- 3. A polite or complimentary wish for a person's health, happiness, etc., especially as a toast
- 4. Vigor; vitality

Therefore, the objective of Economic Health is a sustainable economy. A sustainable economy means that residents can find employment and afford to live in the community; that businesses are able and encouraged to start, remain, and expand in the community; and that everyone can expect quality City services and sustainable, attractive infrastructure.



Why a Revisit?

In 2011 and 2012 the Economic Health Office (EHO) led a process to update the community's strategic plan related to economic health. The update followed the City Plan update process completed in early 2011. It was the intent for the update to move beyond the previous 2005 Economic Health Action Plan by developing guiding principles and strategic goals to guide future economic health activities.

In 2012, the Economic Health Office joined the Sustainability Service Area (SSA), shortly before the previous version of the Economic Health Strategic Plan (EHSP) was adopted in June of 2012. Now there is a need to align the EHSP with SSA division objectives. Enhancing community resiliency is a key part of this alignment. Finally, the revised plan needs to align with the City's recently adopted Strategic Plan.

In addition, alignment between the three departments of the SSA division will be enhanced by outlining specific goals and strategies that describe the triple bottom line. This revisit attempts to describe the overlap between the three individual departments. These goals and strategies are intended to enhance the partnering opportunities between the departments and aid in describing collective objectives.

Finally, the revisit is intended to consider several emerging challenges facing the City of Fort Collins economy. These challenges include:

- · Workforce demographic shifts;
- Pace of innovation or disruptive technologies;
- ·Climate change; and
- Community build-out.

While many of these challenges are not unique to Fort Collins, they will have unique implications. This update attempts to address these issues through revisions and changes to the previously adopted guiding principles and strategic goals.

It is not the intent of this update to re-write or negate the existing adopted EHSP, but rather to enhance the previous version for the reasons stated above. Furthermore, this plan focuses on the City's contribution to the economic health of the community and is meant to be specific to the Economic Health Office's and internal partners' work plan for the next three years.

Plan Structure

- The plan is laid out in themes. Each theme includes relevant challenges, a vision for the future, the role of the City, and numerous goals. The goals include specific strategies, a desired outcome, and metrics to evaluate success. Finally, the Economic Health Office has three primary functions related to achieving the goals in each theme, including:
- Lead—Economic Health Office has the lead role in implementing the goal (this could include facilitation, coordination, funding, convening).
- Partner—Economic Health Office will partner with other City departments and/or local partners to implement the goal (this could include advocating and consulting).
- Collaborate—Economic Health Office will consult with other City departments and/or local partners to implement the goal (this could include advocating and collaborating).

Additional Work Completed

The EHO has completed two major pieces of additional analysis since the Economic Health Strategic Plan was approved in 2012. Each of these documents has been used in developing this update.

- Cluster Strategy 2.0 An update to the Targeted Industry Cluster program completed by TIP Strategies in 2013. The study proposed several adjustments to the cluster program, including the introduction of a competitive funding program for distributing cluster dollars.
- Larimer County Labor Force Study The study, completed by TIP Strategies, does a deep dive on the existing and anticipated labor force in Larimer County, including information on commute patterns, skills gap, and available jobs.

¹ Taken from the City of Fort Collins Strategic Plan, 2014





Community Prosperity

Supporting a sustainable economy means enhancing the opportunities for all residents to participate in the local economy. The City creates an atmosphere where businesses that align with community values thrive and focuses on retaining, expanding, incubating and, lastly, attracting new businesses. These efforts focus on Targeted Industry Clusters (clean energy, water innovation, bioscience, technology - chip design/enterprise software, local food) and Sectors (advanced manufacturing, energy, healthcare, and creative industries).

In addition, the City supports businesses that exemplify the overall character of the community. Finally, enabling systems that ensure a skilled workforce that meets the needs of local employers through partnerships with other local economic development organizations and educational institutions is important.

The economic development profession has long been focused primary jobs, typically defined as jobs which produce goods in services in excess of what can be consumed in the local marketplace. This ¬-definition has traditionally led practitioners to direct resources toward a relatively narrow range of industries such as manufacturing, company headquarters, wholesale trade, and technology. The assumptions behind this emphasis are generally sound. These jobs have historically generated higher wages and the manufacturing sector frequently has extensive supplier relationships that other sectors do not. In addition, export-driven industries, by definition, inject new money into the economy.

This limited view of primary jobs should be revisited with the recognition that a host of support sectors provide essential services that enable the primary jobs sectors to operate successfully in the region. They are services that the primary sectors would have to "import" into the region if they were not present locally. They also generate a great deal of wealth in a community and provide essential services to residents in the region as well (See the Appendix for additional information).

Image Reference – Odell Brewing Company's new 100- barrel brew house,; completed in 2013. The brewery originally opened in 1989 and expanded to the new site in 1994. The latest expansion included additional cellar space, bringing fermentation capacity to 4,800 barrels.

Challenges

- · Rising income disparity
- · Skills mismatch
- · Barrier to new business formation
- Barriers/access to employment
- Persistent underemployment
- ·Shift in manufacturing jobs/public perception
- · Increase in outbound commuters
- · Shift in labor force demographics (Boomers/Millennials)
- · Rising cost of education
- Stagnant incomes
- · Lag between education and employers
- · Rising student debt
- · Disproportionate unemployment by education level
- Housing affordability concerns

Our Vision

Employment opportunities exist across the income and education/skill spectrums

Our Role

- Ensure that City policies, land use regulations, and other activities preserve and encourage employment activity
- Foster alignment of Economic Health goals and strategies in the City organization, with strategic partners, and in the community
- Support workforce development and community amenity initiatives that meet the needs of Fort Collins employers
- Catalyze industry sectors and clusters to increase economic diversification
- Prioritize capital investment to facilitate development of employment lands

<u>Community Prosperity</u>

GOALS

JTCOMES:

STRATEGIES:

A.1

CLOSE THE SKILLS GAP AND INCREASE CAREER PATHWAYS IN THE COMMUNITY

A.2

EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR A GREATER NUMBER OF RESIDENTS

A.3

PROVIDE RESOURCES THAT ENHANCE THE ABILITY OF BUSINESS TO SUCCEED IN THE CITY

Create alignment between employers, the Workforce Center, and educational institutions regarding future workforce needs

- Develop and admininster annually an Employer Satisfaction Survey
- Continue to develop the Advanced Manufacturing, Healthcare, Energy, and Creative Industry sectors in collaboration with the State's Office of Economic Development and International Trade (OEDIT)
- Support private industry identification of short- and long-term skills needed in the workforce to assist educational institutions in curriculum development

Diversify employment opportunities through business retention, expansion, incubation, and attraction

- Continue to convene and invest in targeted clusters/sectors and their supply chain
- Refine and enhance City's direct assistance tools - target a wide range of businesses with an emphasis on base jobs
- Enhance the Manufacturing Use Tax Rebate program to reduce cost of business investment
- 4. Understand supply chain gaps and complementary business/industry to our economy
- 5. Develop a targeted marketing plan to "tell our story" beyond the region
- 6. Participate in cross-functional teams to ensure policies, land use regulations, capital investment, and other activities support employment activity

Identify and coordinate resources that support businesses in the City

- Engage businesses through a variety of methods (e.g., site visits, surveys, small industry stakeholder meetings, events) to understand needs – linked to the "Voice of Customer" activity described in A.1
- Assign EHO Staff to liaison with Workforce Center, Larimer County Small Business Development Center (SBDC), Front Range Community College, Colorado State University (CSU), Rocky Mountain Innosphere (Innosphere), and others regarding support services for businesses
- Maintain relationships with top/growing employers with an emphasis on Targeted Industry Clusters and Sectors
- Continue support of incubation facilities and services, including Rocky Mountain Innosphere, Galvanize, and others.

METRICS:

- Number of Graduates with degrees/certificates placed in the local workforce
- · Labor participation rate
- Employer Satisfaction Survey Access to work-ready employees locally
- Concentration of targeted industries and sectors measured by the location quotient
- Unemployment rate compared to County and State
- Workforce distribution within the labor shed (e.g., outbound commuters as a percentage of labor
- New business formation by industry/sector

- Layoffs and business relocations/reductions
- Private investment in new manufacturing equipment (as measured by use tax receipts)
- Output per capita (measure of productivity) in Target Industries and Sectors



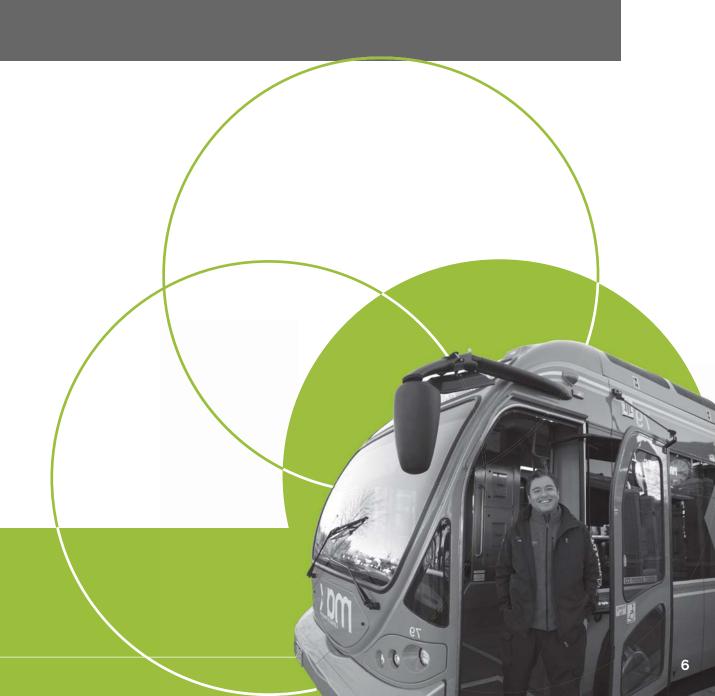
A.4

INCREASE THE NUMBER OF WORK-READY EMPLOYEES

Develop career pathways across educational attainment levels

- 1. Expand access to training programs, including short-term skill building programs to build career pathways that allow individuals to secure a job or advance in high-demand industry and occupations
- 2. Identify additional funding sources to support onthe-job training for new and existing workers
- 3. Support workplace education and training opportunities

- Use of training grants and opportunities
- Employer Satisfaction Survey Access to work-ready employees locally
- · Labor participation rate
- Per capita income



S Community Prosperity

Alignment to the City of Fort Collins Strategic Plan





ECONOMY

ENVIRONMENT

SOCIAL

Integration of the Triple Bottom Line

- Enhancing the available local workforce by understanding the skills gap and enhancing training opportunities supports the success of local employers.
- Enhancing the availability of on-the-jobtraining, educational opportunities and the diversity of jobs improves personal incomes.
- Support of current primary employers through retention and expansion efforts increases opportunities in the local economy.
- Encouraging the formation and expansion of local support sector employers reduces the need to import these goods and services from outside the community.

- Additional businesses and people require additional resources and impact land, water, air, energy, and transportation.
- These impacts can be mitigated by helping businesses reduce resource needs, reuse existing resources, and improving their carbon footprint.
- The availability of additional jobs especially across the entire income and educational spectrums can reduce commuting patterns.



- People need a level of economic stability in order to meet their basic human needs access to increased job opportunities create greater economic stability.
- On-the-job training provides opportunities for transferable skills and certifications to move community members through the economy.
- Reduction in commute times allows community members to spend more time with their families and have healthier lifestyles.
- Encouraging jobs along the income and educational spectrum addresses inequity in the community where there are currently a lack of jobs at a point along the spectrum.





Grow Our Own

Fort Collins has numerous sources of innovation, intellectual property and inventions within its city limits, including Colorado State University (CSU), federal research labs and a long list of innovative companies. As a result, the city has one of the highest rates of innovation in the United States, producing 10 patents per 10,000 residents annually. This fact, coupled with the recognition that entrepreneurship can be a powerful engine of economic prosperity, has led the City to identify innovation as a cornerstone of the Fort Collins economy. This theme focuses on nurturing entrepreneurship and innovation across the spectrum of companies – small to large, and existing to start-up.

Challenges

- · Lack of capital
- · Disjointed/misaligned resources
- Barriers to new business forming from within existing businesses ("spinout")
- Barriers to new business formation
- · Challenges to retaining start-up and 2nd stage businesses
- Infrastructure deficiencies
- Lack of critical mass in certain target industry clusters
- Failure to convert intellectual property (patents) into new businesses
- Lack of suitable and affordable sites to accommodate high-growth companies

Our Vision

Our economic ecosystem fosters the development of new and creative industry

Our Role

- Ensure alignment of resources such as reliable, ultra-high speed internet services across the community to incubate new businesses and support entrepreneurs
- Identify barriers to spin-out, new business formation, and conversion of intellectual property to economic activity and develop new approaches to address the identified barriers
- Work with business community to ensure an adequate supply of employment land (office and industrial) to meet the need of new business formation and expansion

GOALS

NITCOMFS.

STRATEGIES: 01

INCREASE ECONOMIC ACTIVITY
THROUGH INNOVATION AND
ENTREPRENEURISM

B.2

INCREASE THE NUMBER OF NEW START-UPS AND ENTREPRENEURS

B.3

INVEST IN ENHANCEMENTS TO ENTREPRENEURISM AND INNOVATION INFRASTRUCTURE

Remove barriers and provide support to spin-out, new business formation, and conversion of intellectual property to economic activity

- Leverage cluster funding to address barriers within specific industries (e.g., talent development, market expansion, etc.)
- Continue to develop the Advanced Manufacturing, Healthcare, Energy, and Creative Industry sectors in collaboration with the State's Office of Economic Development and International Trade (OEDIT)
- Inventory existing resources, understand barriers and gaps, and ensure alignment of resources across local and regional organizations to address barriers and gaps
- Convene partners that provide support services to entrepreneurs regularly (i.e., quarterly or semiannually), including Innosphere, Galvanize, SBDC, CSU, Blue Ocean, SpokesBuzz
- 5. Ensure City's policies and regulations support and encourage business formation
- Connect with state partners (US Patent Office, OEDIT, etc.) and leverage other funding sources

Retain, develop, and recruit entrepreneurs and cutting-edge companies

- Sponsor and support programs/events that promote entrepreneurs (e.g., Blue Ocean Challenge)
- Continue to develop the Advanced Manufacturing, Healthcare, Energy, and Creative Industry sectors in collaboration with the State's Office of Economic Development and International Trade (OEDIT)
- 3. Create a program or issue challenge that would help the City meet its goals or address its challenges through innovative solutions
- Leverage funding to target new business formation by underserved populations (e.g., veterans, individuals with disabilities, minorities and women)
- 5. Complete a land readiness analysis of existing office and industrial vacant land to understand the supply of employment land and barriers to development – specifically targeting opportunities for companies graduating from local/regional accelerators and incubators

Develop and support infrastructure that encourages entrepreneurism and innovation

- Promote the development of reliable, ultra-high speed internet services throughout the community

 emphasize the importance of broadband equity
- Sponsor, Support, and Promote incubation facilities and services, including Rocky Mountain Innosphere, Galvanize, CSU Power House, CSU Research Innovation Center and others
- 3. Evaluate the benefits of creating an innovation district with the goal of strengthening entrepreneurial activities in the community
- 4. Partner in the development of a Creative District, as defined by the State of Colorado, to support the promotion of arts and culture activities that attract entrepreneurs and an educated workforce Led by Community Services staff
- Leverage the City's role as a large consumer and "market maker" to foster innovation and support innovative companies and entrepreneurs
- Sponsor and promote creative spaces (e.g., Carnegie Building, Southeast Creative Community Center)

ETRICS:

- New business formation by industry/sector
- Total number of annual patents and patents per 10,000 residents
- Number of patents produced by Innosphere and CSU based companies
- Research Spending CSU, Research Labs, private sector (if available)
- Concentration of targeted industries and sectors measured by the location quotient
- New business formation by industry/sector
- Output per capita (measure of productivity) in Target Industries and Sectors
- New business formation by industry/sector
- Businesses supported by partners (e.g., Innosphere, Galvanize, SBDC, Powerhouse)
- Jobs created, capital raised, sales increased by supported businesses
- Dollars of public investment in infrastructure

B.4

INCREASE CAPITAL TO SUPPORT START-UP COMPANIES AND ENTREPRENEURS

Support the development of new and enhanced capital access tools for entrepreneurs and cutting-edge companies

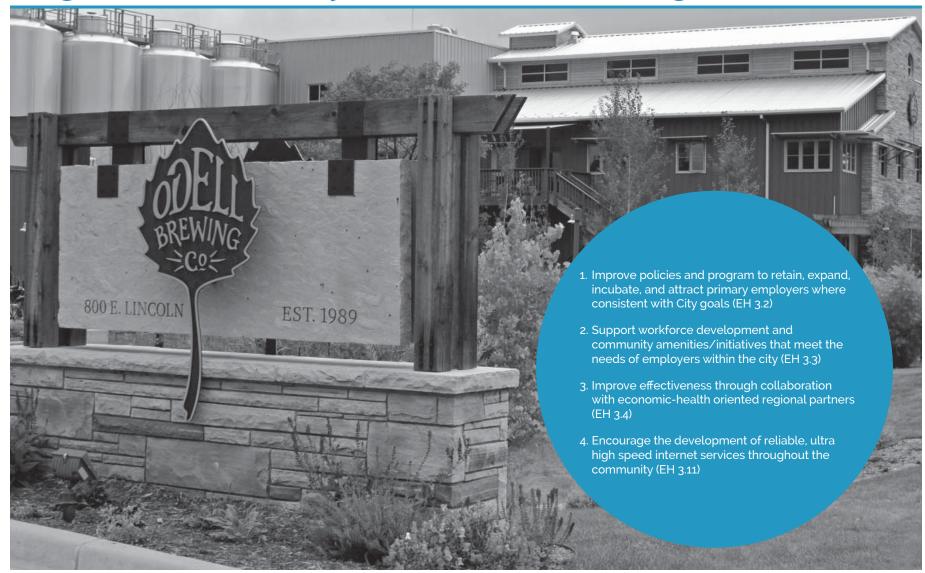
- Support partners (e.g., Innosphere and CSU Ventures) working to provide new or enhanced capital sources evaluate the City's role in capital access
- Leverage the City's role as a large consumer and market maker to foster innovation and support innovative companies / entrepreneurs
- Evaluate/develop/implement the use of federal Housing and Urban Development's Section 108 funds to support business lending (revolving loan/ micro finance)
- 4. Consider the use of federal Community
 Development Block Grant (CDBG) funding to
 develop a revolving loan/micro finance program

- Funds available in capital access tools and percent placed with companies
- Funds raised by start-up companies





Alignment to the City of Fort Collins Strategic Plan



ECONOMY

ENVIRONMENT

SOCIAL

Integration of the Triple Bottom Line

- Encouraging entrepreneurship and innovation leads to additional business formation from within the community.
- New businesses provide new employment opportunities.
- New products and services can provide local benefit (especially if focused on community goals) and bring new income to the community when they are exported beyond our borders.
- Support of local Targeted Industry Clusters (clean energy, water innovation, bioscience, technology – chip design/enterprise software and local foods) enhance opportunities for new discoveries in climate adaption and preservation opportunities.
- The Internet of Things provides opportunity for disruptive technologies and solutions.



- •By supporting innovation new opportunities are created for local residents to gain employment or start their own business leading to greater economic stability.
- Start-up and small business create a large number of new jobs many of which exist across a broad range of the income and educational spectrum, which can address inequity in the community where there is currently a lack of jobs at a point along the spectrum.





Place Matters

Rather than "deal making," the City's approach to Economic Health is one of "place making" that is a decision-making approach intended to preserve and enhance a vibrant community by optimizing its economy, environment and social values. Achieving this outcome requires balancing the built and natural environment while delivering high quality and comprehensive infrastructure that preserves the City's sense of place. This theme focuses on the role that place plays in a sustainable economy.

Challenges

- Cost of redevelopment
- · Land supply constraints
- · Infrastructure deficiencies
- · Adapting to future population growth
- Rising material and labor costs
- · Rising land costs
- Aging building inventory
- · Lack of available high quality office and industrial properties

Our Vision

A balanced built and natural environment

Our Role

- Ensure the infrastructure provided by the City is high-quality and supports business
- Support infill and redevelopment to meet climate action strategies and other community goals
- Preserve the City's sense of place by encouraging strategic public and private investment
- Help businesses navigate City processes (e.g., development review, licensing, etc.)

Image Reference - Downtown Fort Collins ("Old Town") is the vibrant heart and soul of the community. Downtown is anchored by a historic retail and entertainment district, an area of unique and vital businesses located along selected blocks of College Avenue, Old Town Square and the immediate vicinity.

OUTCOMES

STRATEGIES:

MAINTAIN CLEAR, PREDICTABLE AND TRANSPARENT PROCESSES

LEVERAGE INFILL AND REDEVELOPMENT THAT MEETS MULTIPLE COMMUNITY OBJECTIVES

BALANCE LAND USES THAT SUPPORT A HEALTHY ECONOMY

Facilitate collaboration among City departments

- 1. Participate in cross-functional teams to ensure policies, land use regulations, capital investment, and other activities support employment activity
- 2. Work with representatives of the local business and development community to gather input on the development review process and share findings with other City departments
- 3. Assign EHO Staff to act as liaisons with Planning Services

Leverage private investment in targeted infill and redevelopment areas

- 1. Maintain and enhance relationships with land owners and the development community to meet City objectives
- 2. Utilize a newly developed process for forming urban renewal areas and tax increment financing districts that goes beyond the State requirements
- 3. Improve and maintain the Fort Collins Urban Renewal Authority's relationship with underlying taxing entities, including Larimer County, Poudre School District, and others
- 4. Utilize the Fort Collins Urban Renewal Authority, special financing districts, and other mechanisms to encourage implementation of the City's vision for each targeted redevelopment area, including infrastructure improvements and quality redevelopment projects

Maintain a mix of land uses that supports the retention and expansion of businesses while encouraging a broad mix of residential housing options

- 1. Utilize a newly developed process for forming urban renewal areas and tax increment financing districts that goes beyond the State requirements - prioritize redevelopment projects that include a mix of compatible land uses
- 2. Participate in cross-functional teams to ensure policies, land use regulations, capital investment, and other activities support the desired development pattern as defined in City Plan
- 3. Complete a land readiness analysis of existing office and industrial vacant land to understand the supply of employment land and barriers to development - emphasize the use of redevelopment and infill to meet future needs

Response time to business inquiries and issues

· Ratio of public to private investment in partnerships

- Jobs to housing ratio
- Average home price and average rent rate
- · Vacancy rates office, industrial, retail, and apartments



METRICS:

C.4

INVEST IN PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE UPGRADES THAT SUPPORT BUSINESS

C.5

ENCOURAGE A CULTURE AND ECONOMY UNIQUE TO FORT COLLINS AND CONSISTENT WITH COMMUNITY VALUES

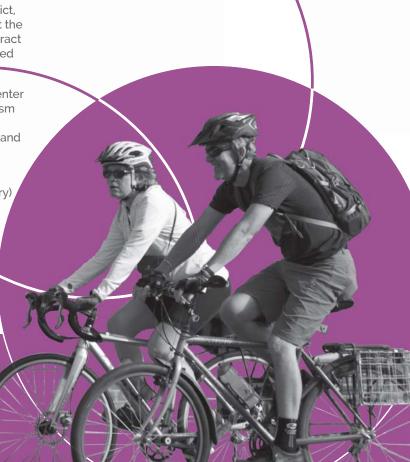
Encourage the development of vibrant business districts, commercial nodes and commercial corridors through strategic public infrastructure investment

- Utilize a newly developed process for forming urban renewal areas and tax increment financing districts that goes beyond the State requirements

 encourage catalyst projects that inspire private sector response in these key targeted areas
- Participate in comprehensive planning, subarea planning, and capital projects planning and prioritization to ensure plans address identified infrastructure deficiencies
- 3. Partner in the development of a Creative District, as defined by the State of Colorado, to support the promotion of arts and culture activities that attract entrepreneurs and an educated workforce Led by Community Services staff
- Encourage the design and construction of aesthetically pleasing entryways into the community
- 5. Encourage the support and maintenance of the Fort Collins Loveland Airport as an amenity to the local economy and residents

- Preserve and enhance the features of Fort Collins that make it unique
- Participate in the evaluation and encouragement of urban agriculture
- Partner in the development of a Creative District, as defined by the State of Colorado, to support the promotion of arts and culture activities that attract entrepreneurs and an educated workforce – Led by Community Services staff
- 3. Reinforce Fort Collins' position as a regional center for entertainment, shopping, culture, and tourism (i.e., leverage the presence of the breweries in Fort Collins to grow the craft brewing industry and attract visitors)
- 4. Continue to support and enhance Fort Collins' outdoor recreation culture (e.g., cycling industry)

- Dollars of public investment in infrastructure
- Private sector investment in key redevelopment areas
- Visitation numbers to downtown and special events
- Citizen survey results





Alignment to the City of Fort Collins Strategic Plan



ECONOMY

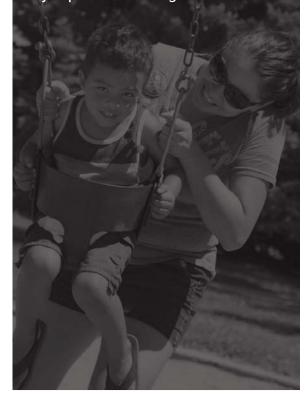
ENVIRONMENT

SOCIAL

Integration of the Triple Bottom Line

- Clear, predictable and transparent processes enable the community to obtain its objectives and reduce the time for business to clear regulatory hurdles.
- •Infill and redevelopment address infrastructure deficiencies that may negatively impact land values and the economy.
- Supporting the local craft beer industry and food producing economy has a cultural impact that attracts talent increasing the available workforce for local employers.
- Balancing land use ensures the preservation of vacant land for all uses including employment.

- Redevelopment can enable higher and better use of existing land maximizing the community's output without needing to consume additional raw land.
- •In addition, redevelopment replaces old structures with new buildings that meet a higher standard leading to energy and water efficiencies (i.e., the energy star requirement for Urban Renewal Authority projects).By focusing on balancing land uses, resources may be protected that might otherwise not.



- Targeted infill and redevelopment affects neighborhoods potentially in both positive and negative ways and provides opportunities to create new districts and neighborhoods.
- Enhancing the arts and culture sector through the evaluation of a Creative District in the Old Town supports the community's culture.
- Supporting the local craft beer industry and food producing economy has a cultural impact that attracts talent.
- •Infill and redevelopment tools (e.g., Tax Increment Financing) can be used to achieve affordable housing and climate action goals.





The Climate Economy

The reality of climate change has begun to be recognized by businesses across the nation. As a result, businesses are evaluating numerous conditions that may impact their ability to operate in the near- and long-term. These conditions present challenges that will require adaptation and opportunities to develop new technologies, approaches and expertise. Both adaptation and innovation will be key aspects of creating community resiliency in the face of this outside force. The focus of this theme is embracing the current changes and navigating future changes to create new economic opportunity.

Challenges

- · Changing environmental conditions
- · Rising utility costs
- · Rising commodity prices
- · Supply chain impacts (E.g., Fukushima & Toyota)
- Displacement
- Rising temperatures
- Costs of carbon footprint reduction
- · Impact of a carbon tax or similar regulation
- · Impacts on clean air and water quality

Our Vision

Businesses adapt to climate change by staying in our community and leverage community carbon reduction goals to develop new products and services

Our Role

- Develop and attract expertise to the community that addresses impacts to the business community from climate change and carbon reduction
- Aid businesses in leveraging the challenges of climate change and carbon reduction into economic opportunities
- Ensure that the business community is a full partner in identifying roles and challenges created by climate change, particularly with regard to utility, climate adaptation, and carbon reduction policies and regulations

Image Reference – Fort Collins Utilities in 2013 launched what was then Colorado's first Level 3/DC quick charge electric vehicle (EV) charging station at the Fort Collins Museum of Discovery. The station uses the newest advanced technology and can charge an EV in minutes—instead of hours.

STRATEGIES:

INCREASE THE UNDERSTANDING OF BARRIERS AND OPPORTUNITIES PRESENTED BY CLIMATE CHANGE IN THE BUSINESS COMMUNITY

ENGAGE THE BUSINESS COMMUNITY IN CARBON REDUCTION EFFORTSAFFORDABILITY GOALS, CLIMATE ACTION GOALS, ETC.)

INCREASE INNOVATION RELATED TO CARBON REDUCTION AND **WATER CONSERVATION AND QUALITY**

Aid businesses in understanding climate change impacts and carbon reduction opportunities

- 1. Support training by regional educational institutions (e.g., CSU, etc.), such as seminars, lectures and classes, that identify and address impacts to businesses from climate change
- 2. Participate and support the re-tooling of ClimateWise to encourage greater awareness and action by businesses
- 3. Collaborate with Utilities to refine incentives and rebates that encourage additional private investment in carbon reduction efforts
- 4. Work with the Front Range By-Products Synergy Network and other partnership/collaboration to encourage industrial symbiosis to further reduce and recycle industrial waste products

Collaborate with other City departments to increase business participation in carbon reduction

- 1. Assign EHO Staff to liaison with Utilities and Environmental Services - specifically ClimateWise and the Climate Action Plan
- 2. Articulate the business case for adapting to climate change and aid in communicating community carbon reduction goals to the business community
- 3. Participate in cross-functional teams to ensure policies, land use regulations, capital investment, and other activities that consider the role of and impact to business of City carbon reduction efforts
- 4. Work with the Front Range By-Products Synergy Network and other partnership/collaboration to encourage industrial symbiosis to further reduce and recycle industrial waste products
- 5. Develop and/or hire internal expertise on business-related climate adaptation and financing carbon reduction efforts

Aid businesses in leveraging community climate action goals to create new business innovations

- 1. Maintain partnerships with Fort Collins Zero Energy District (FortZED), Colorado Clean Energy Cluster (CCEC), Colorado Water Innovation Cluster (CWIC). and other local entities working on innovation related to energy and water
- 2. Enhance collaboration with CSU related to energy, water, waste, and other carbon reduction aspects
- 3. Promote and maintain Fort Collins Utility's position at the cutting edge of sustainable and innovation energy generation and water treatment as a model for other communities
- 4. Explore and promote business models that create (or extract) economic value from carbon reduction and climate adaptation activities

- Private investment in energy conservation and carbon reduction efforts
- Private investment in clean air and water quality infrastructure/ improvements
- Number of businesses participating in ClimateWise, other carbon reduction goals, and campaigns
- Private investment in energy conservation and carbon reduction efforts
- · Number of jobs created in new waste reduction and recycling services and infrastructure
- · Patent production (or other similar measure) of relevant innova-
- · Job formation in "green" industries/businesses
- · Public investment in renewal energy generation and water conservation and quality infrastructure

D.4

ENCOURAGE INFILL AND
REDEVELOPMENT THAT
MEETS MULTIPLE COMMUNITY
OBJECTIVES, SPECIFICALLY
CLIMATE ACTION GOALS

Support redevelopment and infill development to maintain and enhance a compact urban form while reducing environmental impacts

- Maintain and enhance relationships with land owners and the development community to meet City objectives
- 2. Utilize the Fort Collins Urban Renewal Authority, special financing districts, and other mechanisms to encourage implementation of the City's vision for each targeted redevelopment area, including infrastructure improvements and quality redevelopment projects

 ${\boldsymbol{\cdot}}$ Ratio of public to private investment



Alignment to the City of Fort Collins Strategic Plan



ECONOMY

ENVIRONMENT

SOCIAL

Integration of the Triple Bottom Line

- · Aiding businesses in responding to climate change impacts enhances their ability to be successful over the long-term.
- Encouraging businesses to invest in energy and water efficiency reduces their carbon footprint and on-going operational costs.
- Encouraging innovation to address climate change, water conservation, and other objectives can lead to new products and services which have large potential market opportunities.
- Exporting these new products and services and attract additional income to the community.

- By engaging the business community to invest in carbon reduction efforts the plan support the community's greenhouse gas emission goals.
- (clean energy, water innovation, bioscience, technology - chip design/enterprise software and local foods) the City enhances the opportunities for new discoveries in climate
- By support the targeted industry clusters adaption, carbon reduction, and preservation.
- By helping businesses prepare for disruptive events and long-term climate change the businesses become more sustainable.
- Sustainable businesses less likely to be disrupted by events and therefore less likely to reduce workforce adding to and individual's ability to meet their basic needs and overall community resiliency.





Think Regionally

Enhancing community resiliency has limitations when a single municipality acts alone. Collaboration with regional partners that crosses municipal boundaries creates greater community resiliency. A number of current conditions and challenges do not respect municipal boundaries, including housing affordability, climate adaptation, disaster response, tourism/visitation opportunities and impacts, and natural resource conservation. This theme focuses on leveraging collaboration and partnerships within our community and region to address these economic issues.

Challenges

- · Disparity in the share of economic benefits regionally
- Increased competition for economic activity
- · Increasing number of regional issues:
 - o Housing affordability
 - o Climate resiliency
 - o Disaster response
 - o Tourism/visitation Impacts
 - o Natural resource conservation (e.g. water, land, etc.)
 - o Transportation and transit

Our Vision

A region that partners to address economic issues which extend beyond municipal boundaries

Our Role

- Develop strong relationships with our counterparts in the region, including Larimer County
- · Support local leadership in engaging neighboring communities
- · Convener of economic recovery entities during natural disasters
- Support and develop regional sector initiatives
- · Identify and market supply chain opportunities for the region

Image Reference – MAX, a Bus Rapid Transit facility, opened in 2014 and provides high-frequency transit service along the north-south spine of the community. MAX represents a forward-looking view of Northern Colorado where transit provides access throughout the region.

Think Regionally

OUTCOMES

STRATEGIES:

ENHANCE COORDINATION ON REGIONAL ECONOMIC ISSUES

ENHANCE REGIONAL ASSETS THROUGH COLLABORATION

POSITION NORTHERN COLORADO AS AN INNOVATION

Strengthen systems for regional collaboration

- 1. Continue to develop the Advanced Manufacturing, Healthcare, Energy, and Creative Industry sectors within Region 2 - Larimer and Weld Counties - in collaboration with the State's Office of Economic Development and International Trade (OEDIT)
- 2. Collaborate with partners to have one voice on regional issues (e.g., housing affordability, climate resiliency, disaster response, tourism/visitation Impacts, natural resource conservation, and transportation and transit), with OEDIT and other state and federal partners
- 3. Discuss and address regional economic issues with partners and explore opportunities to align local policies with regional priorities and vice versa
- 4. Develop a plan to respond rapidly to disasters that affect the region by working with regional partners to develop a response that emphasizes rapid economic recovery and preventing disasters from having similar impacts

Work with regional partners to identify regional assets and develop strategies to maintain and enhance these assets

- 1. Work collaboratively with partners to identify regional assets and priority projects (e.g., Fort Collins-Loveland Airport, Interstate 25 widening, Rocky Mountain Innosphere, Rocky Mountain National Park) and develop collaborative approaches to maintain and enhance the assets
- 2. Participate in the development of economic health strategies by regional partners (e.g., Larimer County Economic Development Plan, re-tooling of Northern Colorado Economic Development Corporation)
- 3. Collaborate with regional partners to understand short-, mid-, and long-term trends impacting the region's economy

Market Northern Colorado as part of a **Rocky Mountain Innovation Corridor**

- 1. Identify and raise awareness of Northern Colorado's regional strengths within the state of Colorado and nationally
- 2. Collaborate with Northern Colorado education institutions (e.g., Colorado State University, Front Range Community College, Poudre School District,
- 3. Develop a regional economic story with consistent terminology, target industries, and strategy for Northern Colorado
- 4. Support broadband initiatives in Northern Colorado

- · Attendance and participation in meetings and planning by regional partners and stakeholders
- Economic impact of natural disasters
- Business interruption and delay due to disasters
- Business closures as a result of disasters

· Specific milestones and deliverables

- Number of contacts
- · Increase in website visits, corporate/site selector interest
- Distribution of regional marketing materials





Think Regionally

Alignment to the City of Fort Collins Strategic Plan



· A regional by-products synergy network

ECONOMY

ENVIRONMENT

SOCIAL

Integration of the Triple Bottom Line

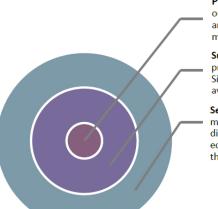
- The economy does not respect jurisdictional boundaries; working with regional partners increased the effectiveness of local efforts.
- Developing a regional story enhances the ability of individual communities to gain notice of outside funding sources, talent, and businesses.
- Maintaining and enhancing regional assets can support business needs and strengthen the local economy.
- enable the waste from one industry to be reused by another industry avoiding the need to consumer additional raw materials. · A regional strategy to address key issues will lead to greater efficacy of efforts (e.g., regional energy efficiency efforts reduce a greater amount of greenhouse gas emissions).
- Working with county-wide and regional partners strengthens collaboration and has the potential align vision and purpose.
- Enhance collaboration provides a foundation to address disruptive events (e.g., natural disasters, financial downturns, etc.).

APPENDIX

The economic development profession has long been focused primary jobs, typically defined as jobs which produce goods in services in excess of what can be consumed in the local marketplace. This definition has traditionally led practitioners to direct resources toward a relatively narrow range of industries such as manufacturing, company headquarters, wholesale trade, and technology. The assumptions behind this emphasis are generally sound. These jobs have historically generated higher wages and the manufacturing sector frequently has extensive supplier relationships that other sectors do not. In addition, export-driven industries, by definition, inject new money into the economy.

This limited view of primary jobs should be revisited with the recognition that a host of support sectors provide essential services that enable the primary jobs sectors to operate successfully in the region. They are services that the primary sectors would have to "import" into the region if they were not present locally. They also generate a great deal of wealth in a community and provide essential services to residents in the region as well.

The definition of each of the 3 categories of sectors is below:



Primary. Earn more than 50% of their sales outside of the region. A source of high-wage jobs and characterized by higher than average jobs multipliers.

Support. Provide essential services to either the primary sectors or the region's population. Significant contributors to GRP and pay higher than average wages.

Services. Characterized by low-wages and low multipliers. Likely to be dependent on discretionary income and more susceptible to economic downturn. Derive a smaller portion of their sales from exports.

To help quantify these categories, we looked at each sector's contributions to the regional economy. Specifically, the criteria we examined are listed below:

- Exports. What percentage of its total output (sales) is derived from exports?
- Gross regional product (GRP). What is the sector's share of GRP (i.e., sales to final users)?
- Earnings. How do the sector's earnings compare with the regional average for all industries?
- Jobs Multiplier. How does the industry's average jobs multiplier compare to that of other industries in the region?
- Earnings Multiplier. How does the industry's average earnings multiplier compare to that of other industries in the region?





SUMMARY OF CATEGORIES AND CRITERIA

NAICS Code	Description	Category	Jobs	Average Earnings	Exports as % of Sales	Share of GRP
55	Mgmt. of Companies and Enterprises	Primary	846	\$124,640	78%	1.2%
31-33	Manufacturing	Primary	13,190	\$84,868	90%	19.2%
42	Wholesale Trade	Primary	4,510	\$65,939	65%	5.1%
51	Information	Primary	3,403	\$51,501	68%	3.4%
53	Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	Support	12,903	\$31,267	55%	13.2%
52	Finance and Insurance	Support	9,826	\$49,030	64%	6.4%
54	Prof., Scientific, and Tech. Services	Support	17,081	\$57,873	69%	11.0%
48-49	Transportation and Warehousing	Support	3,192	\$42,811	64%	1.7%
23	Construction	Support	12,564	\$46,967	49%	7.2%
62	Health Care and Social Assistance	Support	15,978	\$46,471	37%	8.0%
56	Administrative & Waste Mgmt. Services	Support	11,798	\$32,388	51%	4.5%
44-45	Retail Trade	Service	21,406	\$27,440	42%	8.1%
71	Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	Service	5,206	\$19,176	57%	1.2%
61	Educational Services	Service	3,620	\$23,235	48%	0.9%
72	Accommodation and Food Services	Service	16,912	\$18,749	46%	4.3%
81	Other Services (except Public Admin.)	Service	9,568	\$23,415	39%	2.5%

Source: EMSI (2014.4 – QCEW Employees, Non-QCEW Employees, Self-Employed, and Proprietors, TIP Strategies

Notes: Analysis excludes Government, Utilities, Mining, and Agriculture sectors.

SUMMARY OF MULTIPLIERS BY INDUSTRY

NAICS		Jobs Multiplier			Earnings Multiplier			
Code	Description	Average	Min	Max	Average	Min	Max	
55	Mgmt. of Companies and Enterprises	1.83	1.53	2.14	1.32	1.32	1.32	
31-33	Manufacturing	1.66	1.09	4.85	1.41	1.22	3.46	
42	Wholesale Trade	1.77	1.20	2.65	1.49	1.47	1.50	
51	Information	1.83	1.18	2.88	1.59	1.33	2.41	
53	Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	1.75	1.28	2.95	1.81	1.62	1.89	
52	Finance and Insurance	1.64	1.12	2.72	1.44	1.19	1.82	
54	Prof., Scientific, and Tech. Services	1.43	1.07	2.18	1.32	1.24	1.39	
48-49	Transportation and Warehousing	1.39	1.11	2.07	1.35	1.31	1.47	
23	Construction	1.40	1.17	1.79	1.30	1.30	1.30	
62	Health Care and Social Assistance	1.36	1.13	2.12	1.29	1.20	1.82	
56	Administrative & Waste Mgmt. Services	1.40	1.08	2.26	1.34	1.22	1.58	
44-45	Retail Trade	1.32	1.11	1.69	1.42	1.36	1.46	
71	Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	1.34	1.08	1.90	1.49	1.26	1.84	
61	Educational Services	1.23	1.07	1.43	1.30	1.24	1.32	
72	Accommodation and Food Services	1.23	1.06	1.71	1.34	1.19	1.54	
81	Other Services (except Public Admin.)	1.24	1.03	1.53	1.29	1.16	1.55	

Source: EMSI (2014.4 – QCEW Employees, Non-QCEW Employees, Self-Employed, and Proprietors, TIP Strategies

Notes: Analysis excludes Government, Utilities, Mining, and Agriculture sectors.

